

# Package ‘MicrobiotaProcess’

December 30, 2024

**Type** Package

**Title** A comprehensive R package for managing and analyzing microbiome and other ecological data within the tidy framework

**Version** 1.19.0

**Description** MicrobiotaProcess is an R package for analysis, visualization and biomarker discovery of microbial datasets. It introduces MPSE class, this make it more interoperable with the existing computing ecosystem. Moreover, it introduces a tidy microbiome data structure paradigm and analysis grammar. It provides a wide variety of microbiome data analysis procedures under the unified and common framework (tidy-like framework).

**Depends** R (>= 4.0.0)

**Imports** ape, tidyr, ggplot2, magrittr, dplyr, Biostrings, ggrepel, vegan, zoo, ggtree, tidytree (>= 0.4.2), MASS, methods, rlang, tibble, grDevices, stats, utils, coin, ggsignif, patchwork, ggstar, tidyselect, SummarizedExperiment, foreach, treeio (>= 1.17.2), pillar, cli, plyr, dtplyr, ggtreeExtra, data.table, ggfun (>= 0.1.1)

**Suggests** rmarkdown, prettydoc, testthat, knitr, nlme, phangorn, DECIPHER, randomForest, jsonlite, biomformat, scales, yaml, withr, S4Vectors, purrr, seqmagick, glue, ggupset, ggVennDiagram, gghalves, ggalluvial (>= 0.11.1), forcats, phyloseq, aplot, ggnewscale, ggside, ggh4x, hopach, parallel, shadowtext, DirichletMultinomial, ggpp, BiocManager

**License** GPL (>= 3.0)

**URL** <https://github.com/YuLab-SMU/MicrobiotaProcess/>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/YuLab-SMU/MicrobiotaProcess/issues>

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

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---

|                   |                          |
|-------------------|--------------------------|
| alphasample-class | <i>alphasample class</i> |
|-------------------|--------------------------|

---

**Description**

alphasample class

**Slots**

alpha data.frame contained alpha metrics of samples

sampleda associated sample information

---

|         |                       |
|---------|-----------------------|
| as.MPSE | <i>as.MPSE method</i> |
|---------|-----------------------|

---

**Description**

convert the .data object to MPSE object

**Usage**

```
as.MPSE(.data, ...)
```

```
as.mpse(.data, ...)
```

**Arguments**

.data one type of tbl\_mpse, phyloseq, biom, SummarizedExperiment or TreeSummarizedExperiment class

... additional parameters, meaningless now.

**Value**

MPSE object

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

---

|             |                                    |
|-------------|------------------------------------|
| as.phyloseq | <i>convert to phyloseq object.</i> |
|-------------|------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

convert to phyloseq object.

**Usage**

```
as.phyloseq(x, .abundance, ...)
```

```
as_phyloseq(x, .abundance, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'MPSE'  
as.phyloseq(x, .abundance, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'tbl_mpse'  
as.phyloseq(x, .abundance, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| x          | object, tbl_mpse object, which the result of as_tibble for phyloseq object. |
| .abundance | the column name to be as the abundance of otu table, default is Abundance.  |
| ...        | additional params   |

**Value**

phyloseq object.

---

|                           |                    |
|---------------------------|--------------------|
| as.treedata.taxonomyTable | <i>as.treedata</i> |
|---------------------------|--------------------|

---

**Description**

convert taxonomyTable to treedata

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'taxonomyTable'  
as.treedata(tree, include.rownames = FALSE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

tree                    object, This is for taxonomyTable class, so it should be a taxonomyTable.  
include.rownames       logical, whether to set the rownames of taxonomyTable to tip labels, default is FALSE.  
...                    additional parameters.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
data(test_otu_data)  
test_otu_data %<>% as.phyloseq()  
tree <- as.treedata(phyloseq::tax_table(test_otu_data), include.rownames = TRUE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

|            |                      |
|------------|----------------------|
| build_tree | <i>building tree</i> |
|------------|----------------------|

---

**Description**

The function can be used to building tree.

**Usage**

```
build_tree(seqs, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'DNAStrngSet'  
build_tree(seqs, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'DNAbin'  
build_tree(seqs, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
build_tree(seqs, ...)
```

**Arguments**

seqs                    DNAStrngSet or DNAbin, the object of R.  
...                    additional parameters, see also [AlignSeqs](#).

**Value**

the phylo class of tree.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

## Examples

```
## Not run:
  seqtabfile <- system.file("extdata", "seqtab.nochim.rds",
                           package="MicrobiotaProcess")
  seqtab <- readRDS(seqtabfile)
  refseq <- colnames(seqtab)
  names(refseq) <- paste0("OTU_", seq_len(length(refseq)))
  refseq <- Biostrings::DNASTringSet(refseq)
  tree <- build_tree(refseq)
  or
  tree <- build_tree(refseq)

## End(Not run)
```

---

convert\_to\_treedata    *convert dataframe contained hierarchical relationship or other classes to treedata class*

---

## Description

convert dataframe contained hierarchical relationship or other classes to treedata class

## Usage

```
convert_to_treedata(data, type = "species", include.rownames = FALSE, ...)
```

## Arguments

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| data             | data.frame, such like the tax_table of phyloseq.  |
| type             | character, the type of datasets, default is "species", if the dataset is not about species, #' such as dataset of kegg function, you should set it to "others". |
| include.rownames | logical, whether to set the row names as the tip labels, default is FALSE.  |
| ...              | additional parameters.  |

## Value

treedata class.

## Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
data(hmp_aerobiosis_small)
head(taxda)
treedat <- convert_to_treedata(taxda, include.rownames = FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

---

data-hmp\_aerobiosis\_small

*(Data) Small subset of the HMP 16S dataset*

---

**Description**

Contained three datasets, featureda, sampleda, taxda featureda contained 55 samples (nrow) and 1091 features (ncol) sampleda contained 55 samples from 6 body sites of 10 subjects. taxda contained 699 taxonomy by 6 rank. This datasets were built from the LEfSe.[http://huttenhower.sph.harvard.edu/webfm\\_send/129](http://huttenhower.sph.harvard.edu/webfm_send/129)

**Examples**

```
data(hmp_aerobiosis_small)
```

---

data-kostic2012crc

*(Data) Genomic analysis identifies association of Fusobacterium with colorectal carcinoma (2012)*

---

**Description**

This dataset was from the a study on colorectal cancer, published in Genome Research (2012). This dataset had been removed samples with less than 500 reads, contained 91 Control and 86 Tumors. And It is belong to MPSE class, contained otu\_table and sample\_data.

**Examples**

```
data(kostic2012crc)
```

---

data-test\_otu\_data

*(Data) simulated dataset.*

---

**Description**

This dataset was simulated. And it also was MPSE class, contained otu\_table and sample\_data

**Examples**

```
data(test_otu_data)
```

---

```
diffAnalysisClass-class
      diffAnalysisClass class
```

---

**Description**

diffAnalysisClass class

**Slots**

originalD original feature data.frame.  
 sampleda associated sample information.  
 taxda the data.frame contained taxonomy.  
 result data.frame contained the results of first, second test and LDA or rf  
 kwres the results of first test, contained feature names, pvalue and fdr.  
 secondvars the results of second test, contained features names, gfc (TRUE representation the relevant feautres is enriched in relevant factorNames), Freq(the number of TRUE or FALSE), factorNames.  
 mlres the results of LDA or randomForest,  
 someparams, some arguments will be used in other functions [diff\\_analysis](#)

---

```
diff_analysis      Differential expression analysis
```

---

**Description**

Differential expression analysis

**Usage**

```
diff_analysis(obj, ...)

## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
diff_analysis(
  obj,
  sampleda,
  classgroup,
  subclass = NULL,
  taxda = NULL,
  alltax = TRUE,
  include.rownames = FALSE,
  standard_method = NULL,
  mlfun = "lda",
```

```

    ratio = 0.7,
    firstcomfun = "kruskal.test",
    padjust = "fdr",
    filtermod = "pvalue",
    firstalpha = 0.05,
    strictmod = TRUE,
    fcfun = "generalizedFC",
    secondcomfun = "wilcox.test",
    clmin = 5,
    clwilc = TRUE,
    secondalpha = 0.05,
    subclmin = 3,
    subclwilc = TRUE,
    ldascore = 2,
    normalization = 1e+06,
    bootnums = 30,
    ci = 0.95,
    type = "species",
    ...
)

## S3 method for class 'phyloseq'
diff_analysis(obj, ...)

```

### Arguments

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| obj              | object, a phyloseq class contained otu_table, sample_data, taxa, or data.frame, nrow sample * ncol features.  |
| ...              | additional parameters.  |
| sampleda         | data.frame, nrow sample * ncol factor, the sample names of sampleda and data should be the same.  |
| classgroup       | character, the factor name in sampleda.   |
| subclass         | character, the factor name in sampleda, default is NULL, meaning no subclass compare.   |
| taxda            | data.frame, the classification of the feature in data. default is NULL.   |
| alltax           | logical, whether to set all classification (taxonomy) as features when taxda is not NULL, default is TRUE.  |
| include.rownames | logical, whether to consider the OTU of obj as (all taxonomy) features, when taxda is not NULL, default is FALSE.   |
| standard_method  | character, the method of standardization, see also <a href="#">decostand</a> , default is NULL, it represents that the relative abundance of taxonomy will be used. If count was set, it represents the count reads of taxonomy will be used. |
| mlfun            | character, the method for calculating the effect size of features, choose "lda" or "rf", default is "lda".  |

|               |  |
|---------------|--|
| ratio         | numeric, range from 0 to 1, the proportion of samples for calculating the effect size of features, default is 0.7.   |
| firstcomfun   | character, the method for first test, "oneway.test" for normal distributions, suggested choosing "kruskal.test" for uneven distributions, default is "kruskal.test", or you can use lm, glm, or glm.nb (for negative binomial distribution), or 'kruskal_test', 'oneway_test' of 'coin'. |
| padjust       | character, the correction method, default is "fdr".  |
| filtermod     | character, the method to filter, default is "pvalue".  |
| firstalpha    | numeric, the alpha value for the first test, default is 0.05.  |
| strictmod     | logical, whether to performed in one-against-one, default is TRUE (strict).  |
| fcfun         | character, default is "generalizedFC", it can't be set another at the present time.  |
| secondcomfun  | character, the method for one-against-one, default is "wilcox.test" for uneven distributions, or 'wilcox_test' of 'coin', or you can also use 'lm', 'glm', 'glm.nb'(for negative binomial distribution in 'MASS').   |
| clmin         | integer, the minimum number of samples per classgroup for performing test, default is 5.   |
| clwilc        | logical, whether to perform test of per classgroup, default is TRUE.   |
| secondalpha   | numeric, the alpha value for the second test, default is 0.05.   |
| subclmin      | integer, the minimum number of samples per subclass for performing test, default is 3.   |
| subclwilc     | logical, whether to perform test of per subclass, default is TRUE, meaning more strict.  |
| ldascore      | numeric, the threshold on the absolute value of the logarithmic LDA score, default is 2.   |
| normalization | integer, set the normalization value, set a big number if to get more meaningful values for the LDA score, or you can set NULL for no normalization, default is 1000000.   |
| bootnums      | integer, set the number of bootstrap iteration for lda or rf, default is 30.   |
| ci            | numeric, the confidence interval of effect size (LDA or MDA), default is 0.95.   |
| type          | character, the type of datasets, default is "species", if the dataset is not about species, such as dataset of kegg function, you should set it to "others".   |

**Value**

diff\_analysis class.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
data(kostic2012crc)
kostic2012crc %<>% as.phyloseq()
head(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc),3)
kostic2012crc <- phyloseq::rarefy_even_depth(kostic2012crc, rngseed=1024)
table(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc)$DIAGNOSIS)
set.seed(1024)
diffres <- diff_analysis(kostic2012crc, classgroup="DIAGNOSIS",
                        mlfun="lda", filtermod="fdr",
                        firstcomfun = "kruskal.test",
                        firstalpha=0.05, strictmod=TRUE,
                        secondcomfun = "wilcox.test",
                        subclmin=3, subclwilc=TRUE,
                        secondalpha=0.01, ldascore=3)

## End(Not run)
```

---

drop\_taxa

*Dropping Species with Few abundance and Few Occurrences*


---

**Description**

Drop species or features from the feature data frame or phyloseq that occur fewer than or equal to a threshold number of occurrences and fewer abundance than to a threshold abundance.

**Usage**

```
drop_taxa(obj, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'
drop_taxa(obj, minocc = 0, minabu = 0, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'phyloseq'
drop_taxa(obj, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| obj    | object, phyloseq or a dataframe of species (n_sample, n_feature).   |
| ...    | additional parameters.  |
| minocc | numeric, the threshold number of occurrences to be dropped, if < 1.0, it will be the threshold ratios of occurrences, default is 0. |
| minabu | numeric, the threshold abundance, if fewer than the threshold will be dropped, default is 0.  |

**Value**

dataframe of new features.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
otudafile <- system.file("extdata", "otu_tax_table.txt",
                        package="MicrobiotaProcess")
otuda <- read.table(otudafile, sep="\t",
                  header=TRUE, row.names=1,
                  check.names=FALSE, skip=1,
                  comment.char="")
otuda <- otuda[sapply(otuda, is.numeric)]
otuda <- data.frame(t(otuda), check.names=FALSE)
dim(otuda)
otudat <- drop_taxa(otuda, minocc=0.1, minabu=1)
dim(otudat)
data(test_otu_data)
test_otu_data %<>% as.phyloseq()
keepps <- drop_taxa(test_otu_data, minocc=0.1, minabu=0)

## End(Not run)
```

---

`dr_extract`*Extracting the internal tbl\_df attribute of tibble.*

---

**Description**

Extracting the internal tbl\_df attribute of tibble.

**Usage**`dr_extract(name, .f = NULL)`**Arguments**

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| <code>name</code> | character the name of internal tbl_df attribute.               |
| <code>.f</code>   | a function (if any, default is NULL) that pre-operate the data |

**Value**

tbl\_df object

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
library(vegan)
data(varespec, varechem)
mpse <- MPSE(assays=list(Abundance=t(varespec)), colData=varechem)
tbl <-
mpse %>%
  mp_cal_nmds(.abundance=Abundance, action="add") %>%
  mp_envfit(.ord=NMDS, .env=colnames(varechem), action="only")
tbl
tbl %>% attributes %>% names
# This function is useful to extract the data to display with ggplot2
# you can also refer to the examples of mp_envfit.
dr_extract(name=NMDS_ENVFIT_tb)(tbl)
# add .f function
dr_extract(name=NMDS_ENVFIT_tb,
           .f=td_filter(pvals<=0.05 & label!="Humdepth"))(tbl)

## End(Not run)
```

---

extract\_binary\_offspring

*extract the binary offspring of the specified internal nodes*

---

**Description**

extract the binary offspring of the specified internal nodes

**Usage**

```
extract_binary_offspring(.data, .node, type = "tips", ...)
```

**Arguments**

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| .data | phylo or treedata object   |
| .node | the internal nodes   |
| type  | the type of binary offspring. options are 'tips' (default), 'all', 'internal'. |
| ...   | additional parameter, meaningless now.   |

---

generalizedFC                      *generalized fold change*

---

### Description

calculate the mean difference in a set of predefined quantiles of the logarithmic

### Usage

```
generalizedFC(x, ...)

## Default S3 method:
generalizedFC(x, y, base = 10, steps = 0.05, pseudo = 1e-05, ...)

## S3 method for class 'formula'
generalizedFC(x, data, subset, na.action, ...)
```

### Arguments

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| x         | numeric vector, numeric vector of data values or formula, example 'Ozone ~ Month', Ozone is a numeric variable giving the data values 'Month' a factor giving the corresponding groups. |
| ...       | additional arguments.   |
| y         | numeric vector, numeric vector of data values   |
| base      | a positive or complex number, the base with respect to which logarithms are computed, default is 10.  |
| steps     | positive numeric, increment of the sequence, default is 0.05.   |
| pseudo    | positive numeric, avoid the zero for logarithmic, default is 0.00001.   |
| data      | data.frame, an optional matrix or data frame, containing the variables in the formula.  |
| subset    | (similar: see 'wilcox.test') an optional vector specifying a subset of observations to be used.   |
| na.action | a function which indicates what should happen when the data, contain 'NA's. Defaults to 'getOption("na.action")'.   |

### Value

list contained gfc, the mean and median of different group.

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```

set.seed(1024)
data <- data.frame(A=rnorm(1:10,mean=5),
                  B=rnorm(2:11, mean=6),
                  group=c(rep("case",5),rep("control",5)))
generalizedFC(B ~ group,data=data)
generalizedFC(x=c(1,2,3,4,5),y=c(3,4,5,6,7))

```

---

|               |   |
|---------------|---|
| get_alltaxadf | <i>get the table of abundance of all level taxonomy</i> |
|---------------|---|

---

**Description**

This function was designed to get the abundance of all level taxonomy, the input can be phyloseq object or data.frame.

**Usage**

```

get_alltaxadf(obj, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'phyloseq'
get_alltaxadf(
  obj,
  method = NULL,
  type = "species",
  include.rownames = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'
get_alltaxadf(
  obj,
  taxa,
  taxa_are_rows = FALSE,
  method = NULL,
  type = "species",
  include.rownames = FALSE,
  ...
)

```

**Arguments**

|        |  |
|--------|--|
| obj    | object, phyloseq or data.frame   |
| ...    | additional parameters, see also <a href="#">decostand</a> .  |
| method | character, the normalization method, see also <a href="#">decostand</a> , default is NULL, the relative abundance will be return, if it set 'count', the count table will be return. |

include.rownames           logical whether to calculate the original feature data, default is FALSE.

taxda                    data.frame, the taxonomy table.

taxa\_are\_rows           logical, if the obj is data.frame, and the features are rownames, the taxa\_are\_rows should be set TRUE, default FALSE, meaning the features are colnames.

**Value**

the all taxonomy abundance table

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
  data(test_otu_data)
  alltaxatab <- get_alltaxadf(test_otu_data)
  head(alltaxatab[,1:10])

## End(Not run)
```

---

|                |                    |
|----------------|--------------------|
| get_alphaindex | <i>alpha index</i> |
|----------------|--------------------|

---

**Description**

calculate the alpha index (Obseve,Chao1,Shannon,Simpson) of sample with [diversity](#)

**Usage**

```
get_alphaindex(obj, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'matrix'
get_alphaindex(obj, mindepth, sampled, force = FALSE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'
get_alphaindex(obj, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'integer'
get_alphaindex(obj, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
get_alphaindex(obj, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'phyloseq'
get_alphaindex(obj, ...)
```

**Arguments**

obj            object, data.frame of (nrow sample \* ncol taxonomy(feature)) or phyloseq.  
 ...            additional arguments.  
 mindepth      numeric, Subsample size for rarefying community.  
 sampledata    data.frame, sample information, row sample \* column factors.  
 force          logical whether calculate the alpha index even the count of otu is not rarefied,  
                 default is FALSE. If it is TRUE, meaning the rarefaction is not be performed  
                 automatically.

**Value**

data.frame contained alpha Index.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
otudafile <- system.file("extdata", "otu_tax_table.txt",
                        package="MicrobiotaProcess")
otuda <- read.table(otudafile, sep="\t",
                  header=TRUE, row.names=1,
                  check.names=FALSE, skip=1, comment.char="")
otuda <- otuda[sapply(otuda, is.numeric)] %>% t() %>%
  data.frame(check.names=FALSE)
set.seed(1024)
alphatab <- get_alphaindex(otuda)
head(as.data.frame(alphatab))
data(test_otu_data)
class(test_otu_data)
test_otu_data %<>% as.phyloseq()
class(test_otu_data)
set.seed(1024)
alphatab2 <- get_alphaindex(test_otu_data)
head(as.data.frame(alphatab2))

## End(Not run)
```

---

get\_clust

*Hierarchical cluster analysis for the samples*

---

**Description**

Hierarchical cluster analysis for the samples

**Usage**

```

get_clust(obj, ...)

## S3 method for class 'dist'
get_clust(obj, distmethod, sampledata = NULL, hclustmethod = "average", ...)

## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
get_clust(
  obj,
  distmethod = "euclidean",
  taxa_are_rows = FALSE,
  sampledata = NULL,
  tree = NULL,
  method = "hellinger",
  hclustmethod = "average",
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'phyloseq'
get_clust(
  obj,
  distmethod = "euclidean",
  method = "hellinger",
  hclustmethod = "average",
  ...
)

```

**Arguments**

|               |   |
|---------------|---|
| obj           | phyloseq, phyloseq class or dist class, or data.frame, data.frame, default is nrow samples * ncol features.                       |
| ...           | additional parameters.  |
| distmethod    | character, the method of dist, when the obj is data.frame or phyloseq default is "euclidean". see also <a href="#">get_dist</a> . |
| sampledata    | data.frame, nrow sample * ncol factor. default is NULL.   |
| hclustmethod  | character, the method of hierarchical cluster, default is average.  |
| taxa_are_rows | logical, if the features of data.frame(obj) is in column, it should set FALSE.  |
| tree          | phylo, the phylo class, see also <a href="#">as.phylo</a> .   |
| method        | character, the standardization methods for community ecologists, see also <a href="#">decostand</a>                               |

**Value**

treedata object.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
library(phyloseq)
data(GlobalPatterns)
subGlobal <- subset_samples(GlobalPatterns,
                             SampleType %in% c("Feces", "Mock", "Ocean", "Skin"))
hcsample <- get_clust(subGlobal, distmethod="jaccard",
                     method="hellinger", hclustmethod="average")

## End(Not run)
```

---

|                |                                    |
|----------------|------------------------------------|
| get_coord.pcoa | <i>get ordination coordinates.</i> |
|----------------|------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

get ordination coordinates.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'pcoa'
get_coord(obj, pc)

get_coord(obj, pc)

## S3 method for class 'prcomp'
get_coord(obj, pc)
```

**Arguments**

|     |                                      |
|-----|--------------------------------------|
| obj | object,prcomp class or pcoa class    |
| pc  | integer vector, the component index. |

**Value**

ordplotClass object.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
require(graphics)
data(USArrests)
pcares <- prcomp(USArrests, scale = TRUE)
coordtab <- get_coord(pcares,pc=c(1, 2))
coordtab2 <- get_coord(pcares, pc=c(2, 3))

## End(Not run)
```

---

|           |  |
|-----------|--|
| get_count | <i>calculate the count or relative abundance of replicate element with a specific column</i> |
|-----------|--|

---

### Description

Calculate the count or relative abundance of replicate element with a specific column

### Usage

```
get_count(data, featurelist, ...)
```

```
get_ratio(data, featurelist, ...)
```

### Arguments

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| data        | dataframe; a dataframe contained one character column and others is numeric, if featurelist is NULL. Or a numeric dataframe, if featurelist is non-NULL, all columns should be numeric. |
| featurelist | dataframe; a dataframe contained one character column, default is NULL.   |
| ...         | additional parameters.  |

### Value

mean of data.frame by featurelist

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

### Examples

```
## Not run:
otudafile <- system.file("extdata", "otu_tax_table.txt",
                        package="MicrobiotaProcess")
samplefile <- system.file("extdata",
                        "sample_info.txt", package="MicrobiotaProcess")
otuda <- read.table(otudafile, sep="\t", header=TRUE,
                  row.names=1, check.names=FALSE,
                  skip=1, comment.char="")
sampleda <- read.table(samplefile,
                      sep="\t", header=TRUE, row.names=1)
taxdf <- otuda[!sapply(otuda, is.numeric)]
taxdf <- split_str_to_list(taxdf)
otuda <- otuda[sapply(otuda, is.numeric)]
phycount <- get_count(otuda, taxdf[,2,drop=FALSE])
phyratios <- get_ratio(otuda, taxdf[,2,drop=FALSE])

## End(Not run)
```

---

|          |                           |
|----------|---------------------------|
| get_dist | <i>calculate distance</i> |
|----------|---------------------------|

---

## Description

calculate distance

## Usage

```
get_dist(obj, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'  
get_dist(  
  obj,  
  distmethod = "euclidean",  
  taxa_are_rows = FALSE,  
  sampleda = NULL,  
  tree = NULL,  
  method = "hellinger",  
  ...  
)  
  
## S3 method for class 'phyloseq'  
get_dist(obj, distmethod = "euclidean", method = "hellinger", ...)
```

## Arguments

|               |  |
|---------------|--|
| obj           | phyloseq, phyloseq class or data.frame nrow sample * ncol feature.             |
| ...           | additional parameters.   |
| distmethod    | character, default is "euclidean", see also <a href="#">distanceMethodList</a> |
| taxa_are_rows | logical, default is FALSE.   |
| sampleda      | data.frame, nrow sample * ncol factors.  |
| tree          | object, the phylo class, see also <a href="#">as.phylo</a> .                   |
| method        | character, default is hellinger, see also <a href="#">decostand</a>            |

## Value

distance class contained distmethod and originalD attr

## See Also

[distance](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
data(test_otu_data)
test_otu_data %<>% as.phyloseq()
distclass <- get_dist(test_otu_data)
hcsample <- get_clust(distclass)

## End(Not run)
```

---

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| get_mean_median | <i>get the mean and median of specific feature.</i> |
|-----------------|---|

---

**Description**

get the mean and median of specific feature.

**Usage**

```
get_mean_median(datameta, feature, subclass)
```

**Arguments**

|          |  |
|----------|--|
| datameta | data.frame, nrow sample * ncol feature + factor.     |
| feature  | character vector, the feature contained in datameta. |
| subclass | character, factor name.                              |

**Value**

featureMeanMedian object, contained the abundance of feature, and the mean and median of feature by subclass.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
data(hmp_aerobiosis_small)
head(sampleda)
featureda <- merge(featureda, sampleda, by=0)
rownames(featureda) <- as.vector(featureda$Row.names)
featureda$Row.names <- NULL
feameamed <- get_mean_median(datameta=featureda,
                             feature="p__Actinobacteria",
                             subclass="body_site")
fplot <- ggdiffntaxbar(feameamed, featurename="p__Actinobacteria",
                       classgroup="oxygen_availability", subclass="body_site")

## End(Not run)
```

---

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| get_NRI_NTI | <i>calculating related phylogenetic alpha metric</i> |
|-------------|--|

---

**Description**

calculating related phylogenetic alpha metric

**Usage**

```
get_NRI_NTI(obj, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'matrix'
get_NRI_NTI(
  obj,
  mindepth,
  sampled,
  tree,
  metric = c("PAE", "NRI", "NTI", "PD", "HAED", "EAED", "IAC", "all"),
  abundance.weighted = FALSE,
  force = FALSE,
  seed = 123,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'
get_NRI_NTI(obj, mindepth, sampled, tree, abundance.weighted = TRUE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'phyloseq'
get_NRI_NTI(obj, mindepth, abundance.weighted = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| obj                | object, data.frame of (nrow sample * ncol taxonomy(feature)) or phyloseq.  |
| ...                | additional arguments, meaningless now.   |
| mindepth           | numeric, Subsample size for rarefying community.   |
| sampled            | data.frame, sample information, row sample * column factors.   |
| tree               | tree object, it can be phylo object or treedata object.  |
| metric             | the related phylogenetic metric, options is 'NRI', 'NTI', 'PD', 'PAE', 'HAED', 'EAED', 'IAC', 'all', default is 'PAE', meaning all the metrics ('NRI', 'NTI', 'PD', 'PAE', 'HAED', 'EAED', 'IAC'). |
| abundance.weighted | logical, whether calculate mean nearest taxon distances for each species weighted by species abundance, default is FALSE.  |
| force              | logical whether calculate the index even the count of otu is not rarefied, default is FALSE. If it is TRUE, meaning the rarefaction is not performed automatically.                                |

seed integer a random seed to make the result reproducible, default is 123.

