Package 'INDEED'

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Title Interactive Visualization of Integrated Differential Expression and Differential Network Analysis for Biomarker Candidate Selection Package

Version 2.20.0

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Description An R package for integrated differential expression and differential network analysis based on omic data for cancer biomarker discovery. Both correlation and partial correlation can be used to generate differential network to aid the traditional differential expression analysis to identify changes between biomolecules on both their expression and pairwise association levels. A detailed description of the methodology has been published in Methods journal (PMID: 27592383). An interactive visualization feature allows for the exploration and selection of candidate biomarkers.

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```
URL http://github.com/ressomlab/INDEED
```

BugReports http://github.com/ressomlab/INDEED/issues

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choose_rho	Draw error curve	

Description

This function draws error curve using cross-validation.

Usage

```
choose_rho(data, n_fold, rho)
```

Arguments

data This is a matrix.

n_fold This parameter specifies the n number in n-fold cross_validation.

rho This is the regularization parameter values to be evalueated in terms their errors.

Value

A list of errors and their corresponding log(rho).

compute_cor 3

Description

This function computes either the pearson or spearman correlation coefficient.

Usage

```
compute_cor(data_group_1, data_group_2, type_of_cor)
```

Arguments

data_group_1 This is a n*p matrix.

data_group_2 This is a n*p matrix.

type_of_cor If this is NULL, pearson correlation coefficient will be calculated as default. Otherwise, a character string "spearman" will calculate the spearman correlation coefficient.

Value

A list of correlation matrices for both group 1 and group 2.

compute_dns	Calculate the differential network score	

Description

This function calculates differential network score by using the binary link and z-scores.

Usage

```
compute_dns(binary_link, z_score)
```

Arguments

binary_link This is the binary correlation matrix with 1 indicating positive correlation and

-1 indicating negative correlation for each biomolecular pair.

z_score This is converted from the given or calculated p-value.

Value

An activity score associated with each biomarker candidate.

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compute_par

Compute the partial correlation

Description

This function computes the partial correlation coefficient.

Usage

```
compute_par(pre_inv)
```

Arguments

pre_inv

This is an inverse covariance matrix.

Value

A p * p partial correlation matrix.

INDEED

INDEED: A network-based method for cacner biomarker discovery.

Description

The INDEED R package provides important functions as shown below: non_partial_cor(), select_rho_partial(), partial_cor(), and network_display().

non_partial_cor function

non_partial_cor function performs typical correlation analysis based on user input data, class label, p-value, sample id, number of permutations, and the method (default pearson) p value is optional, the result of score table and differential network will be returned

select_rho_partial function

select_rho_partial function preprocesses data for partical correlation analysis, the result contains list of preprocessed data and rho values and error plot for user to choose desired rho value for graphical lasso

partial_cor function

partial_cor function performs partical correlation analysis based on user input preprocessed list from select_rho_partial step and the rho choosing method or values of their choice and number of permutations (default 1000), p-value is optional, the result of score table and differential network will be returned

network display function

A function to assist in the network visualization of the result from INDEED functions non_partial_cor() and patial_cor().

loglik_ave 5

loglik_ave

Create log likelihood error

Description

This function calculates the log likelihood error.

Usage

```
loglik_ave(data, theta)
```

Arguments

data

This is a matrix.

theta

This is a precision matrix.

Value

log likelihood error

Met_Group_GU

Group label.

Description

A dataset containing group information (CIRR group: 0 and HCC group: 1).

Usage

 Met_Group_GU

Format

A data frame with 1 row and 120 (subjects) columns.

Met_GU

GU cirrhosis (CIRR) and GU Hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) data.

Description

A dataset containing the expression levels for each of the 120 subjects (HCC: 60; CIRR: 60) in terms of 39 metabolites.

Usage

Met_GU

Format

A data frame with 39 variables (rows) and 120 subjects (columns).

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_GU	KEGG ID
	_GU

Description

A dataset containing the KEGG ID for each metabolite.

Usage

