Package 'r311'

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```
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Title Interface to the 'open311' Standard
Version 0.3.7
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Description Access and handle APIs that use the international 'open311'
      'GeoReport v2' standard for civic issue tracking
      <a href="https://wiki.open311.org/GeoReport_v2/">https://wiki.open311.org/GeoReport_v2/</a>. Retrieve civic service types and
      request data. Select and add available 'open311' endpoints and
      jurisdictions. Implicitly supports custom queries and 'open311' extensions.
      Requires a minimal number of hard dependencies while still allowing the
      integration in common R formats ('xml2', 'tibble', 'sf').
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```

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o311_add_endpoint

Endpoints

Description

Modify and examine defined open311 endpoints. o311_endpoints() retrieves a list of endpoints including additional information. o311_add_endpoint adds to this list to define a new endpoint that can be used for queries. o311_reset_endpoints restores the initial state of the endpoints list.

Usage

```
o311_add_endpoint(
  name,
  root,
  jurisdiction = NULL,
  key = FALSE,
  pagination = FALSE,
  limit = NULL,
  json = TRUE,
  dialect = NULL
)
o311_reset_endpoints()
```

Arguments

name [character]

Name of an endpoint / city. This name can be arbitrary and only serves for

identification in [o311_api].

root [character]

Base URL of the endpoint for sending production-grade requests. The root URL

commonly points to "georeport/v2/".

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jurisdiction [character]

Unique identifier of the jurisdiction. The jurisdiction is typically defined as the domain of the respective city website. It is optional as most endpoints only serve

one jurisdiction.

key [logical]

Is an API key mandatory?

pagination [logical]

Are requests responses paginated?

limit [integer]

If paginated, how many requests does one page contain?

json [logical]

Are JSON responses supported? If FALSE, defaults to "XML" responses. See also

o311_api.

dialect [character]

open311 extension that the endpoint is built on. Common dialects include CitySDK, Connected Bits, SeeClickFix and Mark-a-Spot. Currently, this argument does nothing, but it could be used in the future to adjust response handling based on

dialect.

... List of key-value pairs where each pair is a filter. The key represents the col-

umn and the value the requested column value. All keys must be present in the

column names of o311_endpoints().

Details

o311_endpoints() returns a static list defined in the package installation directory. This list contains a limited number of endpoints that were proven to work at the time of package development. It does not include newer/smaller/less known endpoints or test APIs. These can be manually added using o311_add_endpoint.

Value

For o311_endpoints, a dataframe containing all relevant information on an endpoint. For o311_add_endpoint, the new endpoint, invisibly. o311_reset_endpoints returns NULL invisibly. If the new endpoint is a duplicate, NULL is returned invisibly.

Note

This function uses R_user_dir to persistently store custom endpoints data between sessions. To set a different directory, you may use options("o311_user_dir"). To clean up, run o311_reset_endpoints() which deletes the package-specific user directory and defaults back to system.file("endpoints.json", package = "r311").

See Also

o311_api

o311_api

Examples

```
# read default endpoints
o311_endpoints()

# get all endpoints powered by Connected Bits
o311_endpoints(dialect = "Connected Bits")

# add a new endpoint
o311_add_endpoint(name = "test", root = "test.org/georeport/v2")

# read new endpoints
o311_endpoints()

# reset endpoints back to default
o311_reset_endpoints()
```

o311_api

Select an open311 API

Description

Select an open311 API and attach it to the active session. An open311 API is an implementation of the open311 standard. It consists of an endpoint name (e.g. a city), a root URL, and a jurisdiction ID. To unambiguously identify an API, you can provide an endpoint, a jurisdiction ID, or both. The input is matched with o311_endpoints to select an API. The selected API is available to other o311_* functions until the session is terminated or until it is overwritten.

Usage

```
o311_api(
  endpoint = NULL,
  jurisdiction = NULL,
  key = NULL,
  format = c("json", "xml")
)
```

Arguments

endpoint [character]

Name of an endpoint that runs an open311 API. This is usually a city, but can

be any provider of an open311 API.

jurisdiction [character]

ID of a jurisdiction that is served by an open311 API. A jurisdiction ID is usually

the root URL of the jurisdiction website, e.g. "sandiego.gov" for San Diego.

key [character]

If a key is required by the selected API, this argument can be used to store the key in the R session. The API key is automatically used in API requests. If key

is NULL although a key is required, a warning is emitted.