### Value

alphasample object contained NRT and NTI.

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

---

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| get_pca | <i>Performs a principal components analysis</i> |
|---------|---|

---

### Description

Performs a principal components analysis

### Usage

```
get_pca(obj, ...)

## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
get_pca(obj, sampled = NULL, method = "hellinger", ...)

## S3 method for class 'phyloseq'
get_pca(obj, method = "hellinger", ...)
```

### Arguments

|         |  |
|---------|--|
| obj     | phyloseq, phyloseq class or data.frame shape of data.frame is nrow sample * ncol feature.        |
| ...     | additional parameters, see <a href="#">prcomp</a> .  |
| sampled | data.frame, nrow sample * ncol factors.  |
| method  | character, the standardization methods for community ecologists. see <a href="#">decostand</a> . |

### Value

pcasample class, contained prcomp class and sample information.

### Examples

```
## Not run:
library(phyloseq)
data(GlobalPatterns)
subGlobal <- subset_samples(GlobalPatterns,
  SampleType %in% c("Feces", "Mock", "Ocean", "Skin"))
pcares <- get_pca(subGlobal, method="hellinger")
pcaplot <- ggordpoint(pcares, biplot=TRUE,
```

```
speciesannot=TRUE,  
factorNames=c("SampleType"), ellipse=TRUE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

get\_pcoa                      *performs principal coordinate analysis (PCoA)*

---

## Description

performs principal coordinate analysis (PCoA)

## Usage

```
get_pcoa(obj, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'  
get_pcoa(  
  obj,  
  distmethod = "euclidean",  
  taxa_are_rows = FALSE,  
  sampleda = NULL,  
  tree = NULL,  
  method = "hellinger",  
  ...  
)  
  
## S3 method for class 'dist'  
get_pcoa(  
  obj,  
  distmethod,  
  data = NULL,  
  sampleda = NULL,  
  method = "hellinger",  
  ...  
)  
  
## S3 method for class 'phyloseq'  
get_pcoa(obj, distmethod = "euclidean", ...)
```

## Arguments

|               |  |
|---------------|--|
| obj           | phyloseq, the phyloseq class or dist class.                          |
| ...           | additional parameter, see also <a href="#">get_dist</a> .            |
| distmethod    | character, the method of distance, see also <a href="#">distance</a> |
| taxa_are_rows | logical, if feature of data is column, it should be set FALSE.       |

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| sampleda | data.frame, nrow sample * ncol factor, default is NULL.   |
| tree     | phylo, the phylo class, default is NULL, when use unifrac method, it should be required.  |
| method   | character, the standardization method for community ecologists, default is hellinger, if the data has be normlized, it shoud be set NULL. |
| data     | data.frame, numeric data.frame nrow sample * ncol features.   |

**Value**

pcasample object, contained prcomp or pcoa and sampleda (data.frame).

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
library(phyloseq)
data(GlobalPatterns)
subGlobal <- subset_samples(GlobalPatterns,
                             SampleType %in% c("Feces", "Mock", "Ocean", "Skin"))
pcoares <- get_pcoa(subGlobal,
                   distmethod="euclidean",
                   method="hellinger")
pcoaplot <- ggordpoint(pcoares, biplot=FALSE,
                      speciesannot=FALSE,
                      factorNames=c("SampleType"),
                      ellipse=FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

---

get\_pvalue

*Methods for computation of the p-value*

---

**Description**

Methods for computation of the p-value

**Usage**

```
get_pvalue(obj)

## S3 method for class 'htest'
get_pvalue(obj)

## S3 method for class 'lme'
get_pvalue(obj)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'negbin'  
get_pvalue(obj)  
  
## S3 method for class 'ScalarIndependenceTest'  
get_pvalue(obj)  
  
## S3 method for class 'QuadTypeIndependenceTest'  
get_pvalue(obj)  
  
## S3 method for class 'lm'  
get_pvalue(obj)  
  
## S3 method for class 'glm'  
get_pvalue(obj)
```

### Arguments

obj                    object, such as htest, lm, negbin ScalarIndependenceTest class.

### Value

pvalue.

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

### Examples

```
library(nlme)  
lmeres <- lme(distance ~ Sex,data=Orthodont)  
pvalue <- get_pvalue(lmeres)
```

---

get\_rarecurve                    *obtain the result of rare curve*

---

### Description

generate the result of rare curve.

### Usage

```
get_rarecurve(obj, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'  
get_rarecurve(obj, sampledata, factorLevels = NULL, chunks = 400)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'phyloseq'  
get_rarecurve(obj, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| obj          | phyloseq class or data.frame shape of data.frame (nrow sample * ncol feature)                                  |
| ...          | additional parameters.   |
| sampleda     | data.frame, (nrow sample * ncol factor)  |
| factorLevels | list, the levels of the factors, default is NULL, if you want to order the levels of factor, you can set this. |
| chunks       | integer, the number of subsample in a sample, default is 400.  |

**Details**

This function is designed to calculate the rare curve result of otu table the result can be visualized by 'ggrarecurve'.

**Value**

rarecurve class, which can be visualized by ggrarecurve

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
data(test_otu_data)
test_otu_data %<>% as.phyloseq()
set.seed(1024)
res <- get_rarecurve(test_otu_data, chunks=200)
p <- ggrarecurve(obj=res,
                  indexNames=c("Observe", "Chao1", "ACE"),
                  shadow=FALSE,
                  factorNames="group")

## End(Not run)
```

---

get\_sampledflist      *Generate random data list from a original data.*

---

**Description**

Generate random data list from a original data.

**Usage**

```
get_sampledflist(dalist, bootnums = 30, ratio = 0.7, makerownames = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

dalist            list, a list contained multi data.frame.  
 bootnums        integer, the number of bootstrap iteration, default is 30.  
 ratio            numeric, the ratios of each data.frame to keep.  
 makerownames   logical, whether build row.names,default is FALSE.

**Value**

the list contained the data.frame generated by bootstrap iteration.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
data(iris)
irislist <- split(iris, iris$Species)
set.seed(1024)
irislist <- get_sampledflist(irislist)

## End(Not run)
```

---

|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| <code>get_taxadf</code> | <i>get the data of specified taxonomy</i> |
|-------------------------|---|

---

**Description**

get the data of specified taxonomy

**Usage**

```
get_taxadf(obj, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'phyloseq'
get_taxadf(obj, taxlevel = 2, type = "species", ...)

## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'
get_taxadf(
  obj,
  taxda,
  taxa_are_rows,
  taxlevel,
  sampleda = NULL,
  type = "species",
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

|               |  |
|---------------|--|
| obj           | phyloseq, phyloseq class or data.frame the shape of data.frame (nrow sample * column feature taxa_are_rows set FALSE, nrow feature * ncol sample, taxa_are_rows set TRUE). |
| ...           | additional parameters.   |
| taxlevel      | character, the column names of taxda that you want to get. when the input is phyloseq class, you can use 1 to 7.   |
| type          | character, the type of datasets, default is "species", if the dataset is not about species, such as dataset of kegg function, you should set it to "others".               |
| taxda         | data.frame, the classifies of feature contained in obj(data.frame).  |
| taxa_are_rows | logical, if the column of data.frame are features, it should be set FALSE.   |
| sampleda      | data.frame, the sample information.  |

**Value**

phyloseq class contained tax data.frame and sample information.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
library(ggplot2)
data(test_otu_data)
test_otu_data %<>% as.phyloseq()
phytax <- get_taxadf(test_otu_data, taxlevel=2)
phytax
head(phyloseq::otu_table(phytax))
phybar <- ggbartax(phytax) +
  xlab(NULL) + ylab("relative abundance (%)")

## End(Not run)
```

---

get\_upset

*generate the dataset for upset of UpSetR*

---

**Description**

generate the dataset for upset of UpSetR

**Usage**

```
get_upset(obj, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'
get_upset(obj, sampledata, factorNames, threshold = 0)

## S4 method for signature 'phyloseq'
get_upset(obj, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| obj         | object, phyloseq or data.frame, if it is data.frame, the shape of it should be row sample * columns features. |
| ...         | additional parameters.  |
| sampledata  | data.frame, if the obj is data.frame, the sampledata should be provided.                                      |
| factorNames | character, the column names of factor in sampledata   |
| threshold   | integer, default is 0.  |

**Value**

a data.frame for the input of 'upset' of 'UpSetR'.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
data(test_otu_data)
test_otu_data %<>% as.phyloseq()
upsetda <- get_upset(test_otu_data, factorNames="group")
otudafile <- system.file("extdata", "otu_tax_table.txt",
                        package="MicrobiotaProcess")
samplefile <- system.file("extdata", "sample_info.txt",
                          package="MicrobiotaProcess")
otuda <- read.table(otudafile, sep="\t", header=TRUE,
                  row.names=1, check.names=FALSE,
                  skip=1, comment.char="")
sampledata <- read.table(samplefile, sep="\t",
                        header=TRUE, row.names=1)

head(sampledata)
otuda <- otuda[sapply(otuda, is.numeric)]
otuda <- data.frame(t(otuda), check.names=FALSE)
head(otuda[1:5, 1:5])
upsetda2 <- get_upset(obj=otuda, sampledata=sampledata,
                    factorNames="group")
#Then you can use `upset` of `UpSetR` to visualize the results.
library(UpSetR)
```

```

upset(upsetda, sets=c("B","D","M","N"), sets.bar.color = "#56B4E9",
      order.by = "freq", empty.intersections = "on")

## End(Not run)

```

---

|                |  |
|----------------|--|
| get_varct.pcoa | <i>get the contribution of variables</i> |
|----------------|--|

---

## Description

get the contribution of variables

## Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'pcoa'
get_varct(obj, ...)

get_varct(obj, ...)

## S3 method for class 'prcomp'
get_varct(obj, ...)

## S3 method for class 'pcasample'
get_varct(obj, ...)

```

## Arguments

|     |                                 |
|-----|---------------------------------|
| obj | prcomp class or pcasample class |
| ... | additional parameters.          |

## Value

the VarContrib class, contained the contribution and coordinate of features.

## Examples

```

## Not run:
library(phyloseq)
data(GlobalPatterns)
subGlobal <- subset_samples(GlobalPatterns,
  SampleType %in% c("Feces", "Mock", "Ocean", "Skin"))
pcares <- get_pca(subGlobal, method="hellinger")
varres <- get_varct(pcares)

## End(Not run)

```

---

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| get_vennlist | <i>generate a vennlist for VennDiagram</i> |
|--------------|--|

---

### Description

generate a vennlist for VennDiagram

### Usage

```
get_vennlist(obj, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'phyloseq'  
get_vennlist(obj, factorNames, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'  
get_vennlist(obj, sampleinfo = NULL, factorNames = NULL, ...)
```

### Arguments

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| obj         | phyloseq, phyloseq class or data.frame a dataframe contained one character column and the others are numeric. or all columns should be numeric if sampleinfo isn't NULL.            |
| ...         | additional parameters   |
| factorNames | character, a column name of sampleinfo, when sampleinfo isn't NULL, factorNames shouldn't be NULL, default is NULL, when the input is phyloseq, the factorNames should be provided. |
| sampleinfo  | dataframe; a sample information, default is NULL.   |

### Value

return a list for VennDiagram.

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

### Examples

```
## Not run:  
data(test_otu_data)  
test_otu_data %<>% as.phyloseq()  
vennlist <- get_vennlist(test_otu_data,  
                        factorNames="group")  
  
vennlist  
library(VennDiagram)  
venn.diagram(vennlist, height=5,  
            width=5, filename = "./test_venn.pdf",
```

```

alpha = 0.85, fontfamily = "serif",
fontface = "bold", cex = 1.2,
cat.cex = 1.2, cat.default.pos = "outer",
cat.dist = c(0.22, 0.22, 0.12, 0.12),
margin = 0.1, lwd = 3,
lty = 'dotted',
imagetype = "pdf")

## End(Not run)

```

---

ggbartax

*taxonomy barplot*


---

## Description

taxonomy barplot

## Usage

```
ggbartax(obj, ...)
```

```
ggbartaxa(obj, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'phyloseq'
```

```
ggbartax(obj, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
```

```
ggbartax(
  obj,
  mapping = NULL,
  position = "stack",
  stat = "identity",
  width = 0.7,
  topn = 30,
  count = FALSE,
  sampleda = NULL,
  factorLevels = NULL,
  sampleLevels = NULL,
  facetNames = NULL,
  plotgroup = FALSE,
  groupfun = mean,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

`obj` phyloseq, phyloseq class or data.frame, (nrow sample \* ncol feature (factor)) or the data.frame for geom\_bar.

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| ...          | additional parameters, see <a href="#">ggplot</a>  |
| mapping      | set of aesthetic mapping of ggplot2, default is NULL, if the data is the data.frame for geom_bar, the mapping should be set.   |
| position     | character, default is 'stack'.   |
| stat         | character, default is 'identity'.  |
| width        | numeric, the width of bar, default is 0.7.   |
| topn         | integer, the top number of abundance taxonomy(feature).  |
| count        | logical, whether show the relative abundance.  |
| sampleda     | data.frame, (nrow sample * ncol factor), the sample information, if the data doesn't contain the information.  |
| factorLevels | vector or list, the levels of the factors (contained names e.g. list(group=c("B","A","C")) or c(group=c("B","A","C"))), adjust the order of facet, default is NULL, if you want to order the levels of factor, you can set this. |
| sampleLevels | vector, adjust the order of x axis e.g. c("sample2", "sample4", "sample3"), default is NULL.   |
| facetNames   | character, default is NULL.  |
| plotgroup    | logical, whether calculate the mean or median etc for each group, default is FALSE.  |
| groupfun     | character, how to calculate for feature in each group, the default is 'mean', this will plot the mean of feature in each group.  |

**Value**

barplot of tax

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
library(ggplot2)
data(test_otu_data)
test_otu_data %<>% as.phyloseq()
otubar <- ggbartax(test_otu_data) +
  xlab(NULL) + ylab("relative abundance(%)")

## End(Not run)
```

---

 ggbox

*A box or violin plot with significance test*


---

## Description

A box or violin plot with significance test

## Usage

```
ggbox(obj, factorNames, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'
ggbox(
  obj,
  sampleda,
  factorNames,
  indexNames,
  geom = "boxplot",
  factorLevels = NULL,
  compare = TRUE,
  testmethod = "wilcox.test",
  signifmap = FALSE,
  p_textsize = 2,
  step_increase = 0.1,
  boxwidth = 0.2,
  facetnrow = 1,
  controlgroup = NULL,
  comparelist = NULL,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'alphasample'
ggbox(obj, factorNames, ...)
```

## Arguments

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| obj          | object, <code>alphasample</code> or <code>data.frame</code> (row sample x column features).   |
| factorNames  | character, the names of factor contained in <code>sampleda</code> .   |
| ...          | additional arguments, see also <a href="#">stat_signif</a> .  |
| sampleda     | <code>data.frame</code> , sample information if <code>obj</code> is <code>data.frame</code> , the <code>sampleda</code> should be provided. |
| indexNames   | character, the vector character, should be the names of features contained object.  |
| geom         | character, "boxplot" or "violin", default is "boxplot".   |
| factorLevels | list, the levels of the factors, default is <code>NULL</code> , if you want to order the levels of factor, you can set this.                |

|               |   |
|---------------|---|
| compare       | logical, whether test the features among groups,default is TRUE.  |
| testmethod    | character, the method of test, default is 'wilcox.test'. see also <a href="#">stat_signif</a> .   |
| signifmap     | logical, whether the pvalue are directly written a annotaion or asterisks are used instead, default is (pvalue) FALSE. see also <a href="#">stat_signif</a> . |
| p_textsize    | numeric, the size of text of pvalue or asterisks, default is 2.   |
| step_increase | numeric, see also <a href="#">stat_signif</a> , default is 0.1.   |
| boxwidth      | numeric, the width of boxplot when the geom is 'violin', default is 0.2.  |
| facetnrow     | integer, the nrow of facet, default is 1.   |
| controlgroup  | character, the names of control group, if it was set, the other groups will compare to it, default is NULL.   |
| comparelist   | list, the list of vector, default is NULL.  |

### Value

a 'ggplot' plot object, a box or violine plot.

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

### Examples

```
## Not run:
library(magrittr)
otudafile <- system.file("extdata", "otu_tax_table.txt",
  package="MicrobiotaProcess")
otuda <- read.table(otudafile, sep="\t",
  header=TRUE, row.names=1,
  check.names=FALSE, skip=1,
  comment.char="")
samplefile <- system.file("extdata",
  "sample_info.txt",
  package="MicrobiotaProcess")
sampleda <- read.table(samplefile,
  sep="\t", header=TRUE, row.names=1)
otuda <- otuda[sapply(otuda, is.numeric)] %>% t() %>%
  data.frame(check.names=FALSE)
set.seed(1024)
alphaobj1 <- get_alphaindex(otuda, sampleda=sampleda)
p1 <- ggbox(alphaobj1, factorNames="group")
data(test_otu_data)
test_otu_data %<>% as.phyloseq()
set.seed(1024)
alphaobj2 <- get_alphaindex(test_otu_data)
class(alphaobj2)
head(as.data.frame(alphaobj2))
p2 <- ggbox(alphaobj2, factorNames="group")
# set factor levels.
p3 <- ggbox(obj=alphaobj2, factorNames="group",
```

```

        factorLevels=list(group=c("M", "N", "B", "D")))
# set control group.
p4 <- ggbox(obj=alphaobj2, factorNames="group", controlgroup="B")
  set comparelist
p5 <- ggbox(obj=alphaobj2, factorNames="group",
            comparelist=list(c("B", "D"), c("B", "M"), c("B", "N")))

## End(Not run)

```

---

ggclust

*plot the result of hierarchical cluster analysis for the samples*


---

## Description

plot the result of hierarchical cluster analysis for the samples

## Usage

```

ggclust(obj, ...)

## S3 method for class 'treedata'
ggclust(
  obj,
  layout = "rectangular",
  factorNames = NULL,
  factorLevels = NULL,
  pointsize = 2,
  fontsize = 2.6,
  hjust = -0.1,
  ...
)

```

## Arguments

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| obj          | R object, treedata object.                                       |
| ...          | additional params, see also <a href="#">geom_tippoint</a>        |
| layout       | character, the layout of tree, see also <a href="#">ggtree</a> . |
| factorNames  | character, default is NULL.                                      |
| factorLevels | list, default is NULL.   |
| pointsize    | numeric, the size of point, default is 2.                        |
| fontsize     | numeric, the size of text of tiplabel, default is 2.6.           |
| hjust        | numeric, default is -0.1   |

## Value

the figures of hierarchical cluster.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
library(phyloseq)
library(ggtree)
library(ggplot2)
data(GlobalPatterns)
subGlobal <- subset_samples(GlobalPatterns,
  SampleType %in% c("Feces", "Mock", "Ocean", "Skin"))
hcsample <- get_clust(subGlobal, distmethod="jaccard",
  method="hellinger", hclustmethod="average")
hc_p <- ggclust(hcsample, layout = "rectangular",
  pointsize=1, fontsize=0,
  factorNames=c("SampleType")) +
  theme_tree2(legend.position="right",
  plot.title = element_text(face="bold", lineheight=25,hjust=0.5))

## End(Not run)
```

---

`ggdiffbox`*boxplot for the result of diff\_analysis*

---

**Description**

boxplot for the result of diff\_analysis

**Usage**

```
ggdiffbox(obj, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'diffAnalysisClass'
ggdiffbox(
  obj,
  geom = "boxplot",
  box_notch = TRUE,
  box_width = 0.05,
  dodge_width = 0.6,
  addLDA = TRUE,
  factorLevels = NULL,
  featurelist = NULL,
  removeUnknown = TRUE,
  colorlist = NULL,
  l_xlabtext = NULL,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

|               |  |
|---------------|--|
| obj           | object, diffAnalysisClass class.   |
| ...           | additional arguments.  |
| geom          | character, "boxplot" or "violin", default is "boxplot".  |
| box_notch     | logical, see also 'notch' of <a href="#">geom_boxplot</a> , default is TRUE.                                   |
| box_width     | numeric, the width of boxplot, default is 0.05   |
| dodge_width   | numeric, the width of dodge of boxplot, default is 0.6.  |
| addLDA        | logical, whether add the plot to visualize the result of LDA, default is TRUE.                                 |
| factorLevels  | list, the levels of the factors, default is NULL, if you want to order the levels of factor, you can set this. |
| featurelist   | vector, the character vector, the sub feature of originalID in diffAnalysisClass, default is NULL.             |
| removeUnknown | logical, whether remove the unknown taxonomy, default is TRUE.   |
| colorlist     | character, the color vector, default is NULL.  |
| l_xlabtext    | character, the x axis text of left panel, default is NULL.   |

**Value**

a 'ggplot' plot object, a box or violine plot for the result of diffAnalysisClass.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
data(kostic2012crc)
kostic2012crc %<>% as.phyloseq()
head(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc), 3)
kostic2012crc <- phyloseq::rarefy_even_depth(kostic2012crc,
                                             rngseed=1024)
table(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc)$DIAGNOSIS)
set.seed(1024)
diffres <- diff_analysis(kostic2012crc, classgroup="DIAGNOSIS",
                        mlfun="lda", filtermod="fdr",
                        firstcomfun = "kruskal.test",
                        firstalpha=0.05, strictmod=TRUE,
                        secondcomfun = "wilcox.test",
                        subclmin=3, subclwilc=TRUE,
                        secondalpha=0.01, ldascore=3)

library(ggplot2)
p <- ggdiffbox(diffres, box_notch=FALSE, l_xlabtext="relative abundance")
# set factor levels
p2 <- ggdiffbox(diffres, box_notch=FALSE, l_xlabtext="relative abundance",
                factorLevels=list(DIAGNOSIS=c("Tumor", "Healthy")))

## End(Not run)
```

---

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| ggdiffclade | <i>plot the clade tree with highlight</i> |
|-------------|---|

---

### Description

plot results of different analysis or data.frame, contained hierarchical relationship or other classes, such like the tax\_data of phyloseq.

### Usage

```
ggdiffclade(obj, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'  
ggdiffclade(  
  obj,  
  nodedf,  
  factorName,  
  size,  
  layout = "radial",  
  linewidth = 0.6,  
  bg.tree.color = "#bed0d1",  
  bg.point.color = "#bed0d1",  
  bg.point.stroke = 0.2,  
  bg.point.fill = "white",  
  skpointsize = 2,  
  highlight.size = 0.2,  
  alpha = 0.4,  
  taxlevel = 5,  
  cladetext = 2.5,  
  tip.annot = TRUE,  
  as.tiplab = TRUE,  
  factorLevels = NULL,  
  xlim = 12,  
  removeUnknown = FALSE,  
  reduce = FALSE,  
  type = "species",  
  ...  
)  
  
## S3 method for class 'diffAnalysisClass'  
ggdiffclade(obj, size, removeUnknown = TRUE, ...)
```

### Arguments

|     |   |
|-----|---|
| obj | object, diffAnalysisClass, the results of diff_analysis see also <a href="#">diff_analysis</a> , or data.frame, contained hierarchical relationship or other classes. |
| ... | additional parameters.  |

|                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| nodedf          | data.frame, contained the tax and the factor information and(or pvalue).   |
| factorName      | character, the names of factor in nodedf.  |
| size            | the column name for mapping the size of points, default is 'pvalue'.   |
| layout          | character, the layout of ggtree, but only "rectangular", "roundrect", "ellipse", "radial", "slanted", "inward_circular" and "circular" in here, default is "radial".                         |
| linewidth       | numeric, the size of segment of ggtree, default is 0.6.  |
| bg.tree.color   | character, the line color of tree, default is '#bed0d1'.   |
| bg.point.color  | character, the color of margin of background node points of tree, default is '#bed0d1'.  |
| bg.point.stroke | numeric, the margin thickness of point of background nodes of tree, default is 0.2 .   |
| bg.point.fill   | character, the point fill (since point shape is 21) of background nodes of tree, default is 'white'.   |
| skpointsize     | numeric, the point size of skeleton of tree, default is 2.   |
| hilight.size    | numeric, the margin thickness of high light clade, default is 0.2.   |
| alpha           | numeric, the alpha of clade, default is 0.4.   |
| taxlevel        | positive integer, the full text of clade, default is 5.  |
| cladetext       | numeric, the size of text of clade, default is 2.  |
| tip.annot       | logical whether to replace the differential tip labels with shorthand, default is TRUE.  |
| as.tiplab       | logical, whether to display the differential tip labels with 'geom_tiplab' of 'ggtree', default is TRUE, if it is FALSE, it will use 'geom_text_repel' of 'ggrepel'.                         |
| factorLevels    | list, the levels of the factors, default is NULL, if you want to order the levels of factor, you can set this.   |
| xlim            | numeric, the x limits, only works for 'inward_circular' layout, default is 12.   |
| removeUnknown   | logical, whether do not show unknown taxonomy, default is TRUE.  |
| reduce          | logical, whether remove the unassigned taxonomy, which will remove the clade of unassigned taxonomy, but the result of 'diff_analysis' should remove the unknown taxonomy, default is FALSE. |
| type            | character, the type of datasets, default is "species", if the dataset is not about species, such as dataset of kegg function, you should set it to "others".                                 |

**Value**

figures of tax clade show the significant different feature.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
data(kostic2012crc)
kostic2012crc %<>% as.phyloseq()
head(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc),3)
kostic2012crc <- phyloseq::rarefy_even_depth(kostic2012crc,
                                             rngseed=1024)
table(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc)$DIAGNOSIS)
set.seed(1024)
diffres <- diff_analysis(kostic2012crc, classgroup="DIAGNOSIS",
                        mlfun="lda", filtermod="fdr",
                        firstcomfun = "kruskal.test",
                        firstalpha=0.05, strictmod=TRUE,
                        secondcomfun = "wilcox.test",
                        subclmin=3, subclwilc=TRUE,
                        secondalpha=0.01, ldascore=3)

library(ggplot2)
diffcladeplot <- ggdiffclade(diffres,alpha=0.3, linewidth=0.2,
                             skpointsize=0.4,
                             taxlevel=5) +
  scale_fill_diff_cladogram(
    values=c('#00AED7',
             '#FD9347'
            )
  ) +
  scale_size_continuous(range = c(1, 3))

## End(Not run)
```

---

ggdifftaxbar

*significantly discriminative feature barplot*


---

**Description**

significantly discriminative feature barplot

**Usage**

```
ggdifftaxbar(obj, ...)
```

```
ggdiffbartaxa(obj, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'diffAnalysisClass'
ggdifftaxbar(
  obj,
  filepath = NULL,
  output = "biomarker_barplot",
  removeUnknown = TRUE,
  figwidth = 6,
```

```

    figheight = 3,
    ylabel = "relative abundance",
    format = "pdf",
    dpi = 300,
    ...
)

## S3 method for class 'featureMeanMedian'
ggdiffntaxbar(
  obj,
  featurename,
  classgroup,
  subclass,
  xtextsize = 3,
  factorLevels = NULL,
  coloslist = NULL,
  ylabel = "relative abundance",
  ...
)

```

### Arguments

|               |  |
|---------------|--|
| obj           | object, diffAnalysisClass see also <a href="#">diff_analysis</a> or feMeanMedian class, see also <a href="#">get_mean_median</a> . |
| ...           | additional arguments.  |
| filepath      | character, default is NULL, meaning current path.  |
| output        | character, the output dir name, default is "biomarker_barplot".  |
| removeUnknown | logical, whether do not show unknown taxonomy, default is TRUE.  |
| figwidth      | numeric, the width of figures, default is 6.   |
| figheight     | numeric, the height of figures, default is 3.  |
| ylabel        | character, the label of y, default is 'relative abundance'.  |
| format        | character, the format of figure, default is pdf, png, tiff also be supported.  |
| dpi           | numeric, the dpi of output, default is 300.  |
| featurename   | character, the feature name, contained at the objet.   |
| classgroup    | character, factor name.  |
| subclass      | character, factor name.  |
| xtextsize     | numeric, the size of axis x label, default is 3.   |
| factorLevels  | list, the levels of the factors, default is NULL, if you want to order the levels of factor, you can set this.                     |
| coloslist     | vector, color vector, if the input is phyloseq, you should use this to adjust the color, not scale_color_manual.                   |

### Value

the figures of features show the distributions in samples.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
data(kostic2012crc)
kostic2012crc %<>% as.phyloseq()
head(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc),3)
kostic2012crc <- phyloseq::rarefy_even_depth(kostic2012crc,
                                             rngseed=1024)
table(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc)$DIAGNOSIS)
set.seed(1024)
diffres <- diff_analysis(kostic2012crc, classgroup="DIAGNOSIS",
                        mlfun="lda", filtermod="fdr",
                        firstcomfun = "kruskal.test",
                        firstalpha=0.05, strictmod=TRUE,
                        secondcomfun = "wilcox.test",
                        subclmin=3, subclwilc=TRUE,
                        secondalpha=0.01, ldascore=3)
ggdifftaxbar(diffres, output="biomarker_barplot")

## End(Not run)
```

---

ggeffectsize

*visualization of effect size by the Linear Discriminant Analysis or randomForest*

---

**Description**

visualization of effect size by the Linear Discriminant Analysis or randomForest

**Usage**

```
ggeffectsize(obj, ...)

## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
ggeffectsize(
  obj,
  factorName,
  effectsizename,
  factorLevels = NULL,
  linecolor = "grey50",
  linewidth = 0.4,
  lineheight = 0.2,
  pointsize = 1.5,
  setFacet = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

```
)

## S3 method for class 'diffAnalysisClass'
ggeffectsize(obj, removeUnknown = TRUE, setFacet = TRUE, ...)
```

### Arguments

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| obj            | object, diffAnalysisClass see <a href="#">diff_analysis</a> , or data.frame, contained effect size and the group information. |
| ...            | additional arguments.   |
| factorName     | character, the column name contained group information in data.frame.   |
| effectsizeName | character, the column name contained effect size information.   |
| factorLevels   | list, the levels of the factors, default is NULL, if you want to order the levels of factor, you can set this.                |
| linecolor      | character, the color of horizontal error bars, default is grey50.   |
| linewidth      | numeric, the width of horizontal error bars, default is 0.4.  |
| lineheight     | numeric, the height of horizontal error bars, default is 0.2.   |
| pointsize      | numeric, the size of points, default is 1.5.  |
| setFacet       | logical, whether use facet to plot, default is TRUE.  |
| removeUnknown  | logical, whether do not show unknown taxonomy, default is TRUE.   |

### Value

the figures of effect size show the LDA or MDA (MeanDecreaseAccuracy).

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

### Examples

```
## Not run:
data(kostic2012crc)
kostic2012crc %<>% as.phyloseq()
head(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc),3)
kostic2012crc <- phyloseq::rarefy_even_depth(kostic2012crc, rngseed=1024)
table(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc)$DIAGNOSIS)
set.seed(1024)
diffres <- diff_analysis(kostic2012crc, classgroup="DIAGNOSIS",
                        mlfun="lda", filtermod="fdr",
                        firstcomfun = "kruskal.test",
                        firstalpha=0.05, strictmod=TRUE,
                        secondcomfun = "wilcox.test",
                        subclmin=3, subclwilc=TRUE,
                        secondalpha=0.01, ldascore=3)

library(ggplot2)
effectplot <- ggeffectsize(diffres) +
  scale_color_manual(values=c('#00AED7',
```

```
                                '#FD9347',  
                                '#C1E168'))+  
  theme_bw()+  
  theme(strip.background=element_rect(fill=NA),  
        panel.spacing = unit(0.2, "mm"),  
        panel.grid=element_blank(),  
        strip.text.y=element_blank())  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

ggordpoint

*ordination plotter based on ggplot2.*

---

## Description

ordination plotter based on ggplot2.

## Usage

```
ggordpoint(obj, ...)  
  
## Default S3 method:  
ggordpoint(  
  obj,  
  pc = c(1, 2),  
  mapping = NULL,  
  sampled = NULL,  
  factorNames = NULL,  
  factorLevels = NULL,  
  poinsize = 2,  
  linesize = 0.3,  
  arrowsize = 1.5,  
  arrowlinecolour = "grey",  
  ellipse = FALSE,  
  showsample = FALSE,  
  ellipse_pro = 0.9,  
  ellipse_alpha = 0.2,  
  ellipse_linewd = 0.5,  
  ellipse_lty = 3,  
  biplot = FALSE,  
  topn = 5,  
  settheme = TRUE,  
  speciesannot = FALSE,  
  fontsize = 2.5,  
  labelfactor = NULL,  
  stroke = 0.1,  
  fontface = "bold.italic",  
  fontfamily = "sans",
```

```

    textlinesize = 0.02,
    ...
)

## S3 method for class 'pcasample'
ggordpoint(obj, ...)

```

## Arguments

|                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| obj             | prcomp class or pcasample class,   |
| ...             | additional parameters, see <a href="#">geom_text_repel</a> .   |
| pc              | integer vector, the component index.   |
| mapping         | set of aesthetic mapping of ggplot2, default is NULL when your want to set it by yourself, only alpha can be setted, and the first element of factorNames has been setted to map 'fill', and the second element of factorNames has been setted to map 'starshape', you can add 'scale_starshape_manual' of 'ggstar' to set the shapes. |
| sampleda        | data.frame, nrow sample * ncol factors, default is NULL.   |
| factorNames     | vector, the names of factors contained sampleda.   |
| factorLevels    | list, the levels of the factors, default is NULL, if you want to order the levels of factor, you can set this.   |
| poinsize        | numeric, the size of point, default is 2.  |
| linesize        | numeric, the line size of segment, default is 0.3.   |
| arrowsize       | numeric, the size of arrow, default is 1.5.  |
| arrowlinecolour | character, the color of segment, default is grey.  |
| ellipse         | logical, whether add confidence ellipse to ordinary plot, default is FALSE.  |
| showsample      | logical, whether show the labels of sample, default is FALSE.  |
| ellipse_pro     | numeric, confidence value for the ellipse, default is 0.9.   |
| ellipse_alpha   | numeric, the alpha of ellipse, default is 0.2.   |
| ellipse_linewd  | numeric, the width of ellipse line, default is 0.5.  |
| ellipse_lty     | integer, the type of ellipse line, default is 3  |
| biplot          | logical, whether plot the species, default is FALSE.   |
| topn            | integer or vector, the number species have top important contribution, default is 5.   |
| settheme        | logical, whether set the theme for the plot, default is TRUE.  |
| speciesannot    | logical, whether plot the species, default is FALSE.   |
| fontsize        | numeric, the size of text, default is 2.5.   |
| labelfactor     | character, the factor want to be show in label, default is NULL.   |
| stroke          | numeric, the line size of points, default is 0.1.  |
| fontface        | character, the font face, default is "blod.italic".  |
| fontfamily      | character, the font family, default is "sans".   |
| textlinesize    | numeric, the segment size in <a href="#">geom_text_repel</a> .   |

**Value**

point figures of PCA or PCoA.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
library(phyloseq)
data(GlobalPatterns)
subGlobal <- subset_samples(GlobalPatterns,
  SampleType %in% c("Feces", "Mock", "Ocean", "Skin"))
pcares <- get_pca(subGlobal, method="hellinger")
pcaplot <- ggordpoint(pcares, biplot=TRUE,
  speciesannot=TRUE,
  factorNames=c("SampleType"), ellipse=TRUE)

## End(Not run)
```

---

ggrarecurve

*Rarefaction alpha index*

---

**Description**

Rarefaction alpha index

**Usage**

```
ggrarecurve(obj, ...)

## S3 method for class 'phyloseq'
ggrarecurve(obj, chunks = 400, factorLevels = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
ggrarecurve(obj, sampled, factorLevels, chunks = 400, ...)

## S3 method for class 'rarecurve'
ggrarecurve(
  obj,
  indexNames = "Observe",
  linesize = 0.5,
  facetnrow = 1,
  shadow = TRUE,
  factorNames,
  se = FALSE,
  method = "lm",
```

```

    formula = y ~ log(x),
    ...
  )

```

### Arguments

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| obj          | phyloseq, phyloseq class or data.frame shape of data.frame (nrow sample * ncol feature ( + factor)).           |
| ...          | additional parameters, see also <a href="#">ggplot2{ggplot}</a> .  |
| chunks       | integer, the number of subsample in a sample, default is 400.  |
| factorLevels | list, the levels of the factors, default is NULL, if you want to order the levels of factor, you can set this. |
| sampleda     | data.frame, (nrow sample * ncol factor)  |
| indexNames   | character, default is "Observe", only for "Observe", "Chao1", "ACE".   |
| linesize     | integer, default is 0.5.   |
| facetnrow    | integer, the nrow of facet, default is 1.  |
| shadow       | logical, whether merge samples with group (factorNames) and display the ribbon of group, default is TRUE.      |
| factorNames  | character, default is missing.   |
| se           | logical, default is FALSE.   |
| method       | character, default is lm.  |
| formula      | formula, default is 'y ~ log(x)'   |

### Value

figure of rarefaction curves

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

### Examples

```

## Not run:
data(test_otu_data)
test_otu_data %<>% as.phyloseq()
library(ggplot2)
prare <- ggrarecurve(test_otu_data,
  indexNames=c("Observe", "Chao1", "ACE"),
  shadow=FALSE,
  factorNames="group"
) +
  theme(legend.spacing.y=unit(0.02, "cm"),
    legend.text=element_text(size=6))

## End(Not run)

```

---

`ImportDada2`*Import function to load the feature table and taxonomy table of dada2*

---

**Description**

the function can import the output of `dada2`, and generate the `phyloseq` object containing the argument class.

**Usage**

```
import_dada2(seqtab, taxatab = NULL, reftree = NULL, sampleda = NULL, ...)
```

```
mp_import_dada2(seqtab, taxatab = NULL, reftree = NULL, sampleda = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| <code>seqtab</code>   | matrix, feature table, the output of <code>removeBimeraDenovo</code> .   |
| <code>taxatab</code>  | matrix, a taxonomic table, the output of <code>assignTaxonomy</code> , or the output of <code>addSpecies</code> .              |
| <code>reftree</code>  | phylo, treedata or character, the treedata or phylo class of tree, or the tree file.   |
| <code>sampleda</code> | data.frame or character, the data.frame of sample information, or the file of sample information, nrow samples X ncol factors. |
| <code>...</code>      | additional parameters.   |

**Value**

`phyloseq` class containing the argument class.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
seqtabfile <- system.file("extdata", "seqtab.nochim.rds",  
                          package="MicrobiotaProcess")  
taxafile <- system.file("extdata", "taxa_tab.rds",  
                       package="MicrobiotaProcess")  
seqtab <- readRDS(seqtabfile)  
taxa <- readRDS(taxafile)  
sampleda <- system.file("extdata", "mouse.time.dada2.txt",  
                       package="MicrobiotaProcess")  
mpse <- mp_import_dada2(seqtab=seqtab, taxatab=taxa,  
                       sampleda=sampleda)  
mpse
```

---

 ImportQiime2

---

*Import function to load the output of qiime2.*


---

### Description

The function was designed to import the output of qiime2 and convert them to phyloseq class.

### Usage

```
import_qiime2(
  otuqza,
  taxaqa = NULL,
  mapfilename = NULL,
  refseqqza = NULL,
  treeqza = NULL,
  parallel = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

```
mp_import_qiime2(
  otuqza,
  taxaqa = NULL,
  mapfilename = NULL,
  refseqqza = NULL,
  treeqza = NULL,
  parallel = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

### Arguments

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| otuqza      | character, the file contained otu table, the ouput of qiime2.   |
| taxaqa      | character, the file contained taxonomy, the ouput of qiime2, default is NULL.   |
| mapfilename | character, the file contained sample information, the tsv format, default is NULL.  |
| refseqqza   | character, the file contained reference sequences or the XStringSet object, default is NULL.  |
| treeqza     | character, the file contained the tree file or treedata object, which is the result parsed by functions of treeio, default is NULL. |
| parallel    | logical, whether parsing the column of taxonomy multi-parallel, default is FALSE.   |
| ...         | additional parameters.  |

### Value

MPSE-class or phyloseq-class contained the argument class.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
otuqzafile <- system.file("extdata", "table.qza",
                          package="MicrobiotaProcess")
taxaqzafile <- system.file("extdata", "taxa.qza",
                          package="MicrobiotaProcess")
mapfile <- system.file("extdata", "metadata_qza.txt",
                      package="MicrobiotaProcess")
mpse <- mp_import_qiime2(otuqza=otuqzafile, taxaqa=taxaqzafile,
                       mapfilename=mapfile)
mpse
```

---

|                 |                               |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| mouse.time.mpse | <i>(Data) An example data</i> |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|

---

**Description**

This is a MPSE object example data.

---

|      |                                |
|------|--------------------------------|
| MPSE | <i>Construct a MPSE object</i> |
|------|--------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Construct a MPSE object

**Usage**

```
MPSE(  
  assays,  
  colData = NULL,  
  otutree = NULL,  
  taxatree = NULL,  
  refseq = NULL,  
  ...  
)
```

**Arguments**

|          |  |
|----------|--|
| assays   | A 'list' or 'SimpleList' of matrix-like elements All elements of the list must have the same dimensions, we also recommend they have names, e.g. list(Abundance=xx1, RareAbundance=xx2). |
| colData  | An optional DataFrame describing the samples.  |
| otutree  | A treedata object of tidytree package, the result parsed by the functions of treeio.   |
| taxatree | A treedata object of tidytree package, the result parsed by the functions of treeio.   |
| refseq   | A XStingSet object of Biostrings package, the result parsed by the readDNAS-tringSet or readAAStringSet of Biostrings.   |
| ...      | additional parameters, see also the usage of <a href="#">SummarizedExperiment</a> .  |

**Value**

MPSE object

**Examples**

```
set.seed(123)
xx <- matrix(abs(round(rnorm(100, sd=4), 0)), 10)
xx <- data.frame(xx)
rownames(xx) <- paste0("row", seq_len(10))
mpse <- MPSE(assays=xx)
mpse
```

---

MPSE-accessors

*MPSE accessors*

---

**Description**

MPSE accessors

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'MPSE,ANY,ANY,ANY'
x[i, j, ..., drop = TRUE]

## S4 replacement method for signature 'MPSE,DataFrame'
colData(x, ...) <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'MPSE,NULL'
colData(x, ...) <- value

tax_table(object)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
tax_table(object)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'  
tax_table(object)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'  
tax_table(object)  
  
otutree(x, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'  
otutree(x, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'  
otutree(x, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'  
otutree(x, ...)  
  
otutree(x, ...) <- value  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'MPSE,treedata'  
otutree(x, ...) <- value  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'MPSE,phylo'  
otutree(x, ...) <- value  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'MPSE,NULL'  
otutree(x, ...) <- value  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'tbl_mpse,treedata'  
otutree(x, ...) <- value  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse,treedata'  
otutree(x, ...) <- value  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'tbl_mpse,NULL'  
otutree(x, ...) <- value  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse,NULL'  
otutree(x, ...) <- value  
  
taxatree(x, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'  
taxatree(x, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'  
taxatree(x, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'  
taxatree(x, ...)  
  
taxatree(x, ...) <- value  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'MPSE,treedata'  
taxatree(x, ...) <- value  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'MPSE,NULL'  
taxatree(x, ...) <- value  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'tbl_mpse,treedata'  
taxatree(x, ...) <- value  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'tbl_mpse,NULL'  
taxatree(x, ...) <- value  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse,treedata'  
taxatree(x, ...) <- value  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse,NULL'  
taxatree(x, ...) <- value  
  
taxonomy(x, ...) <- value  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'MPSE,data.frame'  
taxonomy(x, ...) <- value  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'MPSE,matrix'  
taxonomy(x, ...) <- value  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'MPSE,taxonomyTable'  
taxonomy(x, ...) <- value  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'MPSE,NULL'  
taxonomy(x, ...) <- value  
  
refsequence(x, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'  
refsequence(x, ...)  
  
refsequence(x, ...) <- value  
  
## S4 replacement method for signature 'MPSE,XStringSet'  
refsequence(x, ...) <- value
```

```
## S4 replacement method for signature 'MPSE,NULL'
refsequence(x, ...) <- value
```

```
## S4 replacement method for signature 'MPSE'
rownames(x) <- value
```

### Arguments

|           |  |
|-----------|--|
| x         | MPSE object  |
| i, j, ... | Indices specifying elements to extract or replace. Indices are 'numeric' or 'character' vectors or empty (missing) or NULL. Numeric values are coerced to integer as by 'as.integer' (and hence truncated towards zero). Character vectors will be matched to the 'names' of the object (or for matrices/arrays, the 'dimnames') |
| drop      | logical If 'TRUE' the result is coerced to the lowest possible dimension (see the examples). This only works for extracting elements, not for the replacement.   |
| value     | XStringSet object or NULL  |
| object    | parameter of tax_table, R object, MPSE class in here.  |

### Value

taxonomyTable class

---

MPSE-class

*MPSE class*

---

### Description

MPSE class

### Slots

otutree A treedata object of tidytree package or NULL.

taxatree A treedata object of tidytree package or NULL.

refseq A XStringSet object of Biostrings package or NULL.

... Other slots from [SummarizedExperiment](#)

---

`mp_adonis`*Permutational Multivariate Analysis of Variance Using Distance Matrices for MPSE or tbl\_mpse object*

---

**Description**

Permutational Multivariate Analysis of Variance Using Distance Matrices for MPSE or tbl\_mpse object

**Usage**

```
mp_adonis(  
  .data,  
  .abundance,  
  .formula,  
  distmethod = "bray",  
  action = "get",  
  permutations = 999,  
  seed = 123,  
  ...  
)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'  
mp_adonis(  
  .data,  
  .abundance,  
  .formula,  
  distmethod = "bray",  
  action = "get",  
  permutations = 999,  
  seed = 123,  
  ...  
)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'  
mp_adonis(  
  .data,  
  .abundance,  
  .formula,  
  distmethod = "bray",  
  action = "get",  
  permutations = 999,  
  seed = 123,  
  ...  
)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
```

```

mp_adonis(
  .data,
  .abundance,
  .formula,
  distmethod = "bray",
  action = "get",
  permutations = 999,
  seed = 123,
  ...
)

```

### Arguments

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| .data        | MPSE or tbl_mpse object  |
| .abundance   | the name of abundance to be calculated.  |
| .formula     | Model formula right hand side gives the continuous variables or factors, and keep left empty, such as ~ group, it is required.   |
| distmethod   | character the method to calculate pairwise distances, default is 'bray'.   |
| action       | character "add" joins the cca result to the object, "only" return a non-redundant tibble with the cca result. "get" return 'cca' object can be analyzed using the related vegan funtion. |
| permutations | the number of permutations required, default is 999.   |
| seed         | a random seed to make the adonis analysis reproducible, default is 123.  |
| ...          | additional parameters see also 'adonis2' of vegan.   |

### Value

update object according action argument

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

### Examples

```

data(mouse.time.mpse)
mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_decostand(
    .abundance=Abundance,
    method="hellinger") %>%
  mp_adonis(.abundance=hellinger,
            .formula=~time,
            distmethod="bray",
            permutations=999, # for more robust, set it to 9999.
            action="get")

```

---

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| mp_aggregate | <i>aggregate the assays with the specific group of sample and fun.</i> |
|--------------|--|

---

### Description

aggregate the assays with the specific group of sample and fun.

### Usage

```
mp_aggregate(.data, .abundance, .group, fun = sum, keep_colData = TRUE, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'  
mp_aggregate(.data, .abundance, .group, fun = sum, keep_colData = TRUE, ...)
```

### Arguments

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| .data        | MPSE object, required   |
| .abundance   | the column names of abundance, default is Abundance.                                    |
| .group       | the column names of sample meta-data, required  |
| fun          | a function to compute the summary statistics, default is sum.                           |
| keep_colData | logical whether to keep the sample meta-data with .group as row names, default is TRUE. |
| ...          | additional parameters, see also <a href="#">aggregate</a> .                             |

### Value

a new object with .group as column names in assays

### Examples

```
## Not run:  
data(mouse.time.mpse)  
newmpse <- mouse.time.mpse %>%  
  mp_aggregate(.group = time)  
newmpse  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| mp_aggregate_clade | <i>calculate the mean/median (relative) abundance of internal nodes according to their children tips.</i> |
|--------------------|---|

---

**Description**

calculate the mean/median (relative) abundance of internal nodes according to their children tips.

**Usage**

```
mp_aggregate_clade(  
  .data,  
  .abundance = NULL,  
  force = FALSE,  
  relative = TRUE,  
  aggregate_fun = c("mean", "median", "geometric.mean"),  
  action = "get",  
  ...  
)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
```

```
mp_aggregate_clade(  
  .data,  
  .abundance = NULL,  
  force = FALSE,  
  relative = TRUE,  
  aggregate_fun = c("mean", "median", "geometric.mean"),  
  action = "get",  
  ...  
)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
```

```
mp_aggregate_clade(  
  .data,  
  .abundance = NULL,  
  force = FALSE,  
  relative = TRUE,  
  aggregate_fun = c("mean", "median", "geometric.mean"),  
  action = "get",  
  ...  
)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
```

```
mp_aggregate_clade(  
  .data,  
  .abundance = NULL,  
  force = FALSE,
```

```

    relative = TRUE,
    aggregate_fun = c("mean", "median", "geometric.mean"),
    action = "get",
    ...
  )

```

### Arguments

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <code>.data</code>         | MPSE object which must contain otutree slot, required  |
| <code>.abundance</code>    | the column names of abundance.   |
| <code>force</code>         | logical whether calculate the (relative) abundance forcibly when the abundance is not be rarefied, default is FALSE.   |
| <code>relative</code>      | logical whether calculate the relative abundance.  |
| <code>aggregate_fun</code> | function the method to calculate the (relative) abundance of internal nodes according to their children tips, default is 'mean', other options are 'median', 'geometric.mean'.   |
| <code>action</code>        | character, "add" joins the new information to the otutree slot if it exists (default). In addition, "only" return a non-redundant tibble with the just new information. "get" return a new 'mpse', which the features is the internal nodes. |
| <code>...</code>           | additional parameters, meaningless now.  |

### Value

a object according to 'action' argument.

### Examples

```

## Not run:
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(curatedMetagenomicData))
xx <- curatedMetagenomicData('ZellerG_2014.relative_abundance', dryrun=F)
xx[[1]] %>% as.mpse -> mpse
otu.tree <- mpse %>%
  mp_aggregate_clade(
    .abundance = Abundance,
    force = TRUE,
    relative = FALSE,
    action = 'get' # other option is 'add' or 'only'.
  )
otu.tree

## End(Not run)

```

---

`mp_anosim`*Analysis of Similarities (ANOSIM) with MPSE or tbl\_mpse object*

---

**Description**

Analysis of Similarities (ANOSIM) with MPSE or tbl\_mpse object

**Usage**

```
mp_anosim(  
  .data,  
  .abundance,  
  .group,  
  distmethod = "bray",  
  action = "add",  
  permutations = 999,  
  seed = 123,  
  ...  
)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'  
mp_anosim(  
  .data,  
  .abundance,  
  .group,  
  distmethod = "bray",  
  action = "add",  
  permutations = 999,  
  seed = 123,  
  ...  
)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'  
mp_anosim(  
  .data,  
  .abundance,  
  .group,  
  distmethod = "bray",  
  action = "add",  
  permutations = 999,  
  seed = 123,  
  ...  
)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'  
mp_anosim(  
  .data,
```

```

.abundance,
.group,
distmethod = "bray",
action = "add",
permutations = 999,
seed = 123,
...
)

```

### Arguments

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| .data        | MPSE or tbl_mpse object  |
| .abundance   | the name of abundance to be calculated.  |
| .group       | The name of the column of the sample group information.  |
| distmethod   | character the method to calculate pairwise distances, default is 'bray'.   |
| action       | character "add" joins the ANOSIM result to internal attribute of the object, "only" and "get" return 'anosim' object can be analyzed using the related vegan function. |
| permutations | the number of permutations required, default is 999.   |
| seed         | a random seed to make the ANOSIM analysis reproducible, default is 123.  |
| ...          | additional parameters see also 'anosim' of vegan.  |

### Value

update object according action argument

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

### Examples