```
Met_name_GU
```

Format

A data frame with 39 KEGG ID as rows and 1 column:

network_display

Interactive Network Visualization

Description

An interactive tool to assist in the visualization of the results from INDEED functions non_partial_corr() or patial_corr(). The size and the color of each node can be adjusted by users to represent either the Node_Degree, Activity_Score, Z_Score, or P_Value. The color of the edge is based on the binary value of either 1 corresonding to a positive correlation dipicted as green or a negative correlation of -1 dipicted as red. The user also has the option of having the width of each edge be proportional to its weight value. The layout of the network can also be customized by choosing from the options: 'nice', 'sphere', 'grid', 'star', and 'circle'. Nodes can be moved and zoomed in on. Each node and edge will display extra information when clicked on. Secondary interactions will be highlighted as well when a node is clicked on.

Usage

```
network_display(results = NULL, nodesize = "P_Value",
nodecolor = "Activity_Score", edgewidth = "NO", layout = "nice")
```

Arguments

results	This is the result from calling either non_partial_corr() or partial_corr().
nodesize	This parameter determines what the size of each node will represent. The options are 'Node_Degree', 'Activity_Score','P_Value' and 'Z_Score'. The title of the resulting network will identify which parameter was selected to represent the node size. The default is P_Value.
nodecolor	This parameter determines what color each node will be based on a yellow to blue color gradient. The options are 'Node_Degree', 'Activity_Score', 'P_Value', and 'Z_Score'. A color bar will be created based on which parameter is chosen. The default is Activity_Score.
edgewidth	This is a 'YES' or 'NO' option as to if the edgewidth should be representative of the weight value corresponding to the correlation change between two nodes. The default is NO.
layout	User can choose from a a handful of network visualization templates including: 'nice', 'sphere', 'grid', 'star', and 'circle'. The default is nice.

non_partial_cor 7

Value

An interactive dipiction of the network resulting from INDEED functions non_partial_corr() or patial_corr().

Examples

non_partial_cor

Non-partial correlaton analysis

Description

A method that integrates differential expression (DE) analysis and differential network (DN) analysis to select biomarker candidates for cancer studies. non_partial_cor is a one step function for user to perform the analysis based on typical correlation analysis, no pre-processing step required.

Usage

```
non_partial_cor(data = NULL, class_label = NULL, id = NULL,
method = "pearson", p_val = NULL, permutation = 1000,
permutation_thres = 0.05)
```

Arguments

data This is a matrix of expression from all biomolecules and all samples.

class_label this is a binary array with 0 for group 1 and 1 for group 2.

id This is an array of biomolecule IDs.

method This is a character string indicating which correlation coefficient is to be com-

puted. The options are either "pearson" as the default or "spearman".

p_val This is optional, it is a dataframe containing p-value for each biomolecule.

permutation This is a positive integer representing the desired number of permutations, de-

fault is 1000.

permutation_thres

This is a threshold for permutation. The defalut is 0.05 to make 95 percent

confidence..

Value

A list containing a score table with "ID", "P_value", "Node_Degree", "Activity_Score" and a differential network table with "Node1", "Node2", the binary link value and the weight link value.

Examples

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partial_cor Partial correlaton analysis

Description

A method that integrates differential expression (DE) analysis and differential network (DN) analysis to select biomarker candidates for cancer studies. partial_cor is the second step of partial correlation calculation after getting the result from select_rho_partial function.

Usage

```
partial_cor(data_list = NULL, rho_group1 = NULL, rho_group2 = NULL,
    permutation = 1000, p_val = NULL, permutation_thres = 0.05)
```

Arguments

data_list	This is a list of pre-processed data outputed by the select_rho_partial function.	
rho_group1	This is the rule for choosing rho for group 1, "min": minimum rho, "ste": one standard error from minimum, or user can input rho of their choice, the default is minimum.	
rho_group2	This is the rule for choosing rho for group 2, "min": minimum rho, "ste": one standard error from minimum, or user can input rho of their choice, the default is minimum.	
permutation	This is a positive integer of the desired number of permutations. The default is 1000 permutations.	
p_val	This is optional. It is a data frame that contains p-values for each biomolecule.	
permutation_thres		
	This is the threshold for permutation. The defalut is 0.05 to make 95 percent confidence.	

Value

A list containing a score table with "ID", "P_value", "Node_Degree", "Activity_Score" and a differential network table with "Node1", "Node2", the binary link value and the weight link value.

Examples

permutation_cor 9

ysis	permutation_cor	Permutations to build a differential network based on correlation analysis
------	-----------------	--

Description

A permutation test that randomly permutes the sample labels in distinct biological groups for each biomolecule. The difference in each paired biomolecule is considered statistically significant if it falls into the 2.5 empirical distribution curve.

Usage