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format [character]

Response format. Must be one of "json" or "xml". Defaults to "json" because simplification is more difficult and unsafe for xml2 objects. It is advisable to use "json" whenever possible and applicable. Additionally, "xml" requires the xml2 package for queries and the xmlconvert package for simplification.

Details

In theory, several jurisdictions can exist for a single endpoints, e.g. if a region serves multiple jurisdictions. Similarly, multiple endpoints can exist for a single jurisdiction, e.g. if a provider has set up both production and test endpoints for a jurisdictions. Providing both endpoint and jurisdiction is thus the most safe way to identify an API.

By default, only a handful of endpoints are supported. For a list of currently supported endpoints, run o311_endpoints. You can add non-default endpoints using o311_add_endpoint.

Value

A list containing the most important information on a given jurisdiction, invisibly. This list is attached to the session and can be retrieved by calling o311_api() without arguments. Passing no arguments returns the currently attached API object.

See Also

```
o311_requests, o311_request, o311_services
```

Examples

```
# cities are matched using regex
o311_api("Cologne")

# passing a jurisdiction is more explicit
o311_api(jurisdiction = "stadt-koeln.de")

# calls without arguments return the current API
o311_api()
```

o311_discovery

API discovery

Description

Retrieve discovery information about the mounted endpoint.

Usage

```
o311_discovery()
```

o311_ok

Value

A list containing details on the given open311 API.

Examples

```
o311_api("zurich")

if (o311_ok()) {
    o311_discovery()
}
```

o311_ok

Is open311 API ok?

Description

Checks whether an open311 API mounted by o311_api is reachable and returns a valid requests response.

Usage

```
o311_ok(error = FALSE)
```

Arguments

error

[logical]

Whether to return a logical or the error message describing why the API is not ok.

Value

A logical describing whether the API is reachable or not. If error = TRUE, returns the corresponding error object if one occurs.

Examples

```
# check if Bonn API is reachable
o311_api("Bonn")
o311_ok()

# check if Helsinki API is reachable - fails
o311_add_endpoint(
   name = "Helsinki",
   root = "asiointi.hel.fi/palautews/rest/v1/"
)
o311_api("Helsinki")
o311_ok()
```

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```
# return error message
try(o311_ok(error = TRUE))
# reset endpoints database
o311_reset_endpoints()
```

o311_query

Query an open311 endpoint

Description

Low-level function to perform a generic request to the API currently attached by o311_api. Some open311 implementations support unique operations that are not included in the official documentation. This function can be used to access these URL paths.

Usage

```
o311_query(path, ..., simplify = TRUE)
```

Arguments

simplify

path Path appendix used to access endpoint-specific operations.
... Additional query parameters.

Whether to simplify the output using jsonlite::toJSON(..., simplify = TRUE).

Details

You can set options (r311_echo = TRUE) to display all requests sent using o311_query.

Value

The parsed query output, either as a list or dataframe.

Examples

```
o311_api("rostock")

# manually query discovery
o311_query(path = "discovery", simplify = FALSE)

# query a custom path defined by the Klarschiff API
o311_query(path = "areas")
```

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o311_requests

Get civic service request data

Description

Get civic service request data from a registered open311 endpoint. o311_request queries a single service request by ID. o311_requests queries a single page of service requests. o311_request_all tries to iterate through all pages of an endpoint to return a complete dataset of service requests.

Usage

```
o311_requests(
  service_code = NULL,
  start_date = NULL,
  end_date = NULL,
  status = NULL,
  page = NULL,
)
o311_request(service_request_id, ...)
o311_request_all(
  service_code = NULL,
  start_date = NULL,
  end_date = NULL,
  status = NULL,
 max_pages = Inf,
  progress = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

service_code [character]

IDs of the service types to be queried. Defaults to all available codes of an endpoint. A list of all available service codes can be retrieved using o311_services.

start_date, end_date

[POSIXt]

Start date and end date of the query results. Must be date-time objects. If not specified, defaults to the last 90 days.

status [character]

Status of the public service ticket. Can be one of "open" or "closed". If NULL, returns all types of tickets.

o311_requests

page [integer]

Page of the response. Most endpoints paginate their responses in a way that only a limited number of tickets are returned with each query. To retrieve all data, consider using o311_request_all.