```

data(mouse.time.mpse)
mouse.time.mpse %<>%
  mp_decostand(.abundance=Abundance)
# action = "get" will return a anosim object
mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_anosim(.abundance=hellinger, .group=time, action="get")
# action = "only" will return a tbl_df that can be as the input of ggplot2.
library(ggplot2)
tbl <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_anosim(.abundance=hellinger,
            .group=time,
            permutations=999, # for more robust, set it to 9999
            action="only")

tbl
tbl %>%
ggplot(aes(x=class, y=rank, fill=class)) +
geom_boxplot(notch=TRUE, varwidth = TRUE)

```

---

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| mp_balance_clade | <i>Calculating the balance score of internal nodes (clade) according to the geometric.mean/mean/median abundance of their binary children tips.</i> |
|------------------|---|

---

### Description

Calculating the balance score of internal nodes (clade) according to the geometric.mean/mean/median abundance of their binary children tips.

### Usage

```
mp_balance_clade(  
  .data,  
  .abundance = NULL,  
  force = FALSE,  
  relative = TRUE,  
  balance_fun = c("geometric.mean", "mean", "median"),  
  pseudonum = 0.001,  
  action = "get",  
  ...  
)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'  
mp_balance_clade(  
  .data,  
  .abundance = NULL,  
  force = FALSE,  
  relative = TRUE,  
  balance_fun = c("geometric.mean", "mean", "median"),  
  pseudonum = 0.001,  
  action = "get",  
  ...  
)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'  
mp_balance_clade(  
  .data,  
  .abundance = NULL,  
  force = FALSE,  
  relative = TRUE,  
  balance_fun = c("geometric.mean", "mean", "median"),  
  pseudonum = 0.001,  
  action = "get",  
  ...  
)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_balance_clade(
  .data,
  .abundance = NULL,
  force = FALSE,
  relative = TRUE,
  balance_fun = c("geometric.mean", "mean", "median"),
  pseudonum = 0.001,
  action = "get",
  ...
)
```

### Arguments

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| .data       | MPSE object which must contain otutree slot, required  |
| .abundance  | the column names of abundance.   |
| force       | logical whether calculate the (relative) abundance forcibly when the abundance is not be rarefied, default is FALSE.   |
| relative    | logical whether calculate the relative abundance.  |
| balance_fun | function the method to calculate the (relative) abundance of internal nodes according to their children tips, default is 'geometric.mean', other options are 'mean' and 'median'.  |
| pseudonum   | numeric add a pseudo numeric to avoid the error of division in calculation, default is 0.001 .   |
| action      | character, "add" joins the new information to the otutree slot if it exists (default). In addition, "only" return a non-redundant tibble with the just new information. "get" return a new 'MPSE' object, and the 'OTU' column is the internal nodes and 'Abundance' column is the balance scores. |
| ...         | additional parameters, meaningless now.  |

### Value

a object according to 'action' argument.

### References

Morton JT, Sanders J, Quinn RA, McDonald D, Gonzalez A, Vázquez-Baeza Y, Navas-Molina JA, Song SJ, Metcalf JL, Hyde ER, Lladser M, Dorrestein PC, Knight R. 2017. Balance trees reveal microbial niche differentiation. *mSystems* 2:e00162-16. <https://doi.org/10.1128/mSystems.00162-16>.

Justin D Silverman, Alex D Washburne, Sayan Mukherjee, Lawrence A David. A phylogenetic transform enhances analysis of compositional microbiota data. *eLife* 2017;6:e21887. <https://doi.org/10.7554/eLife.21887.001>

### Examples

```
## Not run:
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(curatedMetagenomicData))
```

```

xx <- curatedMetagenomicData('ZellerG_2014.relative_abundance', dryrun=F)
xx[[1]] %>% as.mpse -> mpse
mpse.balance.clade <- mpse %>%
  mp_balance_clade(
    .abundance = Abundance,
    force = TRUE,
    relative = FALSE,
    action = 'get',
    pseudonum = .01
  )
mpse.balance.clade

# Performing the Euclidean distance or PCA.

mpse.balance.clade %>%
  mp_cal_dist(.abundance = Abundance, distmethod = 'euclidean') %>%
  mp_plot_dist(.distmethod = 'euclidean', .group = disease, group.test = T)

mpse.balance.clade %>%
  mp_adonis(.abundance = Abundance, .formula=~disease, distmethod = 'euclidean', permutation = 9999)

mpse.balance.clade %>%
  mp_cal_pca(.abundance = Abundance) %>%
  mp_plot_ord(.group = disease)

# Detecting the signal balance nodes.
mpse.balance.clade %>% mp_diff_analysis(
  .abundance = Abundance,
  force = TRUE,
  relative = FALSE,
  .group = disease,
  fc.method = 'compare_mean'
)

## End(Not run)

```

---

|                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| mp_cal_abundance | <i>Calculate the (relative) abundance of each taxonomy class for each sample or group.</i> |
|------------------|--|

---

## Description

Calculate the (relative) abundance of each taxonomy class for each sample or group.

## Usage

```

mp_cal_abundance(
  .data,
  .abundance = NULL,
  .group = NULL,

```

```

    relative = TRUE,
    action = "add",
    force = FALSE,
    ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_cal_abundance(
  .data,
  .abundance = NULL,
  .group = NULL,
  relative = TRUE,
  action = "add",
  force = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_cal_abundance(
  .data,
  .abundance = NULL,
  .group = NULL,
  relative = TRUE,
  action = "add",
  force = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_cal_abundance(
  .data,
  .abundance = NULL,
  .group = NULL,
  relative = TRUE,
  action = "add",
  force = FALSE,
  ...
)

```

### Arguments

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| .data      | MPSE or tbl_mpse object  |
| .abundance | the name of otu abundance to be calculated   |
| .group     | the name of group to be calculated.  |
| relative   | logical whether calculate the relative abundance.  |
| action     | character, "add" joins the new information to the taxatree and otutree if they exists (default). In addition, All taxonomy class will be added the taxatree, |

and OTU (tip) information will be added to the otutree."only" return a non-redundant tibble with the just new information. "get" return 'taxatree' slot which is a treedata object.

force            logical whether calculate the relative abundance forcibly when the abundance is not be rarefied, default is FALSE.

...              additional parameters.

**Value**

update object or tibble according the 'action'

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**See Also**

[mp\_plot\_abundance()] and [mp\_extract\_abundance()]

**Examples**

```

data(mouse.time.mpse)
mouse.time.mpse %<>%
  mp_rrarefy()
mouse.time.mpse
mouse.time.mpse %<>%
  mp_cal_abundance(.abundance=RareAbundance, action="add") %>%
  mp_cal_abundance(.abundance=RareAbundance, .group=time, action="add")
mouse.time.mpse
library(ggplot2)
f <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_plot_abundance(
    .abundance=RelRareAbundanceBySample,
    .group = time,
    taxa.class = "Phylum",
    topn = 20,
    geom = "heatmap",
    feature.dist = "bray",
    feature.hclust = "average"
  ) %>%
  set_scale_theme(
    x = scale_fill_manual(values=c("orange", "deepskyblue")),
    aes_var = time
  )
f
p1 <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_plot_abundance(.abundance=RelRareAbundanceBySample,
                    .group=time, taxa.class="Phylum",
                    topn=20, order.by.feature = "p__Firmicutes",
                    width = 4/5
  )

```

```

p2 <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_plot_abundance(.abundance = RareAbundance,
                    .group = time,
                    taxa.class = Phylum,
                    topn = 20,
                    relative = FALSE,
                    force = TRUE,
                    order.by.feature = TRUE
                    )

p1 / p2
# Or you can also extract the result and visualize it with ggplot2 and ggplot2-extension
## Not run:
tbl <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_extract_abundance(taxa.class="Class", topn=10)
tbl
library(ggplot2)
library(ggalluvial)
library(dplyr)
tbl %<>%
  tidyr::unnest(cols=RareAbundanceBySample)
tbl
p <- ggplot(data=tbl,
            mapping=aes(x=Sample,
                       y=RelRareAbundanceBySample,
                       alluvium=label,
                       fill=label)
            ) +
  geom_flow(stat="alluvium", lode.guidance = "frontback", color = "darkgray") +
  geom_stratum(stat="alluvium") +
  labs(x=NULL, y="Relative Abundance (%)") +
  scale_fill_brewer(name="Class", type = "qual", palette = "Paired") +
  facet_grid(cols=vars(time), scales="free_x", space="free") +
  theme(axis.text.x=element_text(angle=-45, hjust=0))

p

## End(Not run)

```

---

mp\_cal\_alpha

*calculate the alpha index with MPSE or tbl\_mpse*


---

## Description

calculate the alpha index with MPSE or tbl\_mpse

## Usage

```

mp_cal_alpha(
  .data,
  .abundance = NULL,
  action = c("add", "only", "get"),

```

```

    force = FALSE,
    ...
  )

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_cal_alpha(.data, .abundance = NULL, action = "add", force = FALSE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_cal_alpha(.data, .abundance = NULL, action = "add", force = FALSE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_cal_alpha(.data, .abundance = NULL, action = "add", force = FALSE, ...)

```

### Arguments

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| .data      | MPSE or tbl_mpse object  |
| .abundance | The column name of OTU abundance column to be calculate  |
| action     | character it has three options, "add" joins the new information to the input tbl (default), "only" return a non-redundant tibble with the just new information, ang 'get' return a 'alphasample' object. |
| force      | logical whether calculate the alpha index even the '.abundance' is not rarefied, default is FALSE.   |
| ...        | additional arguments   |

### Value

update object or other (refer to action)

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

### See Also

[mp\_plot\_alpha()]

### Examples

```

data(mouse.time.mpse)
mpse <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_rrarefy() %>%
  mp_cal_alpha(.abundance=RareAbundance)

mpse
p <- mpse %>% mp_plot_alpha(.group=time, .alpha=c(Observe, Shannon, Pielou))
p
# Or you can extract the result and visualize it with ggplot2 and ggplot2-extensions
## Not run:
tbl <- mpse %>%
  mp_extract_sample

```

```
tbl
tbl %<>%
  tidyr::pivot_longer(cols=!c("Sample", "time"), names_to="measure", values_to="alpha")
tbl
library(ggplot2)
library(ggsignif)
library(gghalves)
p <- ggplot(data=tbl, aes(x=time, y=alpha, fill=time)) +
  geom_half_violin(color=NA, side="l", trim=FALSE) +
  geom_boxplot(aes(color=time), fill=NA, position=position_nudge(x=.22), width=0.2) +
  geom_half_point(side="r", shape=21) +
  geom_signif(comparisons=list(c("Early", "Late")), test="wilcox.test", textsize=2) +
  facet_wrap(facet=vars(measure), scales="free_y", nrow=1) +
  scale_fill_manual(values=c("#00A087FF", "#3C5488FF")) +
  scale_color_manual(values=c("#00A087FF", "#3C5488FF"))
p
## End(Not run)
```

---

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| mp_cal_cca | <i>[Partial] [Constrained] Correspondence Analysis with MPSE or tbl_mpse object</i> |
|------------|---|

---

## Description

[Partial] [Constrained] Correspondence Analysis with MPSE or tbl\_mpse object

## Usage

```
mp_cal_cca(.data, .abundance, .formula = NULL, .dim = 3, action = "add", ...)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_cal_cca(.data, .abundance, .formula = NULL, .dim = 3, action = "add", ...)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_cal_cca(.data, .abundance, .formula = NULL, .dim = 3, action = "add", ...)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_cal_cca(.data, .abundance, .formula = NULL, .dim = 3, action = "add", ...)
```

## Arguments

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| .data      | MPSE or tbl_mpse object  |
| .abundance | the name of abundance to be calculated.  |
| .formula   | Model formula right hand side gives the constraining variables, and conditioning variables can be given within a special function 'Condition' and keep left empty, such as ~ A + B or ~ A + Condition(B), default is NULL. |
| .dim       | integer The number of dimensions to be returned, default is 3.   |

action character "add" joins the cca result to the object, "only" return a non-redundant tibble with the cca result. "get" return 'cca' object can be analyzed using the related vegan function.

... additional parameters see also 'cca' of vegan.

**Value**

update object according action argument

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
library(vegan)
data(varespec, varechem)
mpse <- MPSE(assays=list(Abundance=t(varespec)), colData=varechem)
mpse
mpse %<>%
  mp_cal_cca(.abundance=Abundance,
             .formula=~Al + P*(K + Baresoil),
             action="add")
mpse
mpse %>% mp_plot_ord(.ord=CCA, .group=Al, .size=K, show.sample=FALSE, bg.colour="black", colour="white")
```

---

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| mp_cal_clust | <i>Hierarchical cluster analysis for the samples with MPSE or tbl_mpse object</i> |
|--------------|---|

---

**Description**

Hierarchical cluster analysis for the samples with MPSE or tbl\_mpse object

**Usage**

```
mp_cal_clust(
  .data,
  .abundance,
  distmethod = "bray",
  hclustmethod = "average",
  action = "get",
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_cal_clust(
  .data,
```

```

    .abundance,
    distmethod = "bray",
    hclustmethod = "average",
    action = "get",
    ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_cal_clust(
  .data,
  .abundance,
  distmethod = "bray",
  hclustmethod = "average",
  action = "get",
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_cal_clust(
  .data,
  .abundance,
  distmethod = "bray",
  hclustmethod = "average",
  action = "get",
  ...
)

```

### Arguments

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| .data        | the MPSE or tbl_mpse object  |
| .abundance   | the name of abundance to be calculated.  |
| distmethod   | the method of distance.  |
| hclustmethod | the method of hierarchical cluster   |
| action       | a character "add" will return a MPSE object with the cluster result as a attributes, and it can be extracted with 'object "only" or "get" will return 'treedata' object, default is 'get'. |
| ...          | additional parameters  |

### Value

update object with the action argument, the treedata object contained hierarchical cluster analysis of sample, it can be visualized with 'ggtree' directly.

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```

library(ggtree)
library(ggplot2)
data(mouse.time.mpse)
res <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_decostand(.abundance=Abundance) %>%
  mp_cal_clust(.abundance=hellinger, distmethod="bray")
res
res %>%
  ggtree() +
  geom_tippoint(aes(color=time))

```

mp\_cal\_dca

*Detrended Correspondence Analysis with MPSE or tbl\_mpse object***Description**

Detrended Correspondence Analysis with MPSE or tbl\_mpse object

**Usage**

```

mp_cal_dca(.data, .abundance, .dim = 3, action = "add", origin = TRUE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_cal_dca(.data, .abundance, .dim = 3, action = "add", origin = TRUE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_cal_dca(.data, .abundance, .dim = 3, action = "add", origin = TRUE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_cal_dca(.data, .abundance, .dim = 3, action = "add", origin = TRUE, ...)

```

**Arguments**

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| .data      | MPSE or tbl_mpse object  |
| .abundance | the name of abundance to be calculated.  |
| .dim       | integer The number of dimensions to be returned, default is 3.   |
| action     | character "add" joins the 'decorana' result to the object, "only" return a non-redundant tibble with the 'decorana' result. "get" return 'decorana' object can be processed with related vegan function. |
| origin     | logical Use true origin even in detrended correspondence analysis. default is TRUE.  |
| ...        | additional parameters see also 'vegan::decorana'   |

**Value**

update object or tbl according to the action.

---

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| mp_cal_dist | <i>Calculate the distances between the samples or features with specified abundance.</i> |
|-------------|--|

---

**Description**

Calculate the distances between the samples or features with specified abundance.

**Usage**

```
mp_cal_dist(  
  .data,  
  .abundance,  
  .env = NULL,  
  distmethod = "bray",  
  action = "add",  
  scale = FALSE,  
  cal.feature.dist = FALSE,  
  ...  
)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'  
mp_cal_dist(  
  .data,  
  .abundance,  
  .env = NULL,  
  distmethod = "bray",  
  action = "add",  
  scale = FALSE,  
  cal.feature.dist = FALSE,  
  ...  
)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'  
mp_cal_dist(  
  .data,  
  .abundance,  
  .env = NULL,  
  distmethod = "bray",  
  action = "add",  
  scale = FALSE,  
  cal.feature.dist = FALSE,  
  ...  
)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'  
mp_cal_dist(  
  .data,  
  .abundance,  
  .env = NULL,  
  distmethod = "bray",  
  action = "add",  
  scale = FALSE,  
  cal.feature.dist = FALSE,  
  ...  
)
```

```

    .data,
    .abundance,
    .env = NULL,
    distmethod = "bray",
    action = "add",
    scale = FALSE,
    cal.feature.dist = FALSE,
    ...
  )

```

### Arguments

|                               |   |
|-------------------------------|---|
| <code>.data</code>            | MPSE or <code>tbl_mpse</code> object  |
| <code>.abundance</code>       | the name of otu abundance to be calculated  |
| <code>.env</code>             | the column names of continuous environment factors, default is <code>NULL</code> .  |
| <code>distmethod</code>       | character the method to calculate distance. option is "manhattan", "euclidean", "canberra", "bray", "kulczynski", "jaccard", "gower", "altGower", "morisita", "horn", "mountford", "raup", "binomial", "chao", "cao", "mahalanobis", "chisq", "chord", "aitchison", "robust.aitchison" (implemented in <code>vegdist</code> of <code>vegan</code> ), and "w", "-1", "c", "wb", "r", "l", "e", "t", "me", "j", "sor", "m", "-2", "co", "cc", "g", "-3", "l", "l9", "hk", "rlb", "sim", "gl", "z" (implemented in <code>betadiver</code> of <code>vegan</code> ), "maximum", "binary", "minkowski" (implemented in <code>dist</code> of <code>stats</code> ), "unifrac", "weighted unifrac" (implemented in <code>phyloseq</code> ), "cor", "abscor", "cosangle", "abscosangle" (implemented in <code>hopach</code> ), or other customized distance function. |
| <code>action</code>           | character, "add" joins the distance data to the object, "only" return a non-redundant tibble with the distance information. "get" return 'dist' object.   |
| <code>scale</code>            | logical whether scale the metric of environment ( <code>.env</code> is provided) before the distance was calculated, default is <code>FALSE</code> . The environment matrix can be processed when it was joined to the MPSE or <code>tbl_mpse</code> object.  |
| <code>cal.feature.dist</code> | logical whether to calculate the distance between the features. default is <code>FALSE</code> , meaning calculate the distance between the samples.   |
| <code>...</code>              | additional parameters.<br>some dot arguments if <code>distmethod</code> is <code>unifrac</code> or <code>weighted unifrac</code> : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>weighted</code> logical, whether to use <code>weighted-UniFrac</code> calculation, which considers the relative abundance of taxa, default is <code>FALSE</code>, meaning <code>unweightrd-UniFrac</code>, which only considers presence/absence of taxa.</li> <li>• <code>normalized</code> logical, whether normalized the branch length of tree to the range between 0 and 1 when the <code>weighted=TRUE</code>.</li> <li>• <code>parallel</code> logical, whether to execute the calculation in parallel, default is <code>FALSE</code>.</li> </ul>  |

### Value

update object or tibble according the 'action'

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**See Also**

[mp\_extract\_dist()] and [mp\_plot\_dist()]

**Examples**

```

data(mouse.time.mpse)
mouse.time.mpse %<>%
  mp_decostand(.abundance=Abundance) %>%
  mp_cal_dist(.abundance=hellinger, distmethod="bray")
mouse.time.mpse
p1 <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_plot_dist(.distmethod = bray)
p2 <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_plot_dist(.distmethod = bray, .group = time, group.test = TRUE)
p3 <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_plot_dist(.distmethod = bray, .group = time)
# adjust the legend of heatmap of distance between the samples.
# the p3 is a aplot object, we define set_scale_theme to adjust the
# character (color, size or legend size) of figure with specified
# 'aes_var' according to legend title.
library(ggplot2)
p3 %>%
  set_scale_theme(
    x = scale_size_continuous(
      range = c(0.1, 4),
      guide = guide_legend(keywidth = 0.5, keyheight = 1)),
    aes_var = bray
  ) %>%
  set_scale_theme(
    x = scale_colour_gradient(
      guide = guide_legend(keywidth = 0.5, keyheight = 1)),
    aes_var = bray
  ) %>%
  set_scale_theme(
    x = scale_fill_manual(values = c("orangered", "deepskyblue"),
      guide = guide_legend(keywidth = 0.5, keyheight = 0.5, label.theme = element_text(size=6))),
    aes_var = time) %>%
  set_scale_theme(
    x = theme(axis.text=element_text(size=6), panel.background=element_blank()),
    aes_var = bray
  )
## Not run:
# Visualization manual
library(ggplot2)
tbl <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_extract_dist(distmethod="bray", .group=time)
tbl
tbl %>%

```

```

ggplot(aes(x=GroupsComparison, y=bray)) +
  geom_boxplot(aes(fill=GroupsComparison)) +
  geom_jitter(width=0.1) +
  xlab(NULL) +
  theme(legend.position="none")

## End(Not run)

```

---

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| mp_cal_divergence | <i>calculate the divergence with MPSE or tbl_mpse</i> |
|-------------------|---|

---

## Description

calculate the divergence with MPSE or tbl\_mpse

## Usage

```

mp_cal_divergence(
  .data,
  .abundance,
  .name = "divergence",
  reference = "mean",
  distFUN = vegan::vegdist,
  method = "bray",
  action = "add",
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_cal_divergence(
  .data,
  .abundance,
  .name = "divergence",
  reference = "mean",
  distFUN = vegan::vegdist,
  method = "bray",
  action = "add",
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_cal_divergence(
  .data,
  .abundance,
  .name = "divergence",
  reference = "mean",
  distFUN = vegan::vegdist,

```

```

    method = "bray",
    action = "add",
    ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_cal_divergence(
  .data,
  .abundance,
  .name = "divergence",
  reference = "mean",
  distFUN = vegan::vegdist,
  method = "bray",
  action = "add",
  ...
)

```

### Arguments

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| .data      | MPSE or tbl_mpse object  |
| .abundance | The column name of OTU abundance column to be calculate.   |
| .name      | the colname name of the divergence results, default is 'divergence'.   |
| reference  | a no-empty character, either 'median' or 'mean' or the sample name, or a numeric vector which has length equal to the number of features, default is 'mean'.   |
| distFUN    | the function to calculate the distance between the reference and samples, default is 'vegan::vegdist'.   |
| method     | the method to calculate the distance, which will pass to the function that is specified in 'distFUN', default is 'bray'.   |
| action     | character it has three options, "add" joins the new information to the input tbl (default), "only" return a non-redundant tibble with the just new information, ang 'get' return a 'alphasample' object. |
| ...        | additional arguments, see also the arguments of 'distFUN' function.  |

### Value

update object or other (refer to action)

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

### See Also

[mp\_plot\_alpha()]

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# example(mp_cal_divergence, run.dontrun = TRUE) to run the example.
data(mouse.time.mpse)
mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_cal_divergence(
    .abundance = Abundance,
    .name = 'divergence.mean',
    distFUN = vegan::vegdist,
    method = 'bray'
  ) %>%
  mp_plot_alpha(
    .alpha = divergence.mean,
    .group = time,
  )

## End(Not run)
```

---

mp\_cal\_nmds

*Nonmetric Multidimensional Scaling Analysis with MPSE or tbl\_mpse object*


---

**Description**

Nonmetric Multidimensional Scaling Analysis with MPSE or tbl\_mpse object

**Usage**

```
mp_cal_nmds(
  .data,
  .abundance,
  distmethod = "bray",
  .dim = 2,
  action = "add",
  seed = 123,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_cal_nmds(
  .data,
  .abundance,
  distmethod = "bray",
  .dim = 2,
  action = "add",
  seed = 123,
  ...
)
```

```

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_cal_nmds(
  .data,
  .abundance,
  distmethod = "bray",
  .dim = 2,
  action = "add",
  seed = 123,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_cal_nmds(
  .data,
  .abundance,
  distmethod = "bray",
  .dim = 2,
  action = "add",
  seed = 123,
  ...
)

```

### Arguments

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| .data      | MPSE or tbl_mpse object  |
| .abundance | the name of abundance to be calculated.  |
| distmethod | character the method to calculate distance.  |
| .dim       | integer The number of dimensions to be returned, default is 2.   |
| action     | character "add" joins the NMDS result to the object, "only" return a non-redundant tibble with the NMDS result. "get" return 'metaMDS' object can be analyzed with related 'vegan' function. |
| seed       | a random seed to make this analysis reproducible, default is 123.  |
| ...        | additional parameters see also 'mp_cal_dist'.  |

### Value

update object or tbl according to the action.