```
permutation_cor(m, p, n_group_1, n_group_2, data_group_1, data_group_2,
  type_of_cor)
```

Arguments

m	This is the number of permutations desired.
р	This is the number of biomarker candidates present.
n_group_1	This is the number of subjects in group 1.
n_group_2	This is the number of subjects in group 2.
data_group_1	This is a $n * p$ matrix containing group 1 data.
data_group_2	THis is a $n * p$ matrix containing group 2 data.
type_of_cor	If this is NULL, pearson correlation coefficient will be calculated as default. Otherwise, a character string "spearman" will calculate the spearman correlation coefficient.

Value

A multi-dimensional matrix that contains the permutation result.

permutation_pc	Permutations to build differential network based on partial correlation analysis
	analysis

Description

A permutation test that randomly permutes the sample labels in distinct biological groups for each biomolecule. The difference in paired partial correlation is considered statistically significant if it falls into the 2.5 empirical distribution curve.

Usage

```
permutation_pc(m, p, n_group_1, n_group_2, data_group_1, data_group_2,
    rho_group_1_opt, rho_group_2_opt)
```

permutation_thres

Arguments

m	This is the number of permutations desired.
p	This is the number of biomarker candidates present.
n_group_1	This is the number of subjects in group 1.
n_group_2	This is the number of subjects in group 2.
data_group_1	This is a $n * p$ matrix containing group 1 data.
data_group_2	This is a $n * p$ matrix containing group 2 data.
rho_group_1_opt	
	This is an optimal tuning parameter to obtain a sparse differential network for group 1.
rho_group_2_opt	
	TPI: 1

This is an optimal tuning parameter to obtain a sparse differential network for group 2.

Value

A multi-dimensional matrix that contains the permutation result.

permutation_thres Calculate the positive and negative thresholds based on the permuta- tion result

Description

This function calculates the positive and negative thresholds based on the permutation result.

Usage

```
permutation_thres(thres_left, thres_right, p, diff_p)
```

Arguments

thres_left	This is the threshold representing 2.5 percent of the left tail of the empirical distributuion curve.
thres_right	This is the threshold representing 2.5 percent of the right tail of the empirical distributuion curve.
р	This is the number of biomarker candidates present.
diff_p	This is the permutation result from either permutation_cor or permutation_pc.

Value

A list of positive and negative thresholds.

pvalue_logit 11

pvalue_logit	Obtain p-values using logistic regression	

Description

This function calculates p-values using logistic regression in cases that p-values are not provided.

Usage

```
pvalue_logit(x, class_label, Met_name)
```

Arguments

x This is a data frame consists of data from group 1 and group 2.

class_label This is a binary array indicating 0 for group 1 and 1 for group 2.

Met_name This is an array of IDs.

Value

p-values

pvalue_M_GU

P-values obtained by differential expression (DE) analysis.

Description

A dataset containing the p-value for each metabolite obtained through DE analysis.

Usage

```
pvalue_M_GU
```

Format

A data frame with 39 rows and 2 variables:

KEGG.ID KEGG ID

p.value p-value

12 select_rho_partial

Description

This function is used to help spread out data values across 0 to 1. This is so that it will be easier to distinguish values later incorporated into the network_display function.

Usage

```
scale_range(x)
```

Arguments

Х

This is a list of numbers taken form on the columns outputted from calling non_partial_corr or patial_corr functions.

Value

Scaled version of data that fits between 0 to 1.

select_rho_partial Data preprocessing for partial correlaton analysis

Description

A method that integrates differential expression (DE) analysis and differential network (DN) analysis to select biomarker candidates for cancer studies. select_rho_partial is the pre-processing step for INDEED partial differential analysis.

Usage

```
select_rho_partial(data = NULL, class_label = NULL, id = NULL,
error_curve = "YES")
```

Arguments

data This is a matrix of expression from all biomolecules and all samples.

class_label This is a binary array with 0 for group 1 and 1 for group 2.

id This is an array of biomolecule IDs.

error_curve This is an option on whether a error curve plot will be provided to the user, user

can choose "YES" or "NO". The default is YES.

Value

A list of processed data for the next step, and generates an error curve to select rho for graphical lasso.

Examples

```
select_rho_partial(data = Met_GU, class_label = Met_Group_GU, id = Met_name_GU,
    error_curve = "YES")
```

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