Further endpoint-specific parameters as documented in the respective endpoint

reference.

service_request_id

[character]

Identifier of a single service request. Request IDs can usually be retrieved from

o311_requests.

max_pages [integer]

Number of pages to search until the result is returned.

progress [logical]

Whether to show a waiter indicating the current page iteration.

Details

o311_request_all applies a number of checks to determine when to stop searching. First, many endpoints return an error if the last page is exceeded. Thus, if the last page request failed, break. Second, if exceeding the pagination limit does not return an error, the response is compared with the previous response. If identical, the response is discarded and all previous responses returned. Finally, if the page exceeds max_pages, the responses up to this point are returned.

open311 leaves space for endpoints to implement their own request parameters. These parameters can be provided using dot arguments. These arguments are not validated or pre-processed. Date-time objects must be formatted according to the w3c standard. Some more common parameters include:

- q: Perform a text search across all requests.
- update_after/updated_before: Limit request according to request update dates.
- per_page: Specifiy the maximum number of requests per page.
- extensions: Adds a nested attribute "extended_attributes" to the response.
- long/lat/radius: Searches for requests in a fixed radius around a coordinate.

As dot arguments deviate from the open311 standard, they are not guaranteed to be available for every endpoint and might be removed without further notice. Refer to the endpoint docs to learn more about custom parameters (o311_endpoints()\$docs).

Value

A dataframe containing data on civic service requests. The dataframe can contain varying columns depending on the open311 implementation.

See Also

o311_api

o311_services

Examples

```
o311_api("zurich")
if (o311_ok()) {
  # retrieve requests from the last two days
  now <- Sys.time()</pre>
  two_days <- 60 * 60 * 24 * 2
  o311_requests(end_date = now, start_date = now - two_days)
  # retrieve only open tickets
  tickets <- o311_requests(status = "open")</pre>
  # request the first ticket of the previous response
  rid <- as.character(tickets$service_request_id[1])</pre>
  o311_request(rid)
  if (interactive()) {
    # request all data
    o311_request_all()
  # request data of the first 5 pages
  o311_request_all(max_pages = 5)
}
```

o311_services

Get service list

Description

Get a list of available services. Services are unique to the endpoint / city and thus require an attached jurisdiction using o311_api.

Usage

```
o311_services(...)
o311_service(service_code, ...)
```

Arguments

... Further endpoint-specific parameters as documented in the respective endpoint reference.

service_code Iden

Identifier of a single service definition. Service codes can usually be retrieved from o311_services.

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Value

A dataframe or list containing information about each service.

Examples

```
# set up a jurisdiction
o311_api("san francisco")

if (o311_ok()) {
    # get a list of all services
    services <- o311_services()

    # inspect a service code
    o311_service(services$service_code[1])
}</pre>
```

validate_endpoints

Validate endpoints

Description

Checks whether and which endpoints are correctly defined, reachable, and/or valid. Iterates through all endpoints defined in o311_endpoints and returns their status along with a reason, if applicable.

Usage

```
validate_endpoints(
  idx = NULL,
  checks = c("discovery", "services", "requests"),
  methods = c("formal", "down", "valid")
)
```

Arguments

idx [integer]

Index numbers of endpoints to check. Index numbers follow row numbers in

o311_endpoints.

checks [character]

Which open311 method to check. By default, checks all methods.

methods [character]

Which checks to apply. formal checks whether an endpoint is uniquely identifiable through given names and jurisdictions in o311_endpoints. down checks whether an endpoint is reachable and ready for requests. valid checks whether a method returns a valid output, i.e. a list or dataframe with more than 0

rows/elements. By default, applies all methods.

validate_endpoints

Value

A dataframe containing the name of the endpoint, one to three columns on check results, and one to three columns on reasons if a check turned out to be negative.

Examples

```
# check the first three endpoints in o311_endpoints()
validate_endpoints(1:3)

# check only requests
validate_endpoints(1:3, checks = "requests")

# check only whether an endpoint is down
validate_endpoints(1:3, methods = "down")
```

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