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

### Examples

```

data(mouse.time.mpse)
mpse <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_decostand(.abundance=Abundance) %>%

```

```

      mp_cal_nmds(.abundance=hellinger, distmethod="bray", action="add")
library(ggplot2)
p <- mpse %>% mp_plot_ord(.ord=nmds,
                        .group=time,
                        .color=time,
                        .alpha=0.8,
                        ellipse=TRUE,
                        show.sample=TRUE)

p <- p +
  scale_fill_manual(values=c("#00AED7", "#009E73")) +
  scale_color_manual(values=c("#00AED7", "#009E73"))
## Not run:
mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_decostand(.abundance=Abundance) %>%
  mp_cal_nmds(.abundance=hellinger, distmethod="bray", .dim=2, action="only") -> tbl
tbl
x <- names(tbl)[grepl("NMDS1", names(tbl))] %>% as.symbol()
y <- names(tbl)[grepl("NMDS2", names(tbl))] %>% as.symbol()
library(ggplot2)
tbl %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=!!x, y=!!y, color=time)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_vline(xintercept=0, color="grey20", linetype=2) +
  geom_hline(yintercept=0, color="grey20", linetype=2) +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(panel.grid=element_blank())

## End(Not run)

```

---

mp\_cal\_pca

*Principal Components Analysis with MPSE or tbl\_mpse object*


---

## Description

Principal Components Analysis with MPSE or tbl\_mpse object

## Usage

```
mp_cal_pca(.data, .abundance, .dim = 3, action = "add", ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
```

```
mp_cal_pca(.data, .abundance, .dim = 3, action = "add", ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
```

```
mp_cal_pca(.data, .abundance, .dim = 3, action = "add", ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
```

```
mp_cal_pca(.data, .abundance, .dim = 3, action = "add", ...)
```

**Arguments**

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| .data      | MPSE or tbl_mpse object   |
| .abundance | the name of abundance to be calculated.   |
| .dim       | integer The number of dimensions to be returned, default is 3.  |
| action     | character "add" joins the pca result to the object, "only" return a non-redundant tibble with the pca result. "get" return 'prcomp' object. |
| ...        | additional parameters see also 'prcomp'   |

**Value**

update object or tbl according to the action.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```

data(mouse.time.mpse)
library(ggplot2)
mpse <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_decostand(.abundance=Abundance) %>%
  mp_cal_pca(.abundance=hellinger, action="add")
mpse
p1 <- mpse %>% mp_plot_ord(.ord=pca, .group=time, ellipse=TRUE)
p2 <- mpse %>% mp_plot_ord(.ord=pca, .group=time, .color=time, ellipse=TRUE)
p1 + scale_fill_manual(values=c("#00AED7", "#009E73"))
p2 + scale_fill_manual(values=c("#00AED7", "#009E73")) +
  scale_color_manual(values=c("#00AED7", "#009E73"))
## Not run:
# action = "only" to extract the non-redundant tibble to visualize
tbl <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_decostand(.abundance=Abundance) %>%
  mp_cal_pca(.abundance=hellinger, action="only")
tbl
x <- names(tbl)[grepl("PC1 ", names(tbl))] %>% as.symbol()
y <- names(tbl)[grepl("PC2 ", names(tbl))] %>% as.symbol()
ggplot(tbl) +
  geom_point(aes(x=!!x, y=!!y, color=time))

## End(Not run)

```

---

`mp_cal_pcoa`*Principal Coordinate Analysis with MPSE or tbl\_mpse object*

---

**Description**

Principal Coordinate Analysis with MPSE or tbl\_mpse object

**Usage**

```
mp_cal_pcoa(  
  .data,  
  .abundance,  
  distmethod = "bray",  
  .dim = 3,  
  action = "add",  
  ...  
)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'  
mp_cal_pcoa(  
  .data,  
  .abundance,  
  distmethod = "bray",  
  .dim = 3,  
  action = "add",  
  ...  
)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'  
mp_cal_pcoa(  
  .data,  
  .abundance,  
  distmethod = "bray",  
  .dim = 3,  
  action = "add",  
  ...  
)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'  
mp_cal_pcoa(  
  .data,  
  .abundance,  
  distmethod = "bray",  
  .dim = 3,  
  action = "add",  
  ...  
)
```

**Arguments**

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| .data      | MPSE or tbl_mpse object   |
| .abundance | the name of abundance to be calculated.   |
| distmethod | character the method to calculate distance.   |
| .dim       | integer The number of dimensions to be returned, default is 3.  |
| action     | character "add" joins the pca result to the object and the 'pcoa' object also was add to the internal attributes of the object, "only" return a non-redundant tibble with the pca result. "get" return 'pcoa' object. |
| ...        | additional parameters see also 'mp_cal_dist'.   |

**Value**

update object or tbl according to the action.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```

data(mouse.time.mpse)
mpse <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_decostand(.abundance=Abundance)
mpse
mpse %<>% mp_cal_pcoa(.abundance=hellinger, stmethod="bray", action="add")
library(ggplot2)
p <- mpse %>% mp_plot_ord(.ord=pcoa, .group=time, .color=time, ellipse=TRUE)
p <- p +
  scale_fill_manual(values=c("#00AED7", "#009E73")) +
  scale_color_manual(values=c("#00AED7", "#009E73"))
## Not run:
# Or run with action='only' and return tbl_df to visualize manual.
mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_decostand(.abundance=Abundance) %>%
  mp_cal_pcoa(.abundance=hellinger, distmethod="bray", .dim=2, action="only") -> tbl
tbl
x <- names(tbl)[grepl("PCo1 ", names(tbl))] %>% as.symbol()
y <- names(tbl)[grepl("PCo2 ", names(tbl))] %>% as.symbol()
library(ggplot2)
tbl %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=!!x, y=!!y, color=time)) +
  stat_ellipse(aes(fill=time), geom="polygon", alpha=0.5) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_vline(xintercept=0, color="grey20", linetype=2) +
  geom_hline(yintercept=0, color="grey20", linetype=2) +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(panel.grid=element_blank())

## End(Not run)

```

---

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| mp_cal_pd_metric | <i>Calculating related phylogenetic alpha metric with MPSE or tbl_mpse object</i> |
|------------------|---|

---

**Description**

Calculating related phylogenetic alpha metric with MPSE or tbl\_mpse object

**Usage**

```
mp_cal_pd_metric(
  .data,
  .abundance,
  action = "add",
  metric = c("PAE", "NRI", "NTI", "PD", "HAED", "EAED", "all"),
  abundance.weighted = FALSE,
  force = FALSE,
  seed = 123,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_cal_pd_metric(
  .data,
  .abundance,
  action = "add",
  metric = c("PAE", "NRI", "NTI", "PD", "HAED", "EAED", "IAC", "all"),
  abundance.weighted = FALSE,
  force = FALSE,
  seed = 123,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_cal_pd_metric(
  .data,
  .abundance,
  action = "add",
  metric = c("PAE", "NRI", "NTI", "PD", "HAED", "EAED", "all"),
  abundance.weighted = TRUE,
  force = FALSE,
  seed = 123,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_cal_pd_metric(
```

```

.data,
.abundance,
action = "add",
metric = c("PAE", "NRI", "NTI", "PD", "HAED", "EAED", "all"),
abundance.weighted = TRUE,
force = FALSE,
seed = 123,
...
)

```

### Arguments

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| .data              | object, MPSE or tbl_mpse object  |
| .abundance         | The column name of OTU abundance column to be calculate.   |
| action             | character it has three options, "add" joins the new information to the input tbl (default), "only" return a non-redundant tibble with the just new information, ang 'get' return a 'alphasample' object. |
| metric             | the related phylogenetic metric, options is 'NRI', 'NTI', 'PD', 'PAE', 'HAED', 'EAED', 'IAC', 'all', default is 'PAE', 'all' meaning all the metrics ('NRI', 'NTI', 'PD', 'PAE', 'HAED', 'EAED', 'IAC'). |
| abundance.weighted | logical, whether calculate mean nearest taxon distances for each species weighted by species abundance, default is TRUE.   |
| force              | logical whether calculate the alpha index even the '.abundance' is not rarefied, default is FALSE.   |
| seed               | integer a random seed to make the result reproducible, default is 123.   |
| ...                | additional arguments see also "ses.mpd" and "ses.mntd" of "picante".   |

### Value

update object.

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

### References

- Cadotte, M.W., Jonathan Davies, T., Regetz, J., Kembel, S.W., Cleland, E. and Oakley, T.H. (2010), Phylogenetic diversity metrics for ecological communities: integrating species richness, abundance and evolutionary history. *Ecology Letters*, 13: 96-105. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1461-0248.2009.01405.x>.
- Webb, C. O. (2000). Exploring the phylogenetic structure of ecological communities: an example for rain forest trees. *The American Naturalist*, 156(2), 145-155. <https://doi.org/10.1086/303378>.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(curatedMetagenomicData))
xx <- curatedMetagenomicData('ZellerG_2014.relative_abundance', dryrun=F)
xx[[1]] %>% as.mpse -> mpse
mpse %<>%
  mp_cal_pd_metric(
    .abundance = Abundance,
    force = TRUE,
    metric = 'PAE'
  )
mpse %>%
  mp_plot_alpha(
    .alpha = PAE,
    .group = disease
  )

## End(Not run)
```

---

mp\_cal\_rarecurve

*Calculating the different alpha diversities index with different depth*


---

**Description**

Calculating the different alpha diversities index with different depth

**Usage**

```
mp_cal_rarecurve(
  .data,
  .abundance = NULL,
  action = "add",
  chunks = 400,
  seed = 123,
  force = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_cal_rarecurve(
  .data,
  .abundance = NULL,
  action = "add",
  chunks = 400,
  seed = 123,
  force = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

```

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_cal_rarecurve(
  .data,
  .abundance = NULL,
  action = "add",
  chunks = 400,
  seed = 123,
  force = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_cal_rarecurve(
  .data,
  .abundance = NULL,
  action = "add",
  chunks = 400,
  seed = 123,
  force = FALSE,
  ...
)

```

### Arguments

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| .data      | MPSE or tbl_mpse object   |
| .abundance | the name of otu abundance to be calculated.   |
| action     | character it has three options, "add" joins the new information to the input tbl (default), "only" return a non-redundant tibble with the just new information, ang 'get' return a 'rarecurve' object.  |
| chunks     | numeric the split number of each sample to calculate alpha diversity, default is 400. eg. A sample has total 40000 reads, if chunks is 400, it will be split to 100 sub-samples (100, 200, 300,..., 40000), then alpha diversity index was calculated based on the sub-samples. |
| seed       | a random seed to make the result reproducible, default is 123.  |
| force      | logical whether calculate rarecurve forcibly when the '.abundance' is not be rarefied, default is FALSE   |
| ...        | additional parameters.  |

### Value

update rarecurve calss

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

**See Also**

[mp\_plot\_rarecurve()] and [mp\_extract\_rarecurve()]

**Examples**

```
data(mouse.time.mpse)
mouse.time.mpse %>%
mp_rrarefy() -> mpse
mpse
# larger 'chunks' means more robust, but it will become slower.
mpse %<>% mp_cal_rarecurve(.abundance=RareAbundance, chunks=100, action="add")
mpse
p1 <- mpse %>%
  mp_plot_rarecurve(.rare=RareAbundanceRarecurve, .alpha="Observe")
p2 <- mpse %>%
  mp_plot_rarecurve(.rare=RareAbundanceRarecurve, .alpha=c("Observe", "ACE"))
```

---

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| mp_cal_rda | <i>[Partial] [Constrained] Redundancy Analysis with MPSE or tbl_mpse object</i> |
|------------|---|

---

**Description**

[Partial] [Constrained] Redundancy Analysis with MPSE or tbl\_mpse object

**Usage**

```
mp_cal_rda(.data, .abundance, .formula = NULL, .dim = 3, action = "add", ...)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_cal_rda(.data, .abundance, .formula = NULL, .dim = 3, action = "add", ...)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_cal_rda(.data, .abundance, .formula = NULL, .dim = 3, action = "add", ...)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_cal_rda(.data, .abundance, .formula = NULL, .dim = 3, action = "add", ...)
```

**Arguments**

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| .data      | MPSE or tbl_mpse object  |
| .abundance | the name of abundance to be calculated.  |
| .formula   | Model formula right hand side gives the constraining variables, and conditioning variables can be given within a special function 'Condition' and keep left empty, such as ~ A + B or ~ A + Condition(B), default is NULL. |
| .dim       | integer The number of dimensions to be returned, default is 3.   |

action character "add" joins the rda result to the object, "only" return a non-redundant tibble with the rda result. "get" return 'rda' object can be analyzed using the related vegan function.

... additional parameters see also 'rda' of vegan.

**Value**

update object according action argument

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
library(vegan)
data(varespec, varechem)
mpse <- MPSE(assays=list(Abundance=t(varespec)), colData=varechem)
mpse
mpse %>%
  mp_cal_rda(.abundance=Abundance,
            .formula=~A1 + P*(K + Baresoil),
            .dim = 3,
            action="add") %>%
  mp_plot_ord(show.sample=TRUE)
```

---

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| mp_cal_upset | <i>Calculating the samples or groups for each OTU, the result can be visualized by 'ggupset'</i> |
|--------------|--|

---

**Description**

Calculating the samples or groups for each OTU, the result can be visualized by 'ggupset'

**Usage**

```
mp_cal_upset(
  .data,
  .group,
  .abundance = NULL,
  action = "add",
  force = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_cal_upset(
  .data,
```

```

    .group,
    .abundance = NULL,
    action = "add",
    force = FALSE,
    ...
  )

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_cal_upset(
  .data,
  .group,
  .abundance = NULL,
  action = "add",
  force = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_cal_upset(
  .data,
  .group,
  .abundance = NULL,
  action = "add",
  force = FALSE,
  ...
)

```

### Arguments

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| .data      | MPSE or tbl_mpse object  |
| .group     | the name of group to be calculated. if it is no provided, the sample will be used.   |
| .abundance | the name of otu abundance to be calculated. if it is null, the rarefied abundance will be used.  |
| action     | character, "add" joins the new information to the tibble of tbl_mpse or rowData of MPSE. "only" and "get" return a non-redundant tibble with the just new information. which is a treedata object. |
| force      | logical whether calculate the relative abundance forcibly when the abundance is not be rarefied, default is FALSE.   |
| ...        | additional parameters.   |

### Value

update object or tibble according the 'action'

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

**See Also**

[mp\_plot\_upset()]

**Examples**

```

data(mouse.time.mpse)
mpse <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_rrarefy() %>%
  mp_cal_upset(.abundance=RareAbundance, .group=time, action="add")

mpse
library(ggplot2)
library(ggupset)
p <- mpse %>% mp_plot_upset(.group=time, .upset=ggupsetOftime)
p
# or set action="only"
## Not run:
tbl <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_rrarefy() %>%
  mp_cal_upset(.abundance=RareAbundance, .group=time, action="only")
tbl
p2 <- tbl %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=ggupsetOftime)) +
  geom_bar() +
  ggupset::scale_x_upset() +
  ggupset::theme_combmatrix(combmatrix.label.extra_spacing=30)

## End(Not run)

```

---

mp\_cal\_venn

*Calculating the OTU for each sample or group, the result can be visualized by 'ggVennDiagram'*

---

**Description**

Calculating the OTU for each sample or group, the result can be visualized by 'ggVennDiagram'

**Usage**

```

mp_cal_venn(
  .data,
  .group,
  .abundance = NULL,
  action = "add",
  force = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'

```

```

mp_cal_venn(
  .data,
  .group,
  .abundance = NULL,
  action = "add",
  force = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_cal_venn(
  .data,
  .group,
  .abundance = NULL,
  action = "add",
  force = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_cal_venn(
  .data,
  .group,
  .abundance = NULL,
  action = "add",
  force = FALSE,
  ...
)

```

### Arguments

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| .data      | MPSE or tbl_mpse object  |
| .group     | the name of group to be calculated. if it is no provided, the sample will be used.   |
| .abundance | the name of otu abundance to be calculated. if it is null, the rarefied abundance will be used.  |
| action     | character, "add" joins the new information to the tibble of tbl_mpse or rowData of MPSE. "only" and "get" return a non-redundant tibble with the just new information. |
| force      | logical whether calculate the relative abundance forcibly when the abundance is not be rarefied, default is FALSE.   |
| ...        | additional parameters.   |

### Value

update object or tibble according the 'action'

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**See Also**

[mp\_plot\_venn()]

**Examples**

```

data(mouse.time.mpse)
mouse.time.mpse %>%
mp_rrarefy() %>%
mp_cal_venn(.abundance=RareAbundance, .group=time, action="add") -> mpse
mpse
p <- mpse %>% mp_plot_venn(.venn = vennOftime, .group = time)
## Not run:
# visualized by manual
library(ggplot2)
mpse %>%
  mp_extract_sample() %>%
  select(time, vennOftime) %>%
  distinct() %>%
  pull(var=vennOftime, name=time) %>%
  ggVennDiagram::ggVennDiagram()

## End(Not run)

```

---

mp\_decostand

*This Function Provides Several Standardization Methods for Community Data*


---

**Description**

This Function Provides Several Standardization Methods for Community Data

**Usage**

```

mp_decostand(.data, .abundance = NULL, method = "hellinger", logbase = 2, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'
mp_decostand(.data, .abundance = NULL, method = "hellinger", logbase = 2, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_decostand(.data, .abundance = NULL, method = "hellinger", logbase = 2, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_decostand(.data, .abundance = NULL, method = "hellinger", logbase = 2, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_decostand(.data, .abundance = NULL, method = "hellinger", logbase = 2, ...)

```

**Arguments**

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| <code>.data</code>      | MPSE or <code>tbl_mpse</code> object   |
| <code>.abundance</code> | the names of otu abundance to be applied standardization.  |
| <code>method</code>     | character the name of standardization method, it can one of 'total', 'max', 'frequency', 'normalize', 'range', 'rank', 'rrank', 'standardize', 'pa', 'chi.square', 'hellinger' and 'log', see also <a href="#">decostand</a> |
| <code>logbase</code>    | numeric The logarithm base used in 'method=log', default is 2.   |
| <code>...</code>        | additional parameters, see also <a href="#">decostand</a>  |

**Value**

update object

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Source**

`mp_decostand` for `data.frame` object is a wrapper method of `vegan::decostand` from the `vegan` package

**See Also**

[`mp_extract_assays()`] and [`mp_rrarefy()`]  
[decostand](#)

**Examples**

```
data(mouse.time.mpse)
mouse.time.mpse %>%
mp_decostand(.abundance=Abundance, method="hellinger")
```

---

mp\_diff\_analysis

*Differential expression analysis for MPSE or tbl\_mpse object*

---

**Description**

Differential expression analysis for MPSE or `tbl_mpse` object

**Usage**

```

mp_diff_analysis(
  .data,
  .abundance,
  .group,
  .sec.group = NULL,
  action = "add",
  tip.level = "OTU",
  force = FALSE,
  relative = TRUE,
  taxa.class = "all",
  first.test.method = "kruskal.test",
  first.test.alpha = 0.05,
  p.adjust = "fdr",
  filter.p = "fdr",
  strict = TRUE,
  fc.method = "generalizedFC",
  second.test.method = "wilcox.test",
  second.test.alpha = 0.05,
  cl.min = 5,
  cl.test = TRUE,
  subcl.min = 3,
  subcl.test = TRUE,
  ml.method = "lda",
  normalization = 1e+06,
  ldascore = 2,
  bootnums = 30,
  sample.prop.boot = 0.7,
  ci = 0.95,
  seed = 123,
  type = "species",
  ...
)

```

```
## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
```

```

mp_diff_analysis(
  .data,
  .abundance,
  .group,
  .sec.group = NULL,
  action = "add",
  tip.level = "OTU",
  force = FALSE,
  relative = TRUE,
  taxa.class = "all",
  first.test.method = "kruskal.test",
  first.test.alpha = 0.05,
  p.adjust = "fdr",

```

```
    filter.p = "fdr",
    strict = TRUE,
    fc.method = "generalizedFC",
    second.test.method = "wilcox.test",
    second.test.alpha = 0.05,
    cl.min = 5,
    cl.test = TRUE,
    subcl.min = 3,
    subcl.test = TRUE,
    ml.method = "lda",
    normalization = 1e+06,
    ldascore = 2,
    bootnums = 30,
    sample.prop.boot = 0.7,
    ci = 0.95,
    seed = 123,
    type = "species",
    ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_diff_analysis(
  .data,
  .abundance,
  .group,
  .sec.group = NULL,
  action = "add",
  tip.level = "OTU",
  force = FALSE,
  relative = TRUE,
  taxa.class = "all",
  first.test.method = "kruskal.test",
  first.test.alpha = 0.05,
  p.adjust = "fdr",
  filter.p = "fdr",
  strict = TRUE,
  fc.method = "generalizedFC",
  second.test.method = "wilcox.test",
  second.test.alpha = 0.05,
  cl.min = 5,
  cl.test = TRUE,
  subcl.min = 3,
  subcl.test = TRUE,
  ml.method = "lda",
  normalization = 1e+06,
  ldascore = 2,
  bootnums = 30,
  sample.prop.boot = 0.7,
```

```

    ci = 0.95,
    seed = 123,
    type = "species",
    ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_diff_analysis(
  .data,
  .abundance,
  .group,
  .sec.group = NULL,
  action = "add",
  tip.level = "OTU",
  force = FALSE,
  relative = TRUE,
  taxa.class = "all",
  first.test.method = "kruskal.test",
  first.test.alpha = 0.05,
  p.adjust = "fdr",
  filter.p = "fdr",
  strict = TRUE,
  fc.method = "generalizedFC",
  second.test.method = "wilcox.test",
  second.test.alpha = 0.05,
  cl.min = 5,
  cl.test = TRUE,
  subcl.min = 3,
  subcl.test = TRUE,
  ml.method = "lda",
  normalization = 1e+06,
  ldascore = 2,
  bootnums = 30,
  sample.prop.boot = 0.7,
  ci = 0.95,
  seed = 123,
  type = "species",
  ...
)

```

### Arguments

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| .data      | MPSE or tbl_mpse object  |
| .abundance | the name of abundance to be calculated   |
| .group     | the group name of the samples to be calculated.  |
| .sec.group | the second group name of the samples to be calculated.   |
| action     | character, "add" joins the new information to the taxatree (if it exists) or rowData and return MPSE object, "only" return a non-redundant tibble with the result of |

|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
|                    | different analysis. "get" return 'diffAnalysisClass' object.  |
| tip.level          | character the taxa level to be as tip level   |
| force              | logical whether to calculate the relative abundance forcibly when the abundance is not be rarefied, default is FALSE.   |
| relative           | logical whether calculate the relative abundance.   |
| taxa.class         | character if taxa class is not 'all', only the specified taxa class will be identified, default is 'all'.   |
| first.test.method  | the method for first test, option is "kruskal.test", "oneway.test", "lm", "glm", or "glm.nb", "kruskal_test", "oneway_test" of "coin" package. default is "kruskal.test".   |
| first.test.alpha   | numeric the alpha value for the first test, default is 0.05.  |
| p.adjust           | character the correction method, default is "fdr", see also p.adjust function default is fdr.   |
| filter.p           | character the method to filter pvalue, default is fdr, meanings the features that $fdr \leq .first.test.alpha$ will be kept, if it is set to pvalue, meanings the features that $pvalue \leq .first.test.alpha$ will be kept. |
| strict             | logical whether to performed in one-against-one when .sec.group is provided, default is TRUE (strict).  |
| fc.method          | character the method to check which group has more abundance for the significantly different features, default is "generalizedFC", options are generalizedFC, compare_median, compare_mean.                                   |
| second.test.method | the method for one-against-one (the second test), default is "wilcox.test" other option is one of 'wilcox_test' of 'coin'; 'glm'; 'glm.nb' of 'MASS'.   |
| second.test.alpha  | numeric the alpha value for the second test, default is 0.05.   |
| cl.min             | integer the minimum number of samples per group for performing test, default is 5.  |
| cl.test            | logical whether to perform test (second test) between the groups (the number of sample of the .group should be also larger that cl.min), default is TRUE.   |
| subcl.min          | integer the minimum number of samples in each second groups for performing test, default is 3.  |
| subcl.test         | logical whether to perform test for between the second groups (the .sec.group should be provided and the number sample of each .sec.group should be larger than subcl.min, and strict is TRUE), default is TRUE.              |
| ml.method          | the method for calculating the effect size of features, option is 'lda' or 'rf'. default is 'lda'.  |
| normalization      | integer set a big number if to get more meaningful values for the LDA score, or you can set NULL for no normalization, default is 1000000.  |
| ldascore           | numeric the threshold on the absolute value of the logarithmic LDA score, default is 2.   |
| bootnums           | integer, set the number of bootstrap iteration for lda or rf, default is 30.  |

```

sample.prop.boot      numeric range from 0 to 1, the proportion of samples for calculating the effect
                      size of features, default is 0.7.
ci                    numeric, the confidence interval of effect size (LDA or MDA), default is 0.95.
seed                  a random seed to make the analysis reproducible, default is 123.
type                  character type="species" meaning the abundance matrix is from the species
                      abundance, other option is "others", default is "species".
...                   additional parameters

```

**Value**

update object according to the action argument.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```

data(mouse.time.mpse)
mouse.time.mpse %<>%
  mp_rrarefy()
mouse.time.mpse
mouse.time.mpse %<>%
  mp_diff_analysis(.abundance=RareAbundance,
                  .group=time,
                  first.test.alpha=0.01,
                  action="add")

library(ggplot2)
p <- mouse.time.mpse %>% mp_plot_diff_res()
flag <- packageVersion("ggnewscale") >= "0.5.0"
# if flag is TRUE, you can also use p$ggnewscale to view the renamed scales.
new.fill <- ifelse(flag, "fill_ggnewscale_2", "fill_new")
p <- p +
  scale_fill_manual(
    aesthetics = new.fill, # The fill aes was renamed to `new.fill` for the abundance dotplot layer
    values = c("skyblue", "orange")
  ) +
  scale_fill_manual(
    values=c("skyblue", "orange") # The LDA barplot layer
  )
### and the fill aes for hight light layer of tree was renamed to `new.fill2`
### because the layer is the first layer used `fill`
new.fill2 <- ifelse(flag, "fill_ggnewscale_1", "fill_new_new")
p <- p +
  scale_fill_manual(
    aesthetics = new.fill2,
    values = c("#E41A1C", "#377EB8", "#4DAF4A",
              "#984EA3", "#FF7F00", "#FFFF33",
              "#A65628", "#F781BF", "#999999")
  )

```

```

p
## Not run:
### visualizing the differential taxa with cladogram
f <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_plot_diff_cladogram(
    label.size = 2.5,
    hilight.alpha = .3,
    bg.tree.size = .5,
    bg.point.size = 2,
    bg.point.stroke = .25
  ) +
  scale_fill_diff_cladogram(
    values = c('skyblue', 'orange')
  ) +
  scale_size_continuous(range = c(1, 4))
f

## End(Not run)

```

---

|               |  |
|---------------|--|
| mp_diff_clade | <i>Differential internal and tip nodes (clades) analysis for MPSE or tbl_mpse object</i> |
|---------------|--|

---

## Description

Differential internal and tip nodes (clades) analysis for MPSE or tbl\_mpse object

## Usage

```

mp_diff_clade(
  .data,
  .abundance,
  .group,
  .sec.group = NULL,
  action = "add",
  force = FALSE,
  relative = TRUE,
  first.test.method = "kruskal.test",
  first.test.alpha = 0.05,
  p.adjust = "fdr",
  filter.p = "fdr",
  strict = TRUE,
  fc.method = "generalizedFC",
  second.test.method = "wilcox.test",
  second.test.alpha = 0.05,
  cl.min = 5,
  cl.test = TRUE,
  subcl.min = 3,

```

```
subcl.test = TRUE,
ml.method = "lda",
normalization = 1e+06,
ldascore = 2,
bootnums = 30,
sample.prop.boot = 0.7,
ci = 0.95,
seed = 123,
type = "species",
...
)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_diff_clade(
  .data,
  .abundance,
  .group,
  .sec.group = NULL,
  action = "add",
  force = FALSE,
  relative = TRUE,
  first.test.method = "kruskal.test",
  first.test.alpha = 0.05,
  p.adjust = "fdr",
  filter.p = "fdr",
  strict = TRUE,
  fc.method = "generalizedFC",
  second.test.method = "wilcox.test",
  second.test.alpha = 0.05,
  cl.min = 5,
  cl.test = TRUE,
  subcl.min = 3,
  subcl.test = TRUE,
  ml.method = "lda",
  normalization = 1e+06,
  ldascore = 2,
  bootnums = 30,
  sample.prop.boot = 0.7,
  ci = 0.95,
  seed = 123,
  type = "species",
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_diff_clade(
  .data,
  .abundance,
```

```
.group,  
.sec.group = NULL,  
action = "add",  
force = FALSE,  
relative = TRUE,  
first.test.method = "kruskal.test",  
first.test.alpha = 0.05,  
p.adjust = "fdr",  
filter.p = "fdr",  
strict = TRUE,  
fc.method = "generalizedFC",  
second.test.method = "wilcox.test",  
second.test.alpha = 0.05,  
cl.min = 5,  
cl.test = TRUE,  
subcl.min = 3,  
subcl.test = TRUE,  
ml.method = "lda",  
normalization = 1e+06,  
ldascore = 2,  
bootnums = 30,  
sample.prop.boot = 0.7,  
ci = 0.95,  
seed = 123,  
type = "species",  
...  
)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'  
mp_diff_clade(  
  .data,  
  .abundance,  
  .group,  
  .sec.group = NULL,  
  action = "add",  
  force = FALSE,  
  relative = TRUE,  
  first.test.method = "kruskal.test",  
  first.test.alpha = 0.05,  
  p.adjust = "fdr",  
  filter.p = "fdr",  
  strict = TRUE,  
  fc.method = "generalizedFC",  
  second.test.method = "wilcox.test",  
  second.test.alpha = 0.05,  
  cl.min = 5,  
  cl.test = TRUE,  
  subcl.min = 3,  
)
```

```

subcl.test = TRUE,
ml.method = "lda",
normalization = 1e+06,
ldascore = 2,
bootnums = 30,
sample.prop.boot = 0.7,
ci = 0.95,
seed = 123,
type = "species",
...
)

```

### Arguments

|                                 |   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| <code>.data</code>              | MPSE or <code>tbl_mpse</code> object  |
| <code>.abundance</code>         | the name of abundance to be calculated  |
| <code>.group</code>             | the group name of the samples to be calculated.   |
| <code>.sec.group</code>         | the second group name of the samples to be calculated.  |
| <code>action</code>             | character, "add" joins the new information to the taxatree (if it exists) and otutree (if it exists) or <code>rowData</code> and return MPSE object, "only" return a non-redundant tibble with the result of different analysis. "get" return 'diffAnalysisClass' object. |
| <code>force</code>              | logical whether to calculate the relative abundance forcibly when the abundance is not be rarefied, default is FALSE.   |
| <code>relative</code>           | logical whether calculate the relative abundance, default is TRUE.  |
| <code>first.test.method</code>  | the method for first test, option is "kruskal.test", "oneway.test", "lm", "glm", or "glm.nb", "kruskal_test", "oneway_test" of "coin" package. default is "kruskal.test".   |
| <code>first.test.alpha</code>   | numeric the alpha value for the first test, default is 0.05.  |
| <code>p.adjust</code>           | character the correction method, default is "fdr", see also <code>p.adjust</code> function default is <code>fdr</code> .  |
| <code>filter.p</code>           | character the method to filter pvalue, default is <code>fdr</code> , meanings the features that $fdr \leq .first.test.alpha$ will be kept, if it is set to <code>pvalue</code> , meanings the features that $pvalue \leq .first.test.alpha$ will be kept.                 |
| <code>strict</code>             | logical whether to performed in one-against-one when <code>.sec.group</code> is provided, default is TRUE (strict).   |
| <code>fc.method</code>          | character the method to check which group has more abundance for the significantly different features, default is "generalizedFC", options are <code>generalizedFC</code> , <code>compare_median</code> , <code>compare_mean</code> .                                     |
| <code>second.test.method</code> | the method for one-against-one (the second test), default is "wilcox.test" other option is one of 'wilcox_test' of 'coin'; 'glm'; 'glm.nb' of 'MASS'.   |
| <code>second.test.alpha</code>  | numeric the alpha value for the second test, default is 0.05.   |

|                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| cl.min           | integer the minimum number of samples per group for performing test, default is 5.   |
| cl.test          | logical whether to perform test (second test) between the groups (the number of sample of the .group should be also larger that cl.min), default is TRUE.  |
| subcl.min        | integer the minimum number of samples in each second groups for performing test, default is 3.   |
| subcl.test       | logical whether to perform test for between the second groups (the .sec.group should be provided and the number sample of each .sec.group should be larger than subcl.min, and strict is TRUE), default is TRUE. |
| ml.method        | the method for calculating the effect size of features, option is 'lda' or 'rf'. default is 'lda'.   |
| normalization    | integer set a big number if to get more meaningful values for the LDA score, or you can set NULL for no normalization, default is 1000000.   |
| ldascore         | numeric the threshold on the absolute value of the logarithmic LDA score, default is 2.  |
| bootnums         | integer, set the number of bootstrap iteration for lda or rf, default is 30.   |
| sample.prop.boot | numeric range from 0 to 1, the proportion of samples for calculating the effect size of features, default is 0.7.  |
| ci               | numeric, the confidence interval of effect size (LDA or MDA), default is 0.95.   |
| seed             | a random seed to make the analysis reproducible, default is 123.   |
| type             | character type="species" meaning the abundance matrix is from the species abundance, other option is "others", default is "species".   |
| ...              | additional parameters  |

**Value**

update object according to the action argument.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(curatedMetagenomicData))
xx <- curatedMetagenomicData('ZellerG_2014.relative_abundance', dryrun=F)
xx[[1]] %>% as.mpse -> mpse
mpse.agg.clade <- mpse %>%
  mp_aggregate_clade(
    .abundance = Abundance,
    force = TRUE,
    relative = FALSE,
    action = 'add' # other option is 'get' or 'only'.
  )
```

```

mpse.agg.clade %>% mp_diff_clade(
  .abundance = Abundance,
  force = TRUE,
  relative = FALSE,
  .group = disease,
  fc.method = "compare_mean"
) %>%
mp_extract_otutree() %>%
dplyr::filter(!is.na(Sign_disease), keep.td = FALSE)

## End(Not run)

```

---

mp\_dmn

*Fit Dirichlet-Multinomial models to MPSE or tbl\_mpse*


---

## Description

Fit Dirichlet-Multinomial models to MPSE or tbl\_mpse

## Usage

```

mp_dmn(.data, .abundance, k = 1, seed = 123, mc.cores = 2, action = "get", ...)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_dmn(.data, .abundance, k = 1, seed = 123, mc.cores = 2, action = "get", ...)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_dmn(.data, .abundance, k = 1, seed = 123, mc.cores = 2, action = "get", ...)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_dmn(.data, .abundance, k = 1, seed = 123, mc.cores = 2, action = "get", ...)

```

## Arguments

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| .data      | MPSE or tbl_mpse object  |
| .abundance | The column name of OTU abundance column to be calculate.   |
| k          | the number of Dirichlet components to fit, default is 1.   |
| seed       | random number seed to be reproducible, default is 123.   |
| mc.cores   | The number of cores to use, default is 2.  |
| action     | character it has three options, 'get' return a 'list' contained DMN (default), "add" joins the new information to the input (can be extracted with mp_extract_internal_attr(name='DMN') "only" return a non-redundant tibble with the just new information a column contained 'DMN'. |
| ...        | additional parameters, see also the <a href="#">mclapply</a> and <a href="#">dmn</a> .   |

**Value**

update object or other (refer to action)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
data(mouse.time.mpse)
res <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_dmn(.abundance = Abundance,
        k = seq_len(2),
        mc.cores = 4,
        action = 'get')

res

## End(Not run)
```

---

mp\_dmngroup

*Dirichlet-Multinomial generative classifiers to MPSE or tbl\_mpse*


---

**Description**

Dirichlet-Multinomial generative classifiers to MPSE or tbl\_mpse

**Usage**

```
mp_dmngroup(.data, .abundance, .group, k = 1, action = "get", ...)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_dmngroup(.data, .abundance, .group, k = 1, action = "get", ...)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_dmngroup(.data, .abundance, .group, k = 1, action = "get", ...)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_dmngroup(.data, .abundance, .group, k = 1, action = "get", ...)
```

**Arguments**

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| .data      | MPSE or tbl_mpse object  |
| .abundance | The column name of OTU abundance column to be calculate.   |
| .group     | the column name of group variable.   |
| k          | the number of Dirichlet components to fit, default is 1.   |
| action     | character it has three options, 'get' return a 'list' contained DMN (default), "add" joins the new information to the input (can be extracted with mp_extract_internal_attr(name='DMN'), "only" return a non-redundant tibble with the just new information a column contained 'DMNGroup'. |
| ...        | additional parameters, see also the <a href="#">mclapply</a> and <a href="#">dmngroup</a> .  |

**Value**

update object or others (refer to action argument)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
data(mouse.time.mpse)
mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_dmngroup(
    .abundance = Abundance,
    .group = time,
    k=seq_len(2),
    action = 'get'
  )

## End(Not run)
```

---

mp\_envfit

*Fits an Environmental Vector or Factor onto an Ordination With MPSE or tbl\_mpse Object*

---

**Description**

Fits an Environmental Vector or Factor onto an Ordination With MPSE or tbl\_mpse Object

**Usage**

```
mp_envfit(
  .data,
  .ord,
  .env,
  .dim = 3,
  action = "only",
  permutations = 999,
  seed = 123,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_envfit(
  .data,
  .ord,
  .env,
  .dim = 3,
  action = "only",
  permutations = 999,
  seed = 123,
  ...
)
```

```

)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_envfit(
  .data,
  .ord,
  .env,
  .dim = 3,
  action = "only",
  permutations = 999,
  seed = 123,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_envfit(
  .data,
  .ord,
  .env,
  .dim = 3,
  action = "only",
  permutations = 999,
  seed = 123,
  ...
)

```

### Arguments

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| .data        | MPSE or tbl_mpse object  |
| .ord         | a name of ordination, option it is DCA, NMDS, RDA, CCA.  |
| .env         | the names of columns of sample group or environment information.   |
| .dim         | integer The number of dimensions to be returned, default is 3.   |
| action       | character "add" joins the envfit result to internal attributes of the object, "only" return a non-redundant tibble with the envfit result. "get" return 'envfit' object can be analyzed using the related vegan funtion. |
| permutations | the number of permutations required, default is 999.   |
| seed         | a random seed to make the analysis reproducible, default is 123.   |
| ...          | additional parameters see also 'vegan::envfit'   |

### Value

update object according action

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```

library(vegan)
data(varespec, varechem)
mpse <- MPSE(assays=list(Abundance=t(varespec)), colData=varechem)
envformula <- paste("~", paste(colnames(varechem), collapse="+")) %>% as.formula
mpse %<>%
  mp_cal_cca(.abundance=Abundance, .formula=envformula, action="add")
mpse2 <- mpse %>%
  mp_envfit(.ord=cca,
            .env=colnames(varechem),
            permutations=9999,
            action="add")
mpse2 %>% mp_plot_ord(.ord=cca, .group=A1, .size=Mn, show.shample=TRUE, show.envfit=TRUE)
## Not run:
tbl <- mpse %>%
  mp_envfit(.ord=CCA,
            .env=colnames(varechem),
            permutations=9999,
            action="only")

tbl
library(ggplot2)
library(ggrepel)
x <- names(tbl)[grepl("^CCA1 ", names(tbl))] %>% as.symbol()
y <- names(tbl)[grepl("^CCA2 ", names(tbl))] %>% as.symbol()
p <- tbl %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=!!x, y=!!y)) +
  geom_point(aes(color=A1, size=Mn)) +
  geom_segment(data=dr_extract(
    name="CCA_ENVFIT_tb",
    .f=td_filter(pvals<=0.05 & label!="Humdepth")
  ),
             aes(x=0, y=0, xend=CCA1, yend=CCA2),
             arrow=arrow(length = unit(0.02, "npc")))
  ) +
  geom_text_repel(data=dr_extract(
    name="CCA_ENVFIT_tb",
    .f=td_filter(pvals<=0.05 & label!="Humdepth")
  ),
                 aes(x=CCA1, y=CCA2, label=label)
  ) +
  geom_vline(xintercept=0, color="grey20", linetype=2) +
  geom_hline(yintercept=0, color="grey20", linetype=2) +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(panel.grid=element_blank())
p
## End(Not run)

```

**Description**

Extracting the abundance metric from the MPSE or tbl\_mpse, the 'mp\_cal\_abundance' must have been run with action='add'.

**Usage**

```
mp_extract_abundance(x, taxa.class = "all", topn = NULL, rmun = FALSE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_extract_abundance(x, taxa.class = "all", topn = NULL, rmun = FALSE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_extract_abundance(x, taxa.class = "all", topn = NULL, rmun = FALSE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_extract_abundance(x, taxa.class = "all", topn = NULL, rmun = FALSE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| x          | MPSE or tbl_mpse object  |
| taxa.class | character the name of taxonomy class level what you want to extract  |
| topn       | integer the number of the top most abundant, default is NULL.  |
| rmun       | logical whether to remove the unknown taxa, such as "g__un_xxx", default is FALSE (the unknown taxa class will be considered as 'Others'). |
| ...        | additional parameters  |

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

---

mp\_extract\_assays      *extract the abundance matrix from MPSE object or tbl\_mpse object*

---

**Description**

extract the abundance matrix from MPSE object or tbl\_mpse object

**Usage**

```
mp_extract_assays(x, .abundance, byRow = TRUE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_extract_assays(x, .abundance, byRow = TRUE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_extract_assays(x, .abundance, byRow = TRUE, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_extract_assays(x, .abundance, byRow = TRUE, ...)
```

### Arguments

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| x          | MPSE or tbl_mpse object   |
| .abundance | the name of abundance to be extracted.  |
| byRow      | logical if it is set TRUE, 'otu X sample' shape will return, else 'sample X otu' will return. |
| ...        | additional parameters.  |

### Value

otu abundance a data.frame object

---

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| mp_extract_dist | <i>extract the dist object from MPSE or tbl_mpse object</i> |
|-----------------|---|

---

### Description

extract the dist object from MPSE or tbl\_mpse object

### Usage

```
mp_extract_dist(x, distmethod, type = "sample", .group = NULL, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_extract_dist(x, distmethod, type = "sample", .group = NULL, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_extract_dist(x, distmethod, type = "sample", .group = NULL, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_extract_dist(x, distmethod, type = "sample", .group = NULL, ...)
```

### Arguments

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| x          | MPSE object or tbl_mpse object  |
| distmethod | character the method of calculated distance.  |
| type       | character, which type distance to be extracted, 'sample' represents the distance between the samples based on feature abundance matrix, 'feature' represents the distance between the features based on feature abundance matrix, 'env' represents the the distance between the samples based on continuous environment factors, default is 'sample'. |

.group the column name of sample information, which only work with type='sample' or type='env', default is NULL, when it is provided, a tibble that can be visualized via ggplot2 will return.

... additional parameters

**Value**

dist object or tbl\_df object when .group is provided.

---

mp\_extract\_feature *extract the feature (OTU) information in MPSE object*

---

**Description**

extract the feature (OTU) information in MPSE object

**Usage**

```
mp_extract_feature(x, addtaxa = FALSE, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
```

```
mp_extract_feature(x, addtaxa = FALSE, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
```

```
mp_extract_feature(x, addtaxa = FALSE, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
```

```
mp_extract_feature(x, addtaxa = FALSE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x MPSE object

addtaxa logical whether adding the taxonomy information default is FALSE.

... additional arguments

**Value**

tbl\_df contained feature (OTU) information.

---

mp\_extract\_internal\_attr

*Extracting the PCA, PCoA, etc results from MPSE or tbl\_mpse object*

---

### Description

Extracting the PCA, PCoA, etc results from MPSE or tbl\_mpse object

### Usage

```
mp_extract_internal_attr(x, name, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_extract_internal_attr(x, name, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_extract_internal_attr(x, name, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_extract_internal_attr(x, name, ...)
```

### Arguments

|      |                           |
|------|---------------------------|
| x    | MPSE or tbl_mpse object   |
| name | character 'PCA' or 'PCoA' |
| ...  | additional parameters     |

### Value

prcomp or pcoa etc object

---

mp\_extract\_rarecurve *Extract the result of mp\_cal\_rarecurve with action="add" from MPSE or tbl\_mpse object*

---

### Description

Extract the result of mp\_cal\_rarecurve with action="add" from MPSE or tbl\_mpse object

**Usage**

```
mp_extract_rarecurve(x, .rarecurve, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_extract_rarecurve(x, .rarecurve, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_extract_rarecurve(x, .rarecurve, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_extract_rarecurve(x, .rarecurve, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| x          | MPSE object or tbl_mpse object   |
| .rarecurve | the column name of rarecurve after run mp_cal_rarecurve with action="add". |
| ...        | additional parameter   |

**Value**

rarecurve object that be be visualized by ggrarecurve

---

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| mp_extract_refseq | <i>Extract the representative sequences from MPSE object</i> |
|-------------------|--|

---

**Description**

Extract the representative sequences from MPSE object

**Usage**

```
mp_extract_refseq(x, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_extract_refseq(x, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_extract_refseq(x, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_extract_refseq(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|     |   |
|-----|---|
| x   | MPSE object                             |
| ... | additional parameters, meaningless now. |

---

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| mp_extract_sample | <i>extract the sample information in MPSE object</i> |
|-------------------|--|

---

**Description**

extract the sample information in MPSE object

**Usage**

```
mp_extract_sample(x, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'  
mp_extract_sample(x, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'  
mp_extract_sample(x, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'  
mp_extract_sample(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|     |                      |
|-----|----------------------|
| x   | MPSE object          |
| ... | additional arguments |

**Value**

tbl\_df contained sample information.

---

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| mp_extract_tree | <i>extract the taxonomy tree in MPSE object</i> |
|-----------------|---|

---

**Description**

extract the taxonomy tree in MPSE object

**Usage**

```
mp_extract_tree(x, type = "taxatree", tip.level = "OTU", ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'  
mp_extract_tree(x, type = "taxatree", tip.level = "OTU", ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'  
mp_extract_tree(x, type = "taxatree", tip.level = "OTU", ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_extract_tree(x, type = "taxatree", tip.level = "OTU", ...)

mp_extract_taxatree(x, tip.level = "OTU", ...)

mp_extract_otutree(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| x         | MPSE object   |
| type      | character taxatree or otutree   |
| tip.level | character This argument will keep the nodes belong to the tip.level as tip nodes when type is taxatree, default is OTU, which will return the taxa tree with OTU level as tips. |
| ...       | additional arguments  |

### Value

taxatree treedata object

---

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| mp_filter_taxa | <i>Filter OTU (Features) By Abundance Level</i> |
|----------------|---|

---

### Description

Filter OTU (Features) By Abundance Level

### Usage

```
mp_filter_taxa(
  .data,
  .abundance = NULL,
  min.abun = 0,
  min.prop = 0.05,
  include.lowest = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_filter_taxa(
  .data,
  .abundance = NULL,
  min.abun = 0,
  min.prop = 0.05,
  include.lowest = FALSE,
```

```

    ...
  )

  ## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
  mp_filter_taxa(
    .data,
    .abundance = NULL,
    min.abun = 0,
    min.prop = 0.05,
    include.lowest = FALSE,
    ...
  )

  ## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
  mp_filter_taxa(
    .data,
    .abundance = NULL,
    min.abun = 0,
    min.prop = 0.05,
    include.lowest = FALSE,
    ...
  )

```

### Arguments

|                             |  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| <code>.data</code>          | MPSE or <code>tbl_mpse</code> or <code>grouped_df_mpse</code> object.  |
| <code>.abundance</code>     | the column names of abundance, default is <code>NULL</code> , meaning the 'Abundance' column.  |
| <code>min.abun</code>       | numeric minimum abundance required for each one sample default is 0 ( <code>.abundance=Abundance</code> or <code>NULL</code> ), meaning the abundance of OTU (Features) for each one sample should be $\geq 0$ . |
| <code>min.prop</code>       | numeric minimum proportion of samples that contains the OTU (Features) when <code>min.prop</code> larger than 1, meaning the minimum number of samples that contains the OTU (Features).                         |
| <code>include.lowest</code> | logical whether include the lower boundary of <code>min.abun</code> default is <code>FALSE</code> ( $>$ <code>min.abun</code> ), if it is <code>TRUE</code> , meaning ( $\geq$ <code>min.abun</code> ).          |
| <code>...</code>            | additional parameters, meaningless now.  |

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

### Examples

```

data(mouse.time.mpse)
mouse.time.mpse %>% mp_filter_taxa(.abundance=Abundance, min.abun=1, min.prop=1)
# For tbl_mpse object.
mouse.time.mpse %>% as_tibble %>% mp_filter_taxa(.abundance=Abundance, min.abun=1, min.prop=1)

```

```
# This also can be done using group_by, filter of dplyr.
mouse.time.mpse %>%
  dplyr::group_by(OTU) %>%
  dplyr::filter(sum(Abundance>=1)>=1)
```

---

mp\_fortify

*mp\_fortify*


---

### Description

Fortify a model with data in MicrobiotaProcess

### Usage

```
mp_fortify(model, ...)
```

### Arguments

|       |                       |
|-------|-----------------------|
| model | object                |
| ...   | additional parameters |

### Value

data frame or tbl\_df object

---

mp\_import\_biom

*building MPSE object from biom-format file.*


---

### Description

building MPSE object from biom-format file.

### Usage

```
mp_import_biom(
  biomfilename,
  mapfilename = NULL,
  otutree = NULL,
  refseq = NULL,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| biomfilename | character the biom-format file path.  |
| mapfilename  | character, the file contained sample information, the tsv format, default is NULL.  |
| otutree      | treedata, phylo or character, the file contained reference sequences, or treedata object, which is the result parsed by functions of treeio, default is NULL. |
| refseq       | XStringSet or character, the file contained the representation sequence file or XStringSet class to store the representation sequence, default is NULL.       |
| ...          | additional parameter, which is meaningless now.   |

**Value**

MPSE-class

---

mp\_import\_humann\_regroup

*Import function to load the output of human\_regroup\_table in HUMAN.*

---

**Description**

Import function to load the output of human\_regroup\_table in HUMAN.

**Usage**

```
mp_import_humann_regroup(
  profile,
  mapfilename = NULL,
  rm.unknown = TRUE,
  keep.contribute.abundance = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| profile                   | the output file (text format) of human_regroup_table in HUMAN.   |
| mapfilename               | the sample information file or data.frame,   |
| rm.unknown                | logical whether remove the unmapped and ungrouped features.  |
| keep.contribute.abundance | logical whether keep the abundance of contributed taxa, default is FALSE, it will consume more memory if it set to TRUE. |
| ...                       | additional parameters, meaningless now.  |

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

---

mp\_import\_metaphlan    *Import function to load the output of MetaPhlAn.*

---

### Description

Import function to load the output of MetaPhlAn.

### Usage

```
mp_import_metaphlan(
  profile,
  mapfilename = NULL,
  treefile = NULL,
  linenum = NULL,
  ...
)
```

### Arguments

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| profile     | the output file (text format) of MetaPhlAn.   |
| mapfilename | the sample information file or data.frame, default is NULL.   |
| treefile    | the path of MetaPhlAn tree file ( mpa_v30_CHOCOPhlAn_201901_species_tree.nwk), default is NULL.   |
| linenum     | a integer, sometimes the output file of MetaPhlAn ( < 3) contained the sample information in the first several lines. The linenum should be required. for example:<br><br><pre>group A A A A B B B B subgroup A1 A1 A2 A2 B1 B1 B2 B2 subject S1 S2 S3 S4 S5 S6 S7 S8 Bacteria 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 ...</pre> <p>the linenum should be set to 3.</p> <pre>sampleid A1 A2 A3 A4 A5 Bacteria 99 99 99 99 99 ...</pre> <p>The linenum should be set to 1.</p> |
| ...         | additional parameters, meaningless now.   |

### Details

When the output abundance of MetaPhlAn is relative abundance, the force of mp\_cal\_abundance should be set to TRUE, and the relative of mp\_cal\_abundance should be set to FALSE. Because the abundance profile will be rarefied in the default (force=FALSE), which requires the integer (count) abundance, then the relative abundance will be calculated in the default (relative=TRUE).

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
file1 <- system.file("extdata/MetaPhlan", "metaphlan_test.txt", package="MicrobiotaProcess")
sample.file <- system.file("extdata/MetaPhlan", "sample_test.txt", package="MicrobiotaProcess")
readLines(file1, n=3) %>% writeLines()
mpse1 <- mp_import_metaphlan(profile=file1, mapfilename=sample.file)
mpse1
```

---

`mp_import_qiime`*Import function to load the output of qiime.*

---

**Description**

The function was designed to import the output of qiime and convert them to MPSE class.

**Usage**

```
mp_import_qiime(  
  otufilename,  
  mapfilename = NULL,  
  otutree = NULL,  
  refseq = NULL,  
  ...  
)
```

**Arguments**

|                          |   |
|--------------------------|---|
| <code>otufilename</code> | character, the file contained otu table, the output of qiime.   |
| <code>mapfilename</code> | character, the file contained sample information, the tsv format, default is NULL.  |
| <code>otutree</code>     | treedata, phylo or character, the file contained reference sequences, or treedata object, which is the result parsed by functions of treeio, default is NULL. |
| <code>refseq</code>      | XStringSet or character, the file contained the representation sequence file or XStringSet class to store the representation sequence, default is NULL.       |
| <code>...</code>         | additional parameters.  |

**Value**

MPSE-class.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

---

`mp_mantel`*Mantel and Partial Mantel Tests for MPSE or tbl\_mpse Object*

---

**Description**

Mantel and Partial Mantel Tests for MPSE or tbl\_mpse Object

**Usage**

```
mp_mantel(  
  .data,  
  .abundance,  
  .y.env,  
  .z.env = NULL,  
  distmethod = "bray",  
  distmethod.y = "euclidean",  
  distmethod.z = "euclidean",  
  method = "pearson",  
  permutations = 999,  
  action = "get",  
  seed = 123,  
  scale.y = FALSE,  
  scale.z = FALSE,  
  ...  
)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'  
mp_mantel(  
  .data,  
  .abundance,  
  .y.env,  
  .z.env = NULL,  
  distmethod = "bray",  
  distmethod.y = "euclidean",  
  distmethod.z = "euclidean",  
  method = "pearson",  
  permutations = 999,  
  action = "get",  
  seed = 123,  
  scale.y = FALSE,  
  scale.z = FALSE,  
  ...  
)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'  
mp_mantel(  
  .data,
```

```

.abundance,
.y.env,
.z.env = NULL,
distmethod = "bray",
distmethod.y = "euclidean",
distmethod.z = "euclidean",
method = "pearson",
permutations = 999,
action = "get",
seed = 123,
scale.y = FALSE,
scale.z = FALSE,
...
)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_mantel(
.data,
.abundance,
.y.env,
.z.env = NULL,
distmethod = "bray",
distmethod.y = "euclidean",
distmethod.z = "euclidean",
method = "pearson",
permutations = 999,
action = "get",
seed = 123,
scale.y = FALSE,
scale.z = FALSE,
...
)

```

### Arguments

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| .data        | MPSE or tbl_mpse object  |
| .abundance   | the name of otu abundance to be calculated   |
| .y.env       | the column names of continuous environment factors to perform Mantel statistic, it is required.                        |
| .z.env       | the column names of continuous environment factors to perform Partial Mantel statistic based on this, default is NULL. |
| distmethod   | character the method to calculate distance based on .abundance.  |
| distmethod.y | character the method to calculate distance based on .y.env.  |
| distmethod.z | character the method of calculated distance based on .z.env  |
| method       | character Correlation method, options is "pearson", "spearman" or "kendall"  |
| permutations | the number of permutations required, default is 999.   |

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| action  | character, "add" joins the mantel result to the internal attributes of the object, "only" and "get" return 'mantel' or 'mantel.partial' (if .z.env is provided) object. |
| seed    | a random seed to make the analysis reproducible, default is 123.  |
| scale.y | logical whether scale the environment matrix (.y.env) before the distance is calculated, default is FALSE   |
| scale.z | logical whether scale the environment matrix (.z.env) before the distance is calculated, default is FALSE   |
| ...     | additional parameters, see also <a href="#">mantel</a> .  |

**Value**

update object or tibble according the 'action'

**See Also**

[mantel](#)

**Examples**

```
library(vegan)
data(varespec, varechem)
mpse <- MPSE(assays=list(Abundance=t(varespec)), colData=varechem)
mpse %>% mp_mantel(.abundance=Abundance,
                  .y.env=colnames(varechem),
                  distmethod.y="euclidean",
                  scale.y = TRUE
                  )
```

---

|         |   |
|---------|---|
| mp_mrpp | <i>Analysis of Multi Response Permutation Procedure (MRPP) with MPSE or tbl_mpse object</i> |
|---------|---|

---

**Description**

Analysis of Multi Response Permutation Procedure (MRPP) with MPSE or tbl\_mpse object

**Usage**

```
mp_mrpp(
  .data,
  .abundance,
  .group,
  distmethod = "bray",
  action = "add",
  permutations = 999,
  seed = 123,
  ...
)
```

```

)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_mrpp(
  .data,
  .abundance,
  .group,
  distmethod = "bray",
  action = "add",
  permutations = 999,
  seed = 123,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_mrpp(
  .data,
  .abundance,
  .group,
  distmethod = "bray",
  action = "add",
  permutations = 999,
  seed = 123,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_mrpp(
  .data,
  .abundance,
  .group,
  distmethod = "bray",
  action = "add",
  permutations = 999,
  seed = 123,
  ...
)

```

### Arguments

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| .data      | MPSE or tbl_mpse object   |
| .abundance | the name of abundance to be calculated.   |
| .group     | The name of the column of the sample group information.   |
| distmethod | character the method to calculate pairwise distances, default is 'bray'.  |
| action     | character "add" joins the ANOSIM result to internal attribute of the object, "only" return a tibble contained the statistic information of MRPP analysis, and "get" return 'mrpp' object can be analyzed using the related vegan funtion. |

permutations the number of permutations required, default is 999.  
 seed a random seed to make the MRPP analysis reproducible, default is 123.  
 ... additional parameters see also 'mrpp' of vegan.

**Value**

update object according action argument

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin

**Examples**

```
data(mouse.time.mpse)
mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_decostand(.abundance=Abundance) %>%
  mp_mrpp(.abundance=hellinger,
          .group=time,
          distmethod="bray",
          permutations=999, # for more robust, set it to 9999.
          action="get")
```

---

mp\_plot\_abundance *plotting the abundance of taxa via specified taxonomy class*

---

**Description**

plotting the abundance of taxa via specified taxonomy class

**Usage**

```
mp_plot_abundance(
  .data,
  .abundance = NULL,
  .group = NULL,
  taxa.class = NULL,
  topn = 10,
  relative = TRUE,
  force = FALSE,
  plot.group = FALSE,
  geom = "flowbar",
  feature.dist = "bray",
  feature.hclust = "average",
  sample.dist = "bray",
  sample.hclust = "average",
  .sec.group = NULL,
  rmun = FALSE,
```

```
    rm.zero = TRUE,  
    order.by.feature = FALSE,  
    ...  
  )  
  
## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'  
mp_plot_abundance(  
  .data,  
  .abundance = NULL,  
  .group = NULL,  
  .taxa.class = NULL,  
  topn = 10,  
  relative = TRUE,  
  force = FALSE,  
  plot.group = FALSE,  
  geom = "flowbar",  
  feature.dist = "bray",  
  feature.hclust = "average",  
  sample.dist = "bray",  
  sample.hclust = "average",  
  .sec.group = NULL,  
  rmun = FALSE,  
  rm.zero = TRUE,  
  order.by.feature = FALSE,  
  ...  
)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'  
mp_plot_abundance(  
  .data,  
  .abundance = NULL,  
  .group = NULL,  
  .taxa.class = NULL,  
  topn = 10,  
  relative = TRUE,  
  force = FALSE,  
  plot.group = FALSE,  
  geom = "flowbar",  
  feature.dist = "bray",  
  feature.hclust = "average",  
  sample.dist = "bray",  
  sample.hclust = "average",  
  .sec.group = NULL,  
  rmun = FALSE,  
  rm.zero = TRUE,  
  order.by.feature = FALSE,  
  ...  
)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_plot_abundance(
  .data,
  .abundance = NULL,
  .group = NULL,
  taxa.class = NULL,
  topn = 10,
  relative = TRUE,
  force = FALSE,
  plot.group = FALSE,
  geom = "flowbar",
  feature.dist = "bray",
  feature.hclust = "average",
  sample.dist = "bray",
  sample.hclust = "average",
  .sec.group = NULL,
  rmun = FALSE,
  rm.zero = TRUE,
  order.by.feature = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

### Arguments

|                             |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| <code>.data</code>          | MPSE object or <code>tbl_mpse</code> object   |
| <code>.abundance</code>     | the column name of abundance to be plotted.   |
| <code>.group</code>         | the column name of group to be calculated and plotted, default is <code>NULL</code> .   |
| <code>taxa.class</code>     | name of taxonomy class, default is <code>NULL</code> , meaning the Phylum class will be plotted.  |
| <code>topn</code>           | integer the number of the top most abundant, default is 10.   |
| <code>relative</code>       | logical whether calculate the relative abundance and plotted.   |
| <code>force</code>          | logical whether calculate the relative abundance forcibly when the abundance is not be rarefied, default is <code>FALSE</code> .  |
| <code>plot.group</code>     | logical whether plotting the abundance of specified <code>taxa.class</code> taxonomy with group not sample level, default is <code>FALSE</code> .   |
| <code>geom</code>           | character which type plot, options is 'flowbar' 'bar' and 'heatmap', default is 'flowbar'.  |
| <code>feature.dist</code>   | character the method to calculate the distance between the features, based on the '.abundance' of 'taxa.class', default is 'bray', options refer to the 'distmethod' of [ <code>mp_cal_dist()</code> ] (except <code>unifrac</code> related). |
| <code>feature.hclust</code> | character the agglomeration method for the features, default is 'average', options are 'single', 'complete', 'average', 'ward.D', 'ward.D2', 'centroid' 'median' and 'mcquitty'.  |

|                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| sample.dist      | character the method to calculate the distance between the samples based on the '.abundance' of 'taxa.class', default is 'bray', options refer to the 'distmethod' of [mp_cal_dist()] (except unifracs related).   |
| sample.hclust    | character the agglomeration method for the samples, default is 'average', options are 'single', 'complete', 'average', 'ward.D', 'ward.D2', 'centroid', 'median' and 'mcquitty'.   |
| .sec.group       | the column name of second group to be plotted with nested facet, default is NULL, this argument will be deprecated in the next version.  |
| rmun             | logical whether to group the unknown taxa to Others category, such as "g__un_xxx", default is FALSE, meaning do not group them to Others category.   |
| rm.zero          | logical whether to display the zero abundance, which only work with geom='heatmap' default is TRUE.  |
| order.by.feature | character adjust the order of axis x, default is FALSE, if it is NULL or TRUE, meaning the order of axis.x will be visualizing with the order of samples by highest abundance of features.   |
| ...              | additional parameters, when the geom = "flowbar", it can specify the parameters of 'geom_stratum' of 'ggalluvial', when the geom = 'bar', it can specify the parameters of 'geom_bar' of 'ggplot2', when the geom = "heatmap", it can specify the parameter of 'geom_tile' of 'ggplot2'. |

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

### Examples

```
## Not run:
data(mouse.time.mpse)
mouse.time.mpse %<>%
  mp_rrarefy()
mouse.time.mpse
mouse.time.mpse %<>%
  mp_cal_abundance(.abundance=RareAbundance, action="add") %>%
  mp_cal_abundance(.abundance=RareAbundance, .group=time, action="add")
mouse.time.mpse
p1 <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_plot_abundance(.abundance=RelRareAbundanceBySample,
                    .group=time,
                    taxa.class="Phylum",
                    topn=20)
p2 <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_plot_abundance(.abundance = Abundance,
                    taxa.class = Phylum,
                    topn = 20,
                    relative = FALSE,
                    force = TRUE
                    )
p3 <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
```

```

      mp_plot_abundance(.abundance = RareAbundance,
                        .group = time,
                        taxa.class = Phylum,
                        topn = 20,
                        relative = FALSE,
                        force = TRUE
                      )
p4 <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_plot_abundance(.abundance = RareAbundance,
                    .group = time,
                    taxa.class = Phylum,
                    topn = 20,
                    relative = FALSE,
                    force = TRUE,
                    plot.group = TRUE
                  )

## End(Not run)

```

---

mp\_plot\_alpha

*Plotting the alpha diversity between samples or groups.*


---

## Description

Plotting the alpha diversity between samples or groups.

## Usage

```

mp_plot_alpha(
  .data,
  .group,
  .alpha = c("Observe", "Shannon"),
  test = "wilcox.test",
  comparisons = NULL,
  step_increase = 0.05,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_plot_alpha(
  .data,
  .group,
  .alpha = c("Observe", "Shannon"),
  test = "wilcox.test",
  comparisons = NULL,
  step_increase = 0.05,
  ...
)

```

```
## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_plot_alpha(
  .data,
  .group,
  .alpha = c("Observe", "Shannon"),
  test = "wilcox.test",
  comparisons = NULL,
  step_increase = 0.05,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_plot_alpha(
  .data,
  .group,
  .alpha = c("Observe", "Shannon"),
  test = "wilcox.test",
  comparisons = NULL,
  step_increase = 0.05,
  ...
)
```

### Arguments

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <code>.data</code>         | MPSE or <code>tbl_mpse</code> object   |
| <code>.group</code>        | the column name of sample group information  |
| <code>.alpha</code>        | the column name of alpha index after run <code>mp_cal_alpha</code> or <code>mp_cal_pd_metric</code> .  |
| <code>test</code>          | the name of the statistical test, default is 'wilcox.test'   |
| <code>comparisons</code>   | A list of length-2 vectors. The entries in the vector are either the names of 2 values on the x-axis or the 2 integers that correspond to the index of the columns of interest, default is NULL, meaning it will be calculated automatically with the names in the <code>.group</code> . |
| <code>step_increase</code> | numeric vector with the increase in fraction of total height for every additional comparison to minimize overlap, default is 0.05.   |
| <code>...</code>           | additional parameters, see also <a href="#">geom_signif</a>  |

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

### Examples

```
## Not run:
data(mouse.time.mpse)
mpse <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_rrarefy() %>%
  mp_cal_alpha(.abundance=RareAbundance)
```

```

mpse
p <- mpse %>%
  mp_plot_alpha(.group=time, .alpha=c(Observe, Shannon, Pielou))
p

## End(Not run)

```

---

mp\_plot\_diff\_boxplot *displaying the differential result contained abundance and LDA with boxplot (abundance) and error bar (LDA).*

---

### Description

displaying the differential result contained abundance and LDA with boxplot (abundance) and error bar (LDA).

### Usage

```

mp_plot_diff_boxplot(
  .data,
  .group,
  .size = 2,
  errorbar.xmin = NULL,
  errorbar.xmax = NULL,
  point.x = NULL,
  taxa.class = "all",
  group.abun = FALSE,
  removeUnknown = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_plot_diff_boxplot(
  .data,
  .group,
  .size = 2,
  errorbar.xmin = NULL,
  errorbar.xmax = NULL,
  point.x = NULL,
  taxa.class = "all",
  group.abun = FALSE,
  removeUnknown = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_plot_diff_boxplot(

```

```

    .data,
    .group,
    .size = 2,
    errorbar.xmin = NULL,
    errorbar.xmax = NULL,
    point.x = NULL,
    taxa.class = "all",
    group.abun = FALSE,
    removeUnknown = FALSE,
    ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_plot_diff_boxplot(
  .data,
  .group,
  .size = 2,
  errorbar.xmin = NULL,
  errorbar.xmax = NULL,
  point.x = NULL,
  taxa.class = "all",
  group.abun = FALSE,
  removeUnknown = FALSE,
  ...
)

```

### Arguments

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| <code>.data</code>         | MPSE or <code>tbl_mpse</code> after run <code>mp_diff_analysis</code> with <code>'action="add"'</code> .                    |
| <code>.group</code>        | the column name for mapping the different color.  |
| <code>.size</code>         | the column name for mapping the size of points or numeric, default is 2.  |
| <code>errorbar.xmin</code> | the column name for <code>'xmin'</code> mapping of error barplot layer, default is <code>NULL</code> .                      |
| <code>errorbar.xmax</code> | the column name for <code>'xmax'</code> mapping of error barplot layer, default is <code>NULL</code> .                      |
| <code>point.x</code>       | the column name for <code>'x'</code> mapping of point layer (right panel), default is <code>NULL</code> .                   |
| <code>taxa.class</code>    | the taxonomy class features will be displayed, default is <code>'all'</code> .  |
| <code>group.abun</code>    | logical whether plot the abundance in each group with bar plot, default is <code>FALSE</code> .                             |
| <code>removeUnknown</code> | logical whether mask the unknown taxonomy information but differential species, default is <code>FALSE</code> .             |
| <code>...</code>           | additional params, see also the <code>'geom_boxplot'</code> , <code>'geom_errorbarh'</code> and <code>'geom_point'</code> . |

### Examples

```

data(mouse.time.mpse)
mouse.time.mpse %<>%
  mp_rrarefy()
mouse.time.mpse
mouse.time.mpse %<>%

```

```

mp_diff_analysis(.abundance=RareAbundance,
                 .group=time,
                 first.test.alpha=0.01,
                 action="add")
library(ggplot2)
p1 <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_plot_diff_boxplot(.group = time) %>%
  set_diff_boxplot_color(
    values = c("deepskyblue", "orange"),
    guide = guide_legend(title=NULL)
  )
p1
p2 <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_plot_diff_boxplot(
    taxa.class = c(Genus, OTU),
    group.abun = TRUE,
    removeUnknown = TRUE,
  ) %>%
  set_diff_boxplot_color(
    values = c("deepskyblue", "orange"),
    guide = guide_legend(title=NULL)
  )
p2

```

---

mp\_plot\_diff\_cladogram

*Visualizing the result of mp\_diff\_analysis with cladogram.*

---

## Description

Visualizing the result of mp\_diff\_analysis with cladogram.

## Usage

```

mp_plot_diff_cladogram(
  .data,
  .group,
  .size = "pvalue",
  taxa.class,
  removeUnknown = FALSE,
  layout = "radial",
  hilight.alpha = 0.3,
  hilight.size = 0.2,
  bg.tree.size = 0.15,
  bg.tree.color = "#bed0d1",
  bg.point.color = "#bed0d1",
  bg.point.fill = "white",
  bg.point.stroke = 0.2,
  bg.point.size = 2,

```

```

    label.size = 2.6,
    tip.annot = TRUE,
    as.tiplab = TRUE,
    ...
)

```

### Arguments

|                              |  |
|------------------------------|--|
| <code>.data</code>           | MPSE object or treedata which was from the taxatree slot after running the 'mp_diff_analysis'.   |
| <code>.group</code>          | the column name for mapping the different color.   |
| <code>.size</code>           | the column name for mapping the size of points, default is 'pvalue'.   |
| <code>taxa.class</code>      | the taxonomy class name will be replaced shorthand, default is the one level above 'OTU'.  |
| <code>removeUnknown</code>   | logical, whether mask the unknown taxonomy information but differential species, default is FALSE.   |
| <code>layout</code>          | character, the layout of tree, default is 'radial', see also the 'layout' of 'ggtree'.   |
| <code>hilight.alpha</code>   | numeric, the transparency of high light clade, default is 0.3.   |
| <code>hilight.size</code>    | numeric, the margin thickness of high light clade, default is 0.2.   |
| <code>bg.tree.size</code>    | numeric, the line size (width) of tree, default is 0.15.   |
| <code>bg.tree.color</code>   | character, the line color of tree, default is '#bed0d1'.   |
| <code>bg.point.color</code>  | character, the color of margin of background node points of tree, default is '#bed0d1'.  |
| <code>bg.point.fill</code>   | character, the point fill (since point shape is 21) of background nodes of tree, default is 'white'.   |
| <code>bg.point.stroke</code> | numeric, the margin thickness of point of background nodes of tree, default is 0.2.  |
| <code>bg.point.size</code>   | numeric, the point size of background nodes of tree, default is 2.   |
| <code>label.size</code>      | numeric, the label size of differential taxa, default is 2.6.  |
| <code>tip.annot</code>       | logical whether to replace the differential tip labels with shorthand, default is TRUE.  |
| <code>as.tiplab</code>       | logical, whether to display the differential tip labels with 'geom_tiplab' of 'ggtree', default is TRUE, if it is FALSE, it will use 'geom_text_repel' of 'ggrepel'. |
| <code>...</code>             | additional parameters, meaningless now.  |

### Details

The color scale of differential group can be designed by 'scale\_fill\_diff\_cladogram'

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
data(mouse.time.mpse)
mouse.time.mpse %<>%
  mp_rrarefy()
mouse.time.mpse
mouse.time.mpse %<>%
  mp_diff_analysis(.abundance=RareAbundance,
                  .group=time,
                  first.test.alpha=0.01,
                  action="add")
#' ### visualizing the differential taxa with cladogram
library(ggplot2)
f <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_plot_diff_cladogram(
    label.size = 2.5,
    hilight.alpha = .3,
    bg.tree.size = .5,
    bg.point.size = 2,
    bg.point.stroke = .25
  ) +
  scale_fill_diff_cladogram(
    values = c('skyblue', 'orange')
  ) +
  scale_size_continuous(range = c(1, 4))
f

## End(Not run)
```

---

mp\_plot\_diff\_manhattan

*displaying the differential result contained abundance and LDA with manhattan plot.*

---

**Description**

displaying the differential result contained abundance and LDA with manhattan plot.

**Usage**

```
mp_plot_diff_manhattan(
  .data,
  .group,
  .y = "fdr",
  .size = 2,
  taxa.class = "OTU",
  anno.taxa.class = NULL,
  removeUnknown = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

```

)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_plot_diff_manhattan(
  .data,
  .group,
  .y = "fdr",
  .size = 2,
  taxa.class = "OTU",
  anno.taxa.class = NULL,
  removeUnknown = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_plot_diff_manhattan(
  .data,
  .group,
  .y = "fdr",
  .size = 2,
  taxa.class = "OTU",
  anno.taxa.class = NULL,
  removeUnknown = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_plot_diff_manhattan(
  .data,
  .group,
  .y = "fdr",
  .size = 2,
  taxa.class = "OTU",
  anno.taxa.class = NULL,
  removeUnknown = FALSE,
  ...
)

```

### Arguments

|                              |  |
|------------------------------|--|
| <code>.data</code>           | MPSE or <code>tbl_mpse</code> after run <code>'mp_diff_analysis'</code> with <code>'action="add"</code> .                          |
| <code>.group</code>          | the column name for mapping the different color.   |
| <code>.y</code>              | the column name for mapping the y axis, default is <code>'fdr'</code> .  |
| <code>.size</code>           | the column name for mapping the size of points or numeric, default is 2.   |
| <code>taxa.class</code>      | the taxonomy class features will be displayed, default is <code>'OTU'</code> .   |
| <code>anno.taxa.class</code> | the taxonomy class to annotate the sign taxa with color, default is <code>'Phylum'</code> if <code>'taxatree'</code> is not empty. |

removeUnknown logical whether mask the unknown taxonomy information but differential species, default is FALSE.

... additional params, see also the 'geom\_text\_repel' and 'geom\_point'.

### Examples

```
data(mouse.time.mpse)
mouse.time.mpse %<>%
  mp_rrarefy()
mouse.time.mpse
mouse.time.mpse %<>%
  mp_diff_analysis(.abundance=RareAbundance,
                  .group=time,
                  first.test.alpha=0.01,
                  action="add")
p <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_plot_diff_manhattan(
    .group = Sign_time,
    .y = fdr,
    .size = 2,
    taxa.class = OTU,
    anno.taxa.class = Phylum,
  )
```

---

mp\_plot\_diff\_res      *The visualization of result of mp\_diff\_analysis*

---

### Description

The visualization of result of mp\_diff\_analysis

### Usage

```
mp_plot_diff_res(
  .data,
  .group,
  layout = "radial",
  tree.type = "taxatree",
  .taxa.class = NULL,
  barplot.x = NULL,
  point.size = NULL,
  sample.num = 50,
  tiplab.size = 2,
  offset.abun = 0.04,
  pwidth.abun = 0.8,
  offset.effsize = 0.3,
  pwidth.effsize = 0.5,
  group.abun = FALSE,
```

```
    tiplab.linetype = 3,
    ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_plot_diff_res(
  .data,
  .group,
  layout = "radial",
  tree.type = "taxatree",
  .taxa.class = NULL,
  barplot.x = NULL,
  point.size = NULL,
  sample.num = 50,
  tiplab.size = 2,
  offset.abun = 0.04,
  pwidth.abun = 0.8,
  offset.effsize = 0.3,
  pwidth.effsize = 0.5,
  group.abun = FALSE,
  tiplab.linetype = 3,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_plot_diff_res(
  .data,
  .group,
  layout = "radial",
  tree.type = "taxatree",
  .taxa.class = NULL,
  barplot.x = NULL,
  point.size = NULL,
  sample.num = 50,
  tiplab.size = 2,
  offset.abun = 0.04,
  pwidth.abun = 0.8,
  offset.effsize = 0.3,
  pwidth.effsize = 0.5,
  group.abun = FALSE,
  tiplab.linetype = 3,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_plot_diff_res(
  .data,
  .group,
```

```

    layout = "radial",
    tree.type = "taxatree",
    .taxa.class = NULL,
    barplot.x = NULL,
    point.size = NULL,
    sample.num = 50,
    tiplab.size = 2,
    offset.abun = 0.04,
    pwidth.abun = 0.8,
    offset.effsize = 0.3,
    pwidth.effsize = 0.5,
    group.abun = FALSE,
    tiplab.linetype = 3,
    ...
)

```

### Arguments

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| .data          | MPSE or tbl_mpse after run mp_diff_analysis with action="add"   |
| .group         | the column name for mapping the different color, default is the column name has 'Sign_' prefix, which contains the enriched group name, but the insignificant should be NA. |
| layout         | the type of tree layout, should be one of "rectangular", "roundrect", "ellipse", "circular", "slanted", "radial", "inward_circular".  |
| tree.type      | one of 'taxatree' and 'otutree', taxatree is the taxonomy class tree 'otutree' is the phylogenetic tree built with the representative sequences.                            |
| .taxa.class    | character the name of taxonomy class level, default is NULL, meaning it will extract the phylum annotation automatically.   |
| barplot.x      | the column name of continuous value mapped to barplot, default is NULL, meaning the 'LDAmean' will be used internally.  |
| point.size     | the column name of continuous value mapped to the size of point in the tree, default is NULL, meaning the 'fdr' will be used internally.                                    |
| sample.num     | integer when it is smaller than the sample number of '.data', the abundance of '.group' will replace the abundance of sample, default is 50.                                |
| tiplab.size    | numeric the size of tiplab, default is 2.   |
| offset.abun    | numeric the gap (width) (relative width to tree) between the tree and abundance panel, default is 0.04.   |
| pwidth.abun    | numeric the panel width (relative width to tree) of abundance panel, default is 0.3 .   |
| offset.effsize | numeric the gap (width) (relative width to tree) between the tree and effect size panel, default is 0.3 .   |
| pwidth.effsize | numeric the panel width (relative width to tree) of effect size panel, default is 0.5 .   |
| group.abun     | logical whether to display the relative abundance of group instead of sample, default is FALSE.   |

```

tiplab.linetype
                numeric the type of line for adding line if 'tree.type' is 'otutree', default is 3 .
...
                additional parameters, meaningless now.

```

---

```
mp_plot_dist
```

```
Plotting the distance between the samples with heatmap or boxplot.
```

---

## Description

Plotting the distance between the samples with heatmap or boxplot.

## Usage

```

mp_plot_dist(
  .data,
  .distmethod,
  .group = NULL,
  group.test = FALSE,
  hclustmethod = "average",
  test = "wilcox.test",
  comparisons = NULL,
  step_increase = 0.1,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_plot_dist(
  .data,
  .distmethod,
  .group = NULL,
  group.test = FALSE,
  hclustmethod = "average",
  test = "wilcox.test",
  comparisons = NULL,
  step_increase = 0.1,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_plot_dist(
  .data,
  .distmethod,
  .group = NULL,
  group.test = FALSE,
  hclustmethod = "average",
  test = "wilcox.test",
  comparisons = NULL,

```

```

    step_increase = 0.1,
    ...
  )

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_plot_dist(
  .data,
  .distmethod,
  .group = NULL,
  group.test = FALSE,
  hclustmethod = "average",
  test = "wilcox.test",
  comparisons = NULL,
  step_increase = 0.1,
  ...
)

```

### Arguments

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <code>.data</code>         | the MPSE or <code>tbl_mpse</code> object after <code>[mp_cal_dist()]</code> is performed with <code>action="add"</code>  |
| <code>.distmethod</code>   | the column names of distance of samples, it will generate after <code>[mp_cal_dist()]</code> is performed.   |
| <code>.group</code>        | the column names of group, default is <code>NULL</code> , when it is not provided the heatmap of distance between samples will be returned. If it is provided and <code>group.test</code> is <code>TRUE</code> , the comparisons boxplot of distance between the group will be returned, but when <code>group.test</code> is <code>FALSE</code> , the heatmap of distance between samples with group information will be returned. |
| <code>group.test</code>    | logical default is <code>FALSE</code> , see the <code>.group</code> argument.  |
| <code>hclustmethod</code>  | character the method of <code>hclust</code> , default is <code>'average'</code> (= UPGMA).   |
| <code>test</code>          | the name of the statistical test, default is <code>'wilcox.test'</code>  |
| <code>comparisons</code>   | A list of length-2 vectors. The entries in the vector are either the names of 2 values on the x-axis or the 2 integers that correspond to the index of the columns of interest, default is <code>NULL</code> , meaning it will be calculated automatically with the names in the <code>.group</code> .   |
| <code>step_increase</code> | numeric vector with the increase in fraction of total height for every additional comparison to minimize overlap, default is 0.1.  |
| <code>...</code>           | additional parameters, see also <a href="#">geom_signif</a>  |

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

### See Also

`[mp_cal_dist()]` and `[mp_extract_dist()]`

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
data(mouse.time.mpse)
mouse.time.mpse %<>% mp_decostand(.abundance=Abundance)
mouse.time.mpse
mouse.time.mpse %<>%
  mp_cal_dist(.abundance=hellinger, distmethod="bray")
mouse.time.mpse
p1 <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_plot_dist(.distmethod=bray)
p2 <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_plot_dist(.distmethod=bray, .group=time, group.test=TRUE)
p3 <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_plot_dist(.distmethod=bray, .group=time)

## End(Not run)
```

---

mp\_plot\_ord

*Plotting the result of PCA, PCoA, CCA, RDA, NDMS or DCA*


---

**Description**

Plotting the result of PCA, PCoA, CCA, RDA, NDMS or DCA

**Usage**

```
mp_plot_ord(
  .data,
  .ord,
  .dim = c(1, 2),
  .group = NULL,
  .starshape = 15,
  .size = 2,
  .alpha = 1,
  .color = "black",
  starstroke = 0.5,
  show.side = TRUE,
  show.adonis = FALSE,
  ellipse = FALSE,
  show.sample = FALSE,
  show.envfit = FALSE,
  p.adjust = NULL,
  filter.envfit = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_plot_ord(
```

```
.data,  
.ord,  
.dim = c(1, 2),  
.group = NULL,  
.starshape = 15,  
.size = 2,  
.alpha = 1,  
.color = "black",  
starstroke = 0.5,  
show.side = TRUE,  
show.adonis = FALSE,  
ellipse = FALSE,  
show.sample = FALSE,  
show.envfit = FALSE,  
p.adjust = NULL,  
filter.envfit = FALSE,  
...  
)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'  
mp_plot_ord(  
  .data,  
  .ord,  
  .dim = c(1, 2),  
  .group = NULL,  
  .starshape = 15,  
  .size = 2,  
  .alpha = 1,  
  .color = "black",  
  starstroke = 0.5,  
  show.side = TRUE,  
  show.adonis = FALSE,  
  ellipse = FALSE,  
  show.sample = FALSE,  
  show.envfit = FALSE,  
  p.adjust = NULL,  
  filter.envfit = FALSE,  
  ...  
)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'  
mp_plot_ord(  
  .data,  
  .ord,  
  .dim = c(1, 2),  
  .group = NULL,  
  .starshape = 15,  
  .size = 2,
```

```

.alpha = 1,
.color = "black",
.starstroke = 0.5,
.show.side = TRUE,
.show.adonis = FALSE,
.ellipse = FALSE,
.show.sample = FALSE,
.show.envfit = FALSE,
.p.adjust = NULL,
.filter.envfit = FALSE,
...
)

```

### Arguments

|                          |  |
|--------------------------|--|
| <code>.data</code>       | MPSE or <code>tbl_mpse</code> object, it is required.  |
| <code>.ord</code>        | a name of ordination (required), options are PCA, PCoA, DCA, NMDS, RDA, CCA, but the corresponding calculation methods ( <code>mp_cal_pca</code> , <code>mp_cal_pcoa</code> , ...) should be done with <code>action="add"</code> before it.                                |
| <code>.dim</code>        | integer which dimensions will be displayed, it should be a vector (length=2) default is <code>c(1, 2)</code> . if the length is one the default will also be displayed.  |
| <code>.group</code>      | the column name of variable to be mapped to the color of points (fill character of <code>geom_star</code> ) or one specified color code, default is <code>NULL</code> , meaning <code>fill=NA</code> , the points are hollow.  |
| <code>.starshape</code>  | the column name of variable to be mapped to the shapes of points (starshape character of <code>geom_star</code> ) or one specified star shape of point of <code>ggstar</code> , default is <code>NULL</code> , meaning <code>starshape=15</code> (circle point).           |
| <code>.size</code>       | the column name of variable to be mapped to the size of points (size character of <code>geom_star</code> ) or one specified size of point of <code>ggstar</code> , default is <code>NULL</code> , meaning the <code>size=1.5</code> , the size of points.                  |
| <code>.alpha</code>      | the column name of variable to be mapped to the transparency of points (alpha character of <code>geom_star</code> ) or one specified alpha of point of <code>ggstar</code> . default is <code>NULL</code> , meaning the <code>alpha=1</code> , the transparency of points. |
| <code>.color</code>      | the column name of variable to be mapped to the color of line of points (color character of <code>geom_star</code> ) or one specified star shape of point of <code>ggstar</code> , default is <code>NULL</code> , meaning the color is 'black'.                            |
| <code>starstroke</code>  | numeric the width of edge of points, default is 0.5.   |
| <code>show.side</code>   | logical whether display the side boxplot with the specified <code>.dim</code> dimensions, default is <code>TRUE</code> .   |
| <code>show.adonis</code> | logical whether display the result of <code>mp_adonis</code> with <code>action='all'</code> , default is <code>FALSE</code> .  |
| <code>ellipse</code>     | logical, whether to plot ellipses, default is <code>FALSE</code> . ( <code>.group</code> or <code>.color</code> variables according to the 'geom', the default geom is path, so <code>.color</code> can be mapped to the corresponding variable).                          |
| <code>show.sample</code> | logical, whether display the sample names of points, default is <code>FALSE</code> .   |

|               |   |
|---------------|---|
| show.envfit   | logical, whether display the result after run [mp_envfit()], default is FALSE.  |
| p.adjust      | a character method of p.adjust <a href="#">p.adjust</a> , default is NULL, options are 'fdr', 'bonferroni', 'BH' etc.   |
| filter.envfit | logical or numeric, whether to remove the no significant environment factor after run [mp_envfit()], default is FALSE, meaning do not remove. If it is numeric, meaning the keep p.value or the adjust p with p.adjust the factors smaller than the numeric, e.g when filter.envfit=0.05 or (filter.envfit=TRUE), meaning the factors of $p \leq 0.05$ will be displayed. |
| ...           | additional parameters, see also the <a href="#">stat_ellipse</a> .  |

### See Also

[mp\_cal\_pca()], [mp\_cal\_pcoa], [mp\_cal\_nmds], [mp\_cal\_rda], [mp\_cal\_cca], [mp\_envfit()] and [mp\_extract\_internal\_attr()]

### Examples

```
## Not run:
library(vegan)
data(varespec, varechem)
mpse <- MPSE(assays=list(Abundance=t(varespec)), colData=varechem)
envformula <- paste("~", paste(colnames(varechem), collapse="+")) %>% as.formula
mpse %<>%
mp_cal_cca(.abundance=Abundance, .formula=envformula, action="add") %>%
mp_envfit(.ord=CCA, .env=colnames(varechem), permutations=9999, action="add")
mpse
p1 <- mpse %>% mp_plot_ord(.ord=CCA, .group=A1, .size=Mn)
p1
p2 <- mpse %>% mp_plot_ord(.ord=CCA, .group=A1, .size=Mn, show.sample=TRUE)
p2
p3 <- mpse %>% mp_plot_ord(.ord=CCA, .group="blue", .size=Mn, .alpha=0.8, show.sample=TRUE)
p3
p4 <- mpse %>% mp_plot_ord(.ord=CCA, .group=A1, .size=Mn, show.sample=TRUE, show.envfit=TRUE)
p4

## End(Not run)
```

---

mp\_plot\_rarecurve

*Rarefaction alpha index with MPSE*


---

### Description

Rarefaction alpha index with MPSE

**Usage**

```

mp_plot_rarecurve(
  .data,
  .rare,
  .alpha = c("Observe", "Chao1", "ACE"),
  .group = NULL,
  nrow = 1,
  plot.group = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_plot_rarecurve(
  .data,
  .rare,
  .alpha = c("Observe", "Chao1", "ACE"),
  .group = NULL,
  nrow = 1,
  plot.group = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_plot_rarecurve(
  .data,
  .rare,
  .alpha = c("Observe", "Chao1", "ACE"),
  .group = NULL,
  nrow = 1,
  plot.group = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_plot_rarecurve(
  .data,
  .rare,
  .alpha = c("Observe", "Chao1", "ACE"),
  .group = NULL,
  nrow = 1,
  plot.group = FALSE,
  ...
)

```

**Arguments**

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| <code>.data</code> | MPSE object or <code>tbl_mpse</code> after it was performed <code>mp_cal_rarecurve</code> with <code>action='add'</code> |
| <code>.rare</code> | the column names of  |

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| .alpha     | the names of alpha index, which should be one or more of Observe, ACE, Chao1, default is Observe.  |
| .group     | the column names of group, default is NULL, when it is provided, the rarecurve lines will group and color with the group.                |
| nrow       | integer Number of rows in <a href="#">facet_wrap</a> .   |
| plot.group | logical whether to combine the samples, default is FALSE, when it is TRUE, the samples of same group will be represented by their group. |
| ...        | additional parameters, see also <a href="#">geom_smooth</a> .  |

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
data(mouse.time.mpse)
mpse <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_rrarefy()
mpse
mpse %<>% mp_cal_rarecurve(.abundance=RareAbundance, chunks=100, action="add")
mpse
p1 <- mpse %>% mp_plot_rarecurve(.rare=RareAbundanceRarecurve, .alpha="Observe")
p2 <- mpse %>% mp_plot_rarecurve(.rare=RareAbundanceRarecurve, .alpha="Observe", .group=time)
p3 <- mpse %>% mp_plot_rarecurve(.rare=RareAbundanceRarecurve, .alpha="Observe", .group=time, plot.group=TRUE)

## End(Not run)
```

mp\_plot\_upset

*Plotting the different number of OTU between group via UpSet plot***Description**

Plotting the different number of OTU between group via UpSet plot

**Usage**

```
mp_plot_upset(.data, .group, .upset = NULL, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_plot_upset(.data, .group, .upset = NULL, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_plot_upset(.data, .group, .upset = NULL, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_plot_upset(.data, .group, .upset = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

.data           MPSE object or tbl\_mpse object  
 .group          the column name of group  
 .upset          the column name of result after run mp\_cal\_upset  
 ...             additional parameters, see also 'scale\_x\_upset' of 'ggupset'.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
data(mouse.time.mpse)
mpse <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_rrarefy(.abundance=Abundance) %>%
  mp_cal_upset(.abundance=RareAbundance, .group=time)
mpse
p <- mpse %>% mp_plot_upset(.group=time, .upset=ggupsetOfTime)
p

## End(Not run)
```

---

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| mp_plot_venn | <i>Plotting the different number of OTU between groups with Venn Diagram.</i> |
|--------------|---|

---

**Description**

Plotting the different number of OTU between groups with Venn Diagram.

**Usage**

```
mp_plot_venn(.data, .group, .venn = NULL, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_plot_venn(.data, .group, .venn = NULL, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_plot_venn(.data, .group, .venn = NULL, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_plot_venn(.data, .group, .venn = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

.data           MPSE object or tbl\_mpse object  
 .group          the column names of group to be visualized  
 .venn          the column names of result after run mp\_cal\_venn.  
 ...            additional parameters, such as 'size', 'label\_size', 'edge\_size' etc, see also 'ggVennDiagram'.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
data(mouse.time.mpse)
mpse <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_rrarefy() %>%
  mp_cal_venn(.abundance=RareAbundance, .group=time, action="add")
mpse
p <- mpse %>% mp_plot_venn(.group=time, .venn=vennOfTime)
p

## End(Not run)
```

---

mp\_rrarefy

*mp\_rrarefy method*


---

**Description**

mp\_rrarefy method

**Usage**

```
mp_rrarefy(
  .data,
  .abundance = NULL,
  rarsize,
  trimOTU = FALSE,
  trimSample = FALSE,
  seed = 123,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_rrarefy(
  .data,
  .abundance = NULL,
```

```

    raresize,
    trimOTU = FALSE,
    trimSample = FALSE,
    seed = 123,
    ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_rrarefy(
  .data,
  .abundance = NULL,
  raresize,
  trimOTU = FALSE,
  trimSample = FALSE,
  seed = 123,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_rrarefy(
  .data,
  .abundance = NULL,
  raresize,
  trimOTU = FALSE,
  trimSample = FALSE,
  seed = 123,
  ...
)

```

### Arguments

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| <code>.data</code>      | MPSE or <code>tbl_mpse</code> object   |
| <code>.abundance</code> | the name of OTU(feature) abundance column, default is <code>Abundance</code> .                                       |
| <code>raresize</code>   | integer Subsample size for rarefying community.  |
| <code>trimOTU</code>    | logical Whether to remove the otus that are no longer present in any sample after rarefaction                        |
| <code>trimSample</code> | logical whether to remove the samples that do not have enough abundance (rare-size), default is <code>FALSE</code> . |
| <code>seed</code>       | a random seed to make the <code>rrarefy</code> reproducible, default is 123.   |
| <code>...</code>        | additional parameters, meaningless now.  |

### Value

update object

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

**See Also**

[mp\_extract\_assays()] and [mp\_decostand()]

**Examples**

```
data(mouse.time.mpse)
mouse.time.mpse %>% mp_rrarefy()
```

---

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| mp_select_as_tip | <i>select specific taxa level as rownames of MPSE</i> |
|------------------|---|

---

**Description**

select specific taxa level as rownames of MPSE

**Usage**

```
mp_select_as_tip(x, tip.level = "OTU")

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_select_as_tip(x, tip.level = "OTU")

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_select_as_tip(x, tip.level = "OTU")

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_select_as_tip(x, tip.level = "OTU")
```

**Arguments**

|           |                                       |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| x         | MPSE object                           |
| tip.level | the taxonomy level, default is 'OTU'. |

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
data(mouse.time.mpse)
newmpse <- mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_select_as_tip(tip.level = Species)
newmpse

## End(Not run)
```

---

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| mp_stat_taxa | <i>Count the number and total number taxa for each sample at different taxonomy levels</i> |
|--------------|--|

---

### Description

Count the number and total number taxa for each sample at different taxonomy levels

### Usage

```
mp_stat_taxa(.data, .abundance, action = "add", ...)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_stat_taxa(.data, .abundance, action = "add", ...)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_stat_taxa(.data, .abundance, action = "add", ...)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_stat_taxa(.data, .abundance, action = "add", ...)
```

### Arguments

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| .data      | MPSE or tbl_mpse object   |
| .abundance | the column name of abundance to be calculated   |
| action     | a character "get" returns a table only contained the number and total number for each sample at different taxonomy levels, "only" returns a non-redundant tibble contained a nest column (StatTaxaInfo) and other sample information, "add" returns a update object (.data) contained a nest column (StatTaxaInfo). |
| ...        | additional parameter  |

### Value

update object or tbl\_df according action argument

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

### Examples

```
data(mouse.time.mpse)
mouse.time.mpse %>%
  mp_stat_taxa(.abundance=Abundance, action="only")
```

---

multi\_compare                    *a container for performing two or more sample test.*

---

### Description

a container for performing two or more sample test.

### Usage

```
multi_compare(  
  fun = wilcox.test,  
  data,  
  feature,  
  factorNames,  
  subgroup = NULL,  
  ...  
)
```

### Arguments

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| fun         | character, the method for test, optional ""                      |
| data        | data.frame, nrow sample * ncol feature+factorNames.              |
| feature     | vector, the features wanted to test.                             |
| factorNames | character, the name of a factor giving the corresponding groups. |
| subgroup    | vector, the names of groups, default is NULL.                    |
| ...         | additional arguments for fun.                                    |

### Value

the result of fun, if fun is wilcox.test, it will return the list with class "htest".

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

### Examples

```
datest <- data.frame(A=rnorm(1:10,mean=5),  
                    B=rnorm(2:11, mean=6),  
                    group=c(rep("case", 5), rep("control", 5)))  
head(datest)  
multi_compare(fun=wilcox.test, data=datest,  
              feature=c("A", "B"), factorNames="group")  
da2 <- data.frame(A=rnorm(1:15, mean=5),  
                 B=rnorm(2:16, mean=6),  
                 group=c(rep("case1", 5), rep("case2", 5), rep("control", 5)))  
multi_compare(fun=wilcox.test, data=da2,
```

```
feature=c("A", "B"), factorNames="group",  
subgroup=c("case1", "case2"))
```

---

ordplotClass-class     *ordplotClass class*

---

**Description**

ordplotClass class

**Slots**

coord matrix object contained the coordinate for ordination plot.  
xlab character object contained the text of xlab for ordination plot.  
ylab character object contained the text of ylab for ordination plot.  
title character object contained the text of title for ordination plot.

---

pcasample-class     *pcasample class*

---

**Description**

pcasample class

**Slots**

pca pcomp or pcoa object  
sampleda associated sample information

---

pcoa-class     *pcoa class*

---

**Description**

pcoa class

**See Also**

[pcoa](#)

---

|              |                     |
|--------------|---------------------|
| prcomp-class | <i>prcomp class</i> |
|--------------|---------------------|

---

**Description**

prcomp class

**See Also**

[prcomp](#)

---

|       |                           |
|-------|---------------------------|
| print | <i>print some objects</i> |
|-------|---------------------------|

---

**Description**

print some objects

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'MPSE'
print(
  x,
  ...,
  n = NULL,
  width = NULL,
  max_extra_cols = NULL,
  max_footer_lines = NULL
)

## S3 method for class 'tbl_mpse'
print(x, ..., n = NULL, width = NULL, max_extra_cols = NULL)

## S3 method for class 'grouped_df_mpse'
print(x, ..., n = NULL, width = NULL, max_extra_cols = NULL)

## S3 method for class 'rarecurve'
print(x, ..., n = NULL, width = NULL, max_extra_cols = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

|     |  |
|-----|--|
| x   | Object to format or print.   |
| ... | Other arguments passed on to individual methods.   |
| n   | Number of rows to show. If 'NULL', the default, will print all rows if less than option 'tibble.print_max'. Otherwise, will print 'tibble.print_min' rows. |

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| width            | Width of text output to generate. This defaults to 'NULL', which means use 'getOption("tibble.width")' or (if also 'NULL') 'getOption("width")'; the latter displays only the columns that fit on one screen. You can also set 'options(tibble.width = Inf)' to override this default and always print all columns. |
| max_extra_cols   | Number of extra columns to print abbreviated information for, if the width is too small for the entire tibble. If 'NULL', the default, will print information about at most 'tibble.max_extra_cols' extra columns.  |
| max_footer_lines | integer maximum number of lines for the footer.   |

**Value**

print information

---

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| read_qza | <i>read the qza file, output of qiime2.</i> |
|----------|---|

---

**Description**

the function was designed to read the ouput of qiime2.

**Usage**

```
read_qza(qzafile, parallel = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| qzafile  | character, the format of file should be one of 'BIOMV210DirFmt', 'TSVTaxonomyDirectoryFormat', 'NewickDirectoryFormat' and 'DNASequencesDirectoryFormat'. |
| parallel | logical, whether parsing the taxonomy by multi-parallel, efault is FALSE.   |

**Value**

list contained one or multiple object of feature table, taxonomy table, tree and represent sequences.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
otuqzafile <- system.file("extdata", "table.qza",
                          package="MicrobiotaProcess")
otuqza <- read_qza(otuqzafile)
str(otuqza)

## End(Not run)
```

reexports

*Objects exported from other packages***Description**

These objects are imported from other packages. Follow the links below to see their documentation.

**dplyr** [arrange](#), [distinct](#), [filter](#), [group\\_by](#), [left\\_join](#), [mutate](#), [pull](#), [rename](#), [select](#), [slice](#), [ungroup](#)

**ggplot2** [fortify](#), [remove\\_missing](#)

**ggtree** [td\\_filter](#), [td\\_unnest](#)

**magrittr** [%<>%](#), [%>%](#), [extract](#)

**SummarizedExperiment** [colData](#), [colData<-](#), [rowData](#)

**tibble** [as\\_tibble](#)

**tidyr** [nest](#), [unnest](#)

**tidytree** [as.treedata](#)

---

`scale_fill_diff_cladogram`

*Create the scale of `mp_plot_diff_cladogram`.*

---

**Description**

Create the scale of `mp_plot_diff_cladogram`.

**Usage**

```
scale_fill_diff_cladogram(values, breaks = waiver(), na.value = "grey50", ...)
```

**Arguments**

|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| <code>values</code>   | a set of aesthetic values (different group (default)) to map data values to.                  |
| <code>breaks</code>   | One of 'NULL' for no breaks, 'waiver()' for the default breaks, A character vector of breaks. |
| <code>na.value</code> | The aesthetic value to use for missing ('NA') values.   |
| <code>...</code>      | see also 'discrete_scale' of 'ggplot2'.   |

---

`set_diff_boxplot_color`*set the color scale of plot generated by mp\_plot\_diff\_boxplot*

---

**Description**

set the color scale of plot generated by mp\_plot\_diff\_boxplot

**Usage**

```
set_diff_boxplot_color(.data, values, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| <code>.data</code>  | the aplot object generated by mp_plot_diff_boxplot.                  |
| <code>values</code> | the color vector, required.  |
| <code>...</code>    | additional parameters, see also the 'scale_fill_manual' of 'ggplot2' |

---

`set_scale_theme`*adjust the color of heatmap of mp\_plot\_dist*

---

**Description**

adjust the color of heatmap of mp\_plot\_dist

**Usage**

```
set_scale_theme(.data, x, aes_var)
```

**Arguments**

|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| <code>.data</code>   | the plot of heatmap of mp_plot_dist                    |
| <code>x</code>       | the scale or theme                                     |
| <code>aes_var</code> | character the variable (column) name of color or size. |

---

show,diffAnalysisClass-method  
*method extensions to show for diffAnalysisClass or alphasample objects.*

---

## Description

method extensions to show for diffAnalysisClass or alphasample objects.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'diffAnalysisClass'  
show(object)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'alphasample'  
show(object)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'  
show(object)
```

## Arguments

object                    object, diffAnalysisClass or alphasample class

## Value

print info

## Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

## Examples

```
## Not run:  
data(kostic2012crc)  
kostic2012crc %<>% as.phyloseq()  
head(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc),3)  
kostic2012crc <- phyloseq::rarefy_even_depth(kostic2012crc, rngseed=1024)  
table(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc)$DIAGNOSIS)  
set.seed(1024)  
diffres <- diff_analysis(kostic2012crc, classgroup="DIAGNOSIS",  
                          mlfun="lda", filtermod="fdr",  
                          firstcomfun = "kruskal.test",  
                          firstalpha=0.05, strictmod=TRUE,  
                          secondcomfun = "wilcox.test",  
                          subclmin=3, subclwilc=TRUE,  
                          secondalpha=0.01, lda=3)  
  
show(diffres)
```

```
## End(Not run)
```

---

split\_data

*Split Large Vector or DataFrame*

---

### Description

Split large vector or dataframe to list class, which contain subset vectors or dataframe of origin vector or dataframe.

### Usage

```
split_data(x, nums, chunks = NULL, random = FALSE)
```

### Arguments

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| x      | vector class or data.frame class.   |
| nums   | integer.  |
| chunks | integer. use chunks if nums is missing. Note nums and chunks shouldn't concurrently be NULL, default is NULL.   |
| random | bool, whether split randomly, default is FALSE, if you want to split data randomly, you can set TRUE, and if you want the results are reproducible, you should add seed before. |

### Value

the subset of x, vector or data.frame class.

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

### Examples

```
data(iris)
irislist <- split_data(iris, 40)
dalist <- c(1:100)
dalist <- split_data(dalist, 30)
```



```
taxdf <- otuda[!sapply(otuda, is.numeric)]
taxdf <- split_str_to_list(taxdf)
head(taxdf)

## End(Not run)
```

---

taxonomy

*extract the taxonomy annotation in MPSE object*

---

### Description

extract the taxonomy annotation in MPSE object

### Usage

```
taxonomy(x, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
taxonomy(x, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
taxonomy(x, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
taxonomy(x, ...)

mp_extract_taxonomy(x, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'MPSE'
mp_extract_taxonomy(x, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'tbl_mpse'
mp_extract_taxonomy(x, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'grouped_df_mpse'
mp_extract_taxonomy(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

|     |                      |
|-----|----------------------|
| x   | MPSE object          |
| ... | additional arguments |

### Value

data.frame contained taxonomy information  
data.frame contained taxonomy annotation.

---

|              |                     |
|--------------|---------------------|
| theme_taxbar | <i>theme_taxbar</i> |
|--------------|---------------------|

---

## Description

theme\_taxbar

## Usage

```
theme_taxbar(  
  axis.text.x = element_text(angle = -45, hjust = 0, size = 8),  
  legend.position = "bottom",  
  legend.box = "horizontal",  
  legend.text = element_text(size = 8),  
  legend.title = element_blank(),  
  strip.text.x = element_text(size = 12, face = "bold"),  
  strip.background = element_rect(colour = "white", fill = "grey"),  
  ...  
)
```

## Arguments

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| axis.text.x      | element_text, x axis tick labels.                           |
| legend.position  | character, default is "bottom".                             |
| legend.box       | character, arrangement of legends, default is "horizontal". |
| legend.text      | element_text, legend labels text.                           |
| legend.title     | element_text, legend title text                             |
| strip.text.x     | element_text, strip text of x                               |
| strip.background | element_rect, the background of x                           |
| ...              | additional parameters                                       |

## Value

updated ggplot object with new theme

## See Also

[theme](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
library(ggplot2)
data(test_otu_data)
test_otu_data %<>% as.phyloseq()
otubar <- ggbar tax(test_otu_data, settheme=FALSE) +
  xlab(NULL) + ylab("relative abundance(%)") +
  theme_taxbar()

## End(Not run)
```